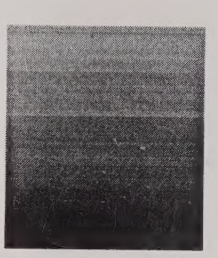

Astro-Med, Inc.

DASH 10

Operations

Manual

GE Rental/Lease

Rental Accessory

Failure to return this item will result in a minimum charge of $100.00

1-800-GE-RENTS

GE-11

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DASH 10 Operations Manual

part number 22834-310

8/24/94

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Astro-Med, Inc.
600 East Greenwich Avenue
West Warwick, RI 02893
1-(401)-828-4000

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technical support
1-800-343-4039

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Limited Warranty

Astro-Med warrants all portions of the DASH 10 against defects in materials or workmanship for a period of one year from the date of original purchase. If you discover a defect, Astro-Med will, at its option, repair or replace this product at no additional charge except as set forth below. Repair parts and replacement parts will be furnished on an exchange basis and will be either reconditioned or new. All replaced parts become the property of Astro-Med.

This warranty does not apply if the product has been damaged by accident, abuse, misuse, or misapplication; or has been modified without the written permission of Astro-Med.

To obtain warranty services, call (401) 828-4000 for information. Astro-Med is not responsible for your product if it is lost or damaged in transit.

Astro-Med makes no warranty, either express or implied, with respect to this product's fitness for a particular purpose.

Recorder Identification Data

Congratulations. Your Astro-Med purchase is an investment in the finest of state-of-the-art chart recorder technology. Please use the spaces below to list the model number, serial number, and software version number of your chart recorder. The software provided with your DASH 10 is the most current available. Any upgrades of the chart recorder's system software should be noted in the space provided.

If, for any reason, it should be necessary for you to contact Astro-Med regarding your purchase, please refer to the following:

model number _____

serial number _____

software version
(original installation) _____

upgraded software version
(date installed) _____

upgraded software version
(date installed) _____

upgraded software version
(date installed) _____

FCC Compliance Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Shielded cables must be used with this unit to ensure compliance with the Class A FCC limits.

Warning: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Canadian Emissions Requirements

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le present appareil numerique n'emet pas de bruits radioelectriques depassant les limites applicables aux appareils numeriques de la class A prescrites dans le Reglement sur le brouillage radioelectrique edicte par le ministere des Communications du Canada.

Declaration of Conformity
Declaration de Conformité
Ubereinstimmungserklärung
Dichiarazione di Conformità

Application of Council Directives Application des Decisiõns du Conseil Anwendbar für die Richtlinien Applicazione delle Direttive del Comitato	89/336/EEC 73/23/EEC

Standards to which conformity is declared Standards auquel la conformité appartient Normen für welche Übereinstimmung erklärt wird Norme per le quali si dichiara la conformità	IEC 348 IEC 801-2 IEC 801-3	IEC 801-4 EN 55011, Class A EN50082-1:1992	

Manufacturer's name Nom du fabricant Hersteller Nome del costruttore	Astro-Med, Inc.	Model no. Modèle N° Model Nr. Modello N°	DASH 10

Manufacturer's address Adresse du fabricant Anschrift des herstellers Indirizzo del costruttore	600 E. Greenwich Ave. West Warwick, RI 02893 USA	Serial no. N °de série Serien Nr. N.° di serie	_____

Type of equipment Type d'equipement Beschreibung des Gerates Tipo di apparecchio	printer / plotter	year of manufacture année de fabrication herstellungsjahr anno di costruzione	_____

I, the undersigned, hereby declare that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive and Standard.

Je, Soussigné, déclare que l'équipment spécifié ci-dessus est en conformité avec la directive et le standard ci-dessus.

Ich, der unterzeichnende erkläre hiermit, daß das oben beschriebene Gerät den vorgenannten Richtlinien und Normen entspricht.

Il sottoscritto dichiara che l'apparecchio sopra specificato è conforme alle Direttive e Norme.

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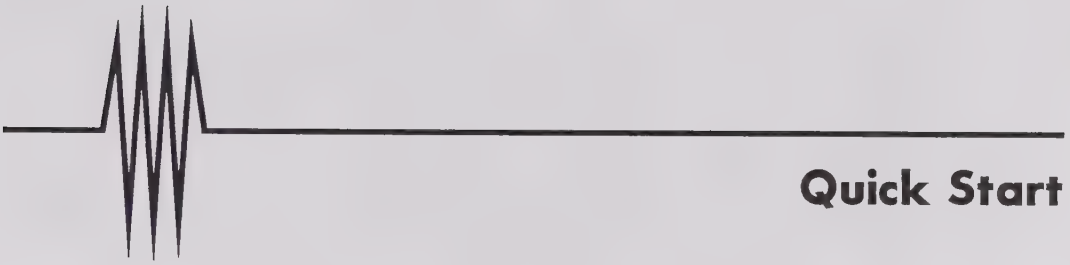
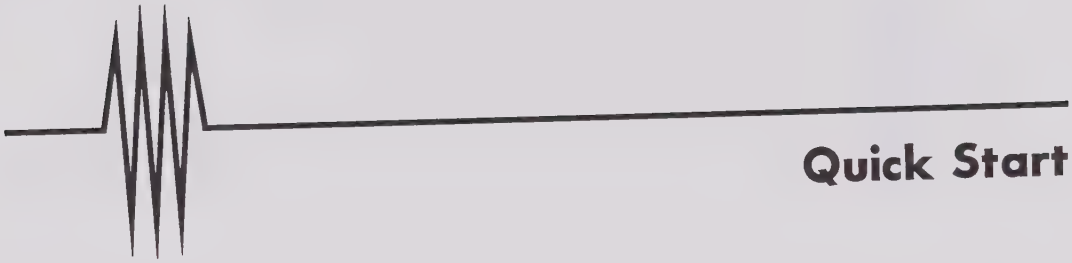


Quick Start



Quick Start

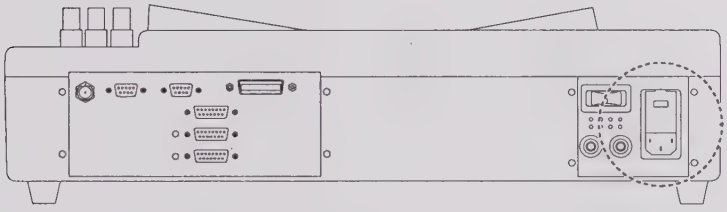
Quick Start

To begin real-time recording

This Quick Start section provides a brief procedure for setting up and beginning recording with your DASH 10. The Quick Start procedure assumes that you have unpacked your DASH 10 and have removed and noted the standard accessories provided with the recorder.

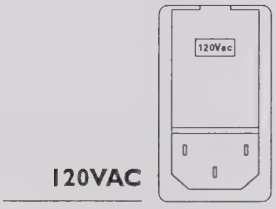
1 **Examine the DASH 10 and verify that the recorder has not been damaged during shipment.**

2 **Locate the fuse block / voltage selection box on the recorder's rear panel.**



3 **Verify that the recorder is set to the voltage that you will be using.**

- **View the voltage selection cylinder through the window on the fuse block / voltage selection box.**



120VAC

240VAC

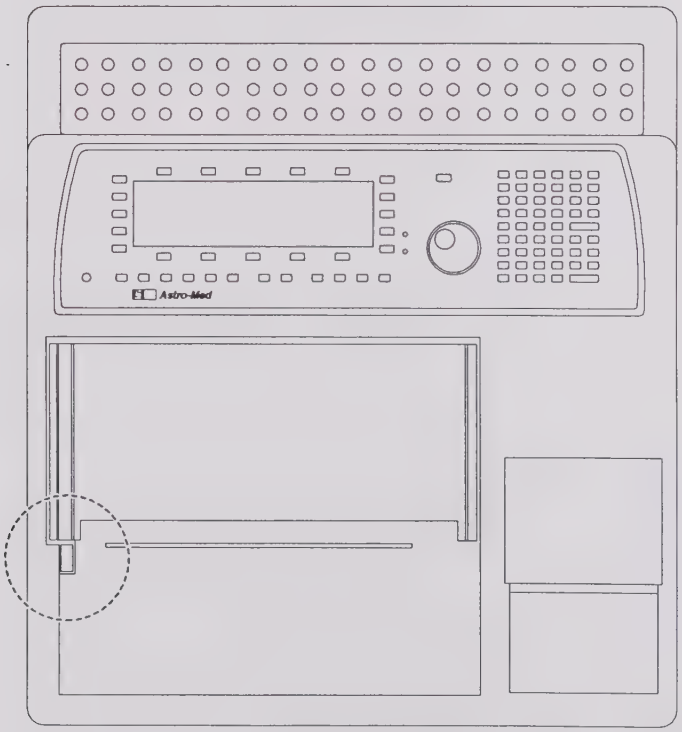
To begin real-time recording

4 Connect the AC power cord to the DASH 10's rear panel.

5 With the recorder turned off, plug the AC power cord into a power outlet.

6 Locate the roll thermal paper supplied with your DASH 10.

7 Open the paper-chamber door by pressing the paper-chamber door release.

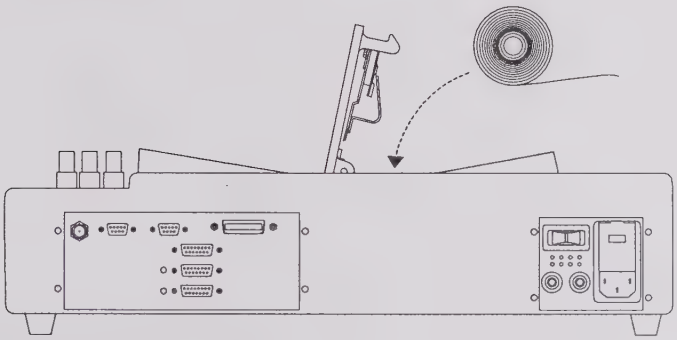


To begin real-time recording

8 As shown in the illustration below, place a roll of thermal paper into the paper chamber.

- Ensure that the thermal paper is inserted so that it unwinds from the bottom of the roll.
- Allow a few inches of paper to extend out of the chamber.

9 Close the paper-chamber door.



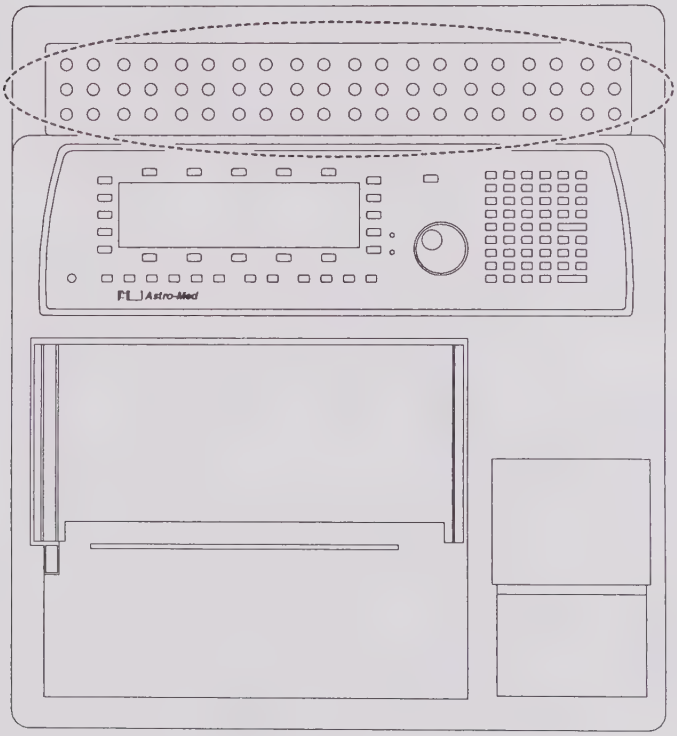
10 Plug the recorder in and turn it on.

11 Locate your guarded binding post or banana jack signal input connectors.

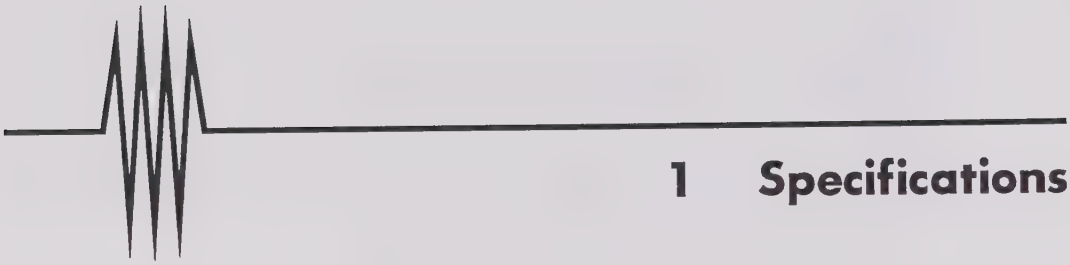
- Signal input connectors are not supplied with your DASH 10.You must supply the signal input connectors.

To begin real-time recording

12 **Using your guarded binding post or banana jack connectors, bring your signals into the recorder at the front panel input connections.**



1 Specifications



1 Specifications

1.1

Basic system specifications

recording method	direct thermal
frequency response	DC to 25 kHz (-3 dB)
RMS bandwidth	50 kHz
analog waveform channels	10, 20, or 30
amplitude resolution	12 dpm (300 dots per inch)
time base resolution	■ 12 dots per mm (dpm) for 1 to 100 mm/sec ■ 6 dots per mm (dpm) for 101 to 200 mm/sec
event channels	■ 1 per waveform channel ■ 1 system event ■ 2 timer events
chart width	280 mm (11")
maximum waveform size	256 mm
grid sizes	30 independent grids up to 250 mm wide can be placed anywhere on the chart
speeds	1 mm/min to 200 mm/sec
speed accuracy	±2%
paper capacity	48 m per roll

1.1

Basic system specifications

input type	isolated, single-ended voltage amplifier
user input connector	guarded binding posts
input coupling	DC
range	50 mV to 500 V full scale
maximum differential input	500 V peak or 250 V RMS
maximum CMV (IMV)	500VDC
input impedance	1 Megohm
zero suppression	■ ±5V (2.5 mV step) for ranges <5V ■ ±500V (.25 V step) for ranges ≥5 V
zero suppression error	±2%
sample rate	250 kSamples/sec
RMS	handle crest factors to 8 with < 1% error
CMRR at 60 Hz	>80 dB
low pass filter	10 Hz
maximum intrinsic noise	1 mm
non-linearity	<0.1% of full scale
baseline drift with time	1% of full scale
baseline drift with temperature	<0.1% of full scale per °C

1.1

Basic system specifications

monitor type	built-in vacuum fluorescent display for both text and real-time waveforms
monitor resolution	256 dots (w) x 64 dots (h)
waveform format	waterfall scroll
monitor refresh rate	100 Hz
alphanumeric keypad	full alphanumeric keypad for annotation entry
encoder wheel	used for rapid entry of gain/zero position, chart layout, and many other recording parameters
chart speed keys	■ quick keys for 1, 5, 25, 50, 100, and 200 mm/sec or mm/min ■ 3 user-defined speed keys
indicators	battery status, arm, trigger
host interfaces	■ GPIB ■ RS232 (DTR/DSR and XON/XOFF)
disk drive	1.44 MByte, DOS compatible, 3.5" floppy drive for saving setups and annotation, archiving data, and upgrading software
remote start / stop	standard via switch closure or TTL
standard real-time recording	10 to 30 channels with annotation buffers in overlap and separate channel modes
user-defined formats	■ user can design unique charts using standard menus ■ maximum of 20 formats can be saved to floppy disk for quick chart setups

1.1

Basic system specifications

data logger	■ numeric reporting of waveform data in engineering units ■ 5 Hz maximum sample rate
timed recording	system can be programmed to start and stop recording at specific times
line print	125 columns
A/D converters	each channel has own A/D converter
ADC resolution	12 bits
annotation units	all annotation can be selected in either voltage or user-defined engineering units
system log	single line containing the time, date, chart speed, and time mark setting
channel annotation	each channel has a 128-character ASCII buffer printed at any user-specified chart location
signal conditioner annotation	if enabled, uses last 32 characters of channel annotation
on-demand annotation	128-character buffer printed anywhere on the chart
channel ID	■ each channel is labeled with channel number on demand ■ full scale top and bottom values of the grid can be printed in either voltage or engineering units

1.1

Basic system specifications

tri-state timing marks	x1, x10, x100 mark on left, right, or both edges
horizontal grid lines	may be synchronized to time mark
time mark intervals	0.01 - 0.09, 0.10 - 0.90, 1 - 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60
manual event mark	■ front-panel key or external TTL / switch closure ■ choice of bar on/off or binary level
external event marks	maximum of 30 event marks available (TTL or switch closure), non-isolated, glitch capture
power options	standard AC, DC, or optional internal battery
AC requirement	120/240 VAC nominal at 50 or 60 Hz
DC requirement	11-18 VDC
operating temperature	0°C to 40°C
storage temperature	-20°C to 80°C
relative humidity	0% to 95%, non-condensing

1.1

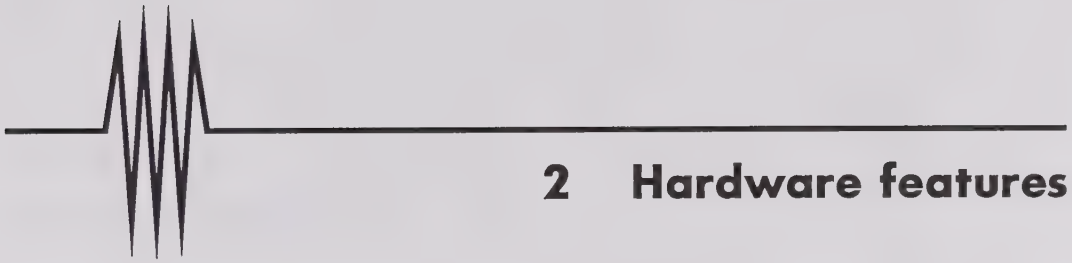
Basic system specifications

overall dimensions	height: 5" (127 mm) depth: 20" (508 mm) width: 18" (457 mm)
weight	■ 36 lbs (16 kg) with battery ■ 32 lbs (15 kg) without battery (10 channel)
data capture	■ each channel can capture a maximum of 558 kSamples of data to RAM during one capture ■ captures can be stacked in 69 kSample blocks or memory can be linked for a total of 6 megasamples per ten channels ■ events are also captured
background capture	standard
capture memory	DRAM
capture time stamping	all records are time stamped at end of capture
capture sample rates	5 to 250 kSamples per second per channel
capture record sizes	■ 69 kSamples/channel (stacked) ■ 558 kSamples/channel (not stacked or linked) ■ 6 megasamples (linked, 1 channel capture per 10 channels)
capture stacking	■ maximum of 8 records can be stacked ■ stack a maximum of eight 69 kSample blocks per channel

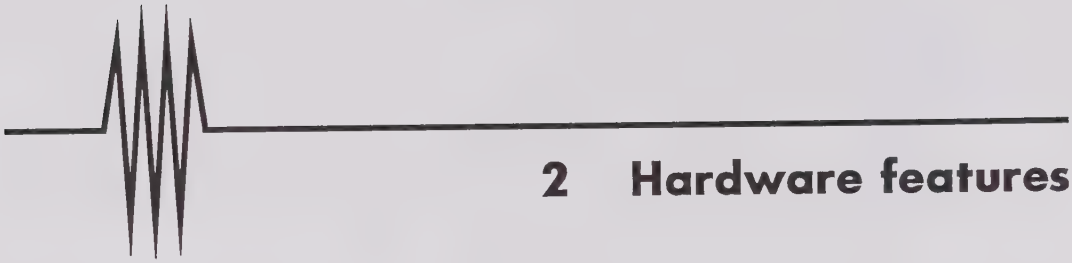
1.1

Basic system specifications

capture header	each record contains complete capture information including analog settings
manual trigger	with front-panel key
host trigger	RS232 or GPIB
periodic trigger	user programmed, internal
waveform trigger	inside window, outside window, AND/OR combinations
battery	■ fits internal DASH 10 compartment and charges automatically whenever unit is connected to external power. ■ ideal for field use and in the lab as a UPS
battery life	1 hour, nominal
battery charge time	15 hours



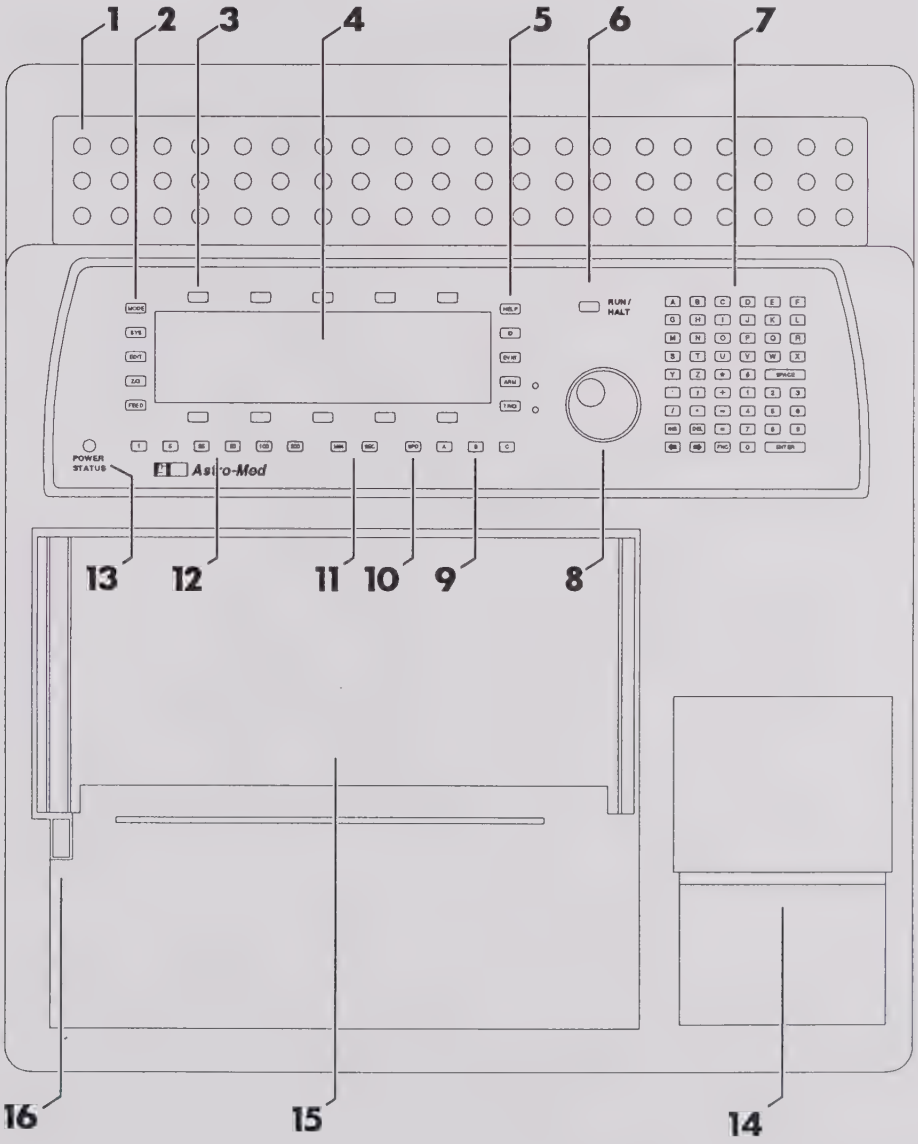
2 Hardware features



2 Hardware features

2.1

Front-panel features



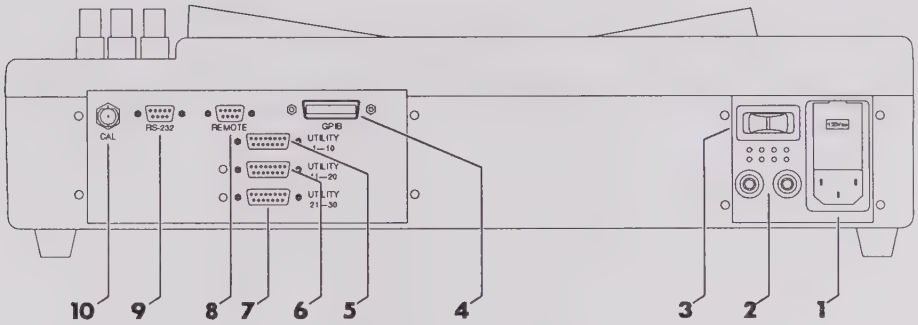
2.1

Front-panel features

callout	description
1	guarded binding post signal inputs
2	left-side control group: • [MODE] key • [SYS] key • [EDIT] key • [Z/G] key • [FEED] key
3	upper and lower soft keys
4	vacuum fluorescent display
5	right-side control group: • [HELP] keys • [ID] keys • [EVENT] keys • [ARM] keys • [TRIG] keys
6	[RUN/HALT] key
7	alphanumeric keypad
8	encoder wheel
9	[A], [B], [C] insta-speed keys
10	custom-speed key
11	speed range keys
12	fixed-speed selection keys
13	POWER STATUS indicator
14	disk drive
15	paper-chamber door
16	paper-chamber door release

2.2

Rear-panel features



callout	description
1	AC power input connector
2	DC input connectors
3	power on/off switch
4	GPIB D-shell connector
5	UTILITY D-shell connector for signal inputs 1 - 10
6	UTILITY D-shell connector for signal inputs 11 - 20
7	UTILITY D-shell connector for signal inputs 21 - 30
8	REMOTE D-shell connector
9	RS-232 D-shell connector
10	calibration connector (2.5V/10V out) Do not use.

2.2.1

Rear-panel connection pin tables

RS232 D-SHELL CONNECTOR

pin	description
1	not used
2	TXD
3	RXD
4	DSR
5	ground
6	DTR
7	internally connected
8	internally connected
9	not used

REMOTE D-SHELL CONNECTOR

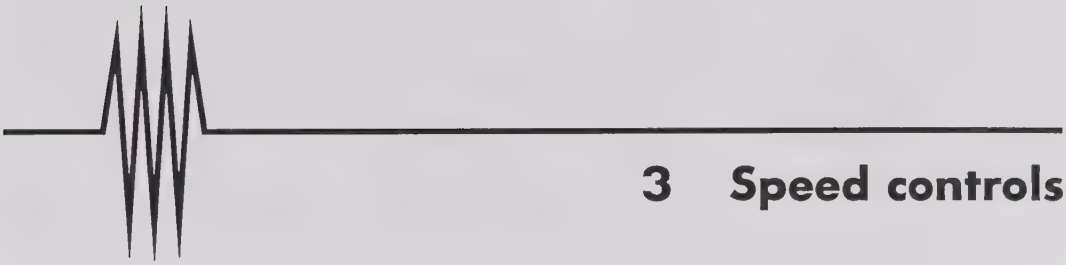
pin	description
1	external motor clock input
2	system event
3	trigger out
4	arm
5	ground
6	remote start/stop
7	trigger in
8	print on-demand buffer
9	not used

2.2.1

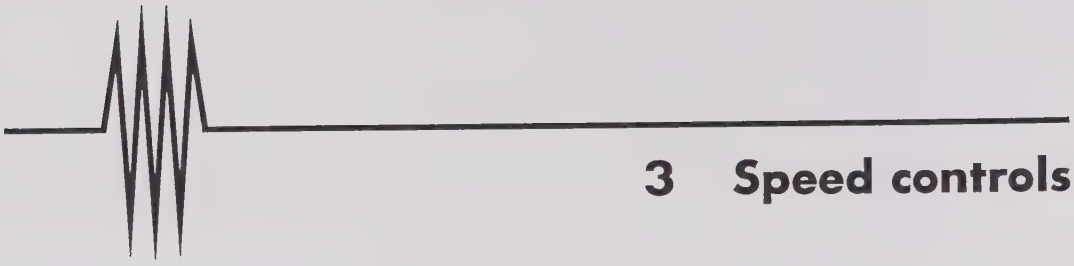
Rear-panel connection pin tables

UTILITY PORT D-SHELL CONNECTORS

pin	description
1	event 1
2	event 2
3	event 3
4	event 4
5	event 5
6	event 6
7	event 7
8	event 8
9	event 9
10	event 10
11	ground
12	ground
13	ground
14	ground
15	ground



3 Speed controls



3 Speed controls

3.1

Controlling the DASH 10's chart speed

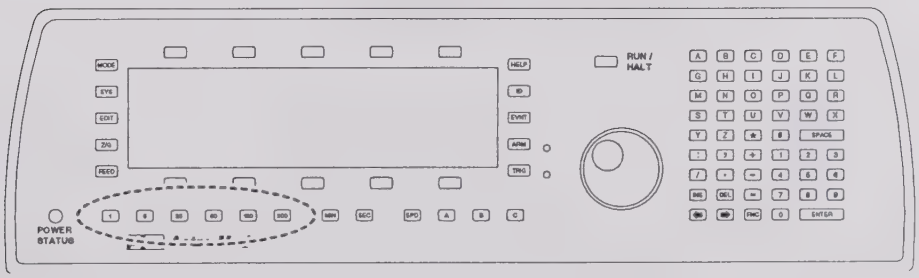
The DASH 10 provides you with unmatched versatility in controlling the real-time speed of the chart.

- six front-panel keys allow you to instantly select chart speeds of 1, 5, 25, 50, 100, and 200 mm/second or mm/minute.
- three front-panel insta-speed keys labeled [A], [B], and [C] are programmable to provide three instantly available chart speeds of your choice.
- a front-panel [SPD] (speed) key permits you to program the chart speed of your choice within the DASH 10's operational limits.

3.1.1

Using the six fixed-speed keys to select a chart speed

The six front-panel fixed-speed keys are the simplest way to control the DASH 10's real-time chart speed. Press the key of your choice to have the recorder instantly operate at that speed in mm/sec or mm/min.



3.1.1

Using the six fixed-speed keys to select a chart speed

Press the fixed-speed key of your choice to instantly select that chart speed in millimeters per second or millimeters per minute.

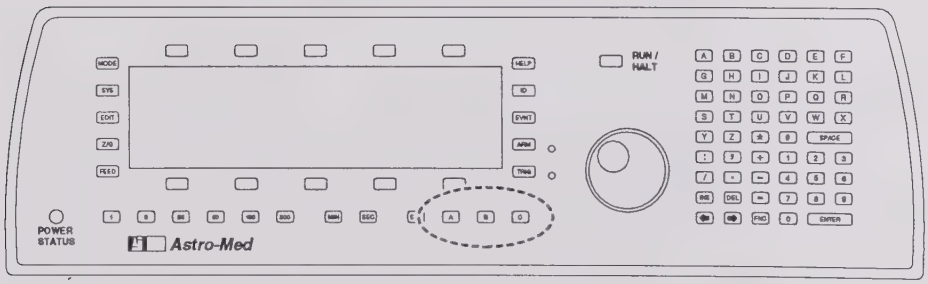
- **[1] selects a speed of 1 mm/sec or mm/min.**
- **[5] selects a speed of 5 mm/sec or mm/min.**
- **[25] selects a speed of 25 mm/sec or mm/min.**
- **[50] selects a speed of 50 mm/sec or mm/min.**
- **[100] selects a speed of 100 mm/sec or mm/min.**
- **[200] selects a speed of 200 mm/sec or mm/min.**

3.1.2

Using the insta-speed keys to select a chart speed

If they have not been programmed to provide other chart speeds, the [A], [B], [C] insta-speed keys will provide the following factory-default speeds instantly when they are pressed:

- [A] 10 mm/sec.
- [B] 75 mm/sec.
- [C] 150 mm/sec.



3.1.3

Programming the insta-speed keys

The [A], [B], [C] insta-speed keys can be programmed to provide any chart speed within the operational range of the DASH 10. Use the procedure below to program the insta-speed keys to the specific speeds your recording requires.

1 **Press the front-panel [SPD] key.**

2 **Press the soft key beneath "INSTA SPEED."**

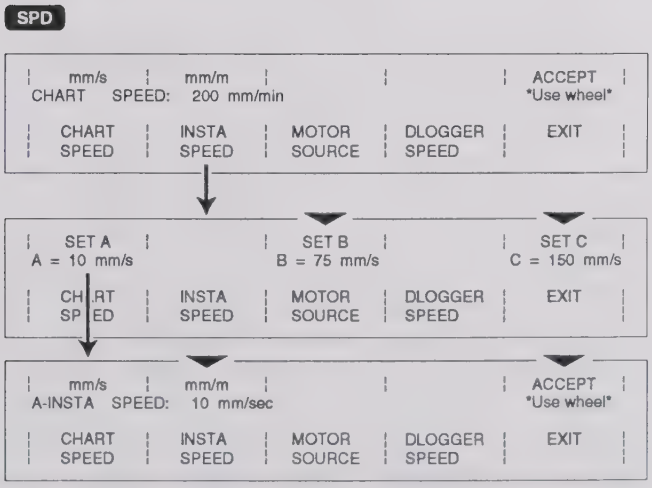
3 **Press the soft key above "SET A" to set the insta-speed for [A].**

4 **Press the soft key above the speed range that you want:**

- **millimeters per second (mm/s).**
- **millimeters per minute (mm/m).**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the chart speed that you want to program into insta-speed key [A].**

- **In the mm/s speed range, the available speeds are 1 mm/s to 200 mm/s in 1 mm/s intervals.**
- **In the mm/m speed range, the available speeds are 1 mm/m to 200 mm/m in 1 mm/m intervals.**



3.1.3

Programming the insta-speed keys

6 Press the soft key above "ACCEPT" to confirm the speed choice.

7 Repeat steps 3 through 6 to program insta-speed keys [B] and [C].

3.1.4

Setting the chart speed using the [SPD] key

1 Press the front-panel [SPD] key.

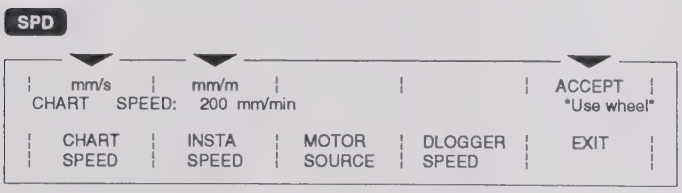
4 Press the soft key above the speed range that you want:

- millimeters per second (mm/s).
- millimeters per minute (mm/m).

3 Use the encoder wheel to select the chart speed that you want.

- In the mm/s speed range, the available speeds are 1 mm/s to 200 mm/s in 1mm/s intervals.
- In the mm/m speed range, the available speeds are 1 mm/m to 200 mm/m in 1 mm/m intervals.

4 Press the soft key above "ACCEPT" to confirm the speed choice.



3.1.5

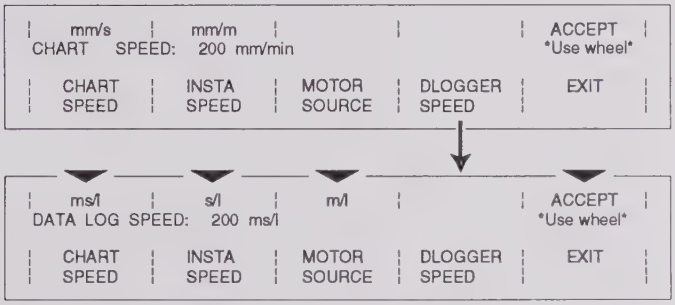
Setting the chart speed for data logger recording

1 Press the front-panel [SPD] key.

2 Press the soft key below "DLOGGER SPEED."

- If the active chart format is Data logger, pressing the [SPD] key automatically places you into the "DLOGGER SPEED" menu.

SPD



3 Press the soft key above the speed range you want:

- milliseconds per line (ms/l)
- seconds per line (s/l)
- minutes per line (m/l)

4 Use the encoder wheel to select the speed you want.

- In the ms/l speed range, the available speeds are 200 ms/l to 999 ms/l in 1 ms/l intervals.
- In the s/l speed range, the available speeds are 1 s/l to 999 s/l in 1 s/l intervals.
- In the m/l speed range, the available speeds are 1 m/l to 999 m/l in 1 m/l intervals.

5 Press the soft key above "ACCEPT" to confirm your speed selection.

3.2

Referencing the DASH 10 to an external motor-clock source

Typically, the print rate of the DASH 10's stepper motor is referenced to a dedicated internal clock specifically tasked with stepper-motor timing control. Under this internal control during real-time recording, the stepper motor moves the chart to a maximum rate of 16 steps per millimeter of distance on the chart.

For certain recording applications, it may be convenient to reference the speed of the stepper motor to an external motor-clock source that you supply. This is especially useful when you want the stepper motor speed to be controlled by a variable other than time. For instance, it might be more meaningful to monitor railroad measurements as functions of distance rather than time.

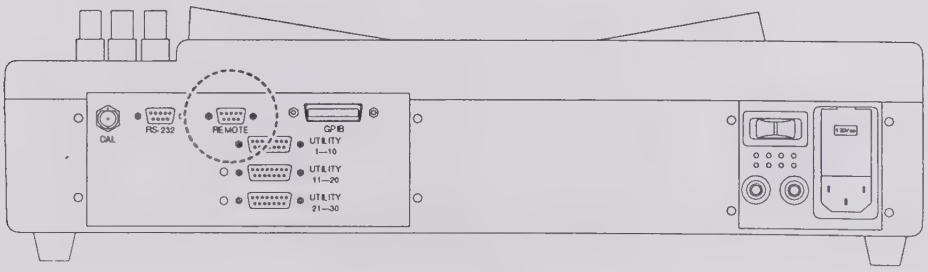
The maximum external motor clock frequency is 400Hz. This corresponds to a speed of 25 mm/s.

When you have configured an external stepper-motor timing source to be referenced in place of the DASH 10's internal clock, use the "MOTOR SOURCE" setup of the [SPD] key to enable the external timing source.

1 **Connect your input stepper-motor clock source to pin 1 of the rear-panel REMOTE D-shell.**

   - **The complete pin table for the REMOTE D-shell is given on page 2-4.**

2 **Connect the associated ground to pin 12 of the REMOTE D-shell.**



3.2

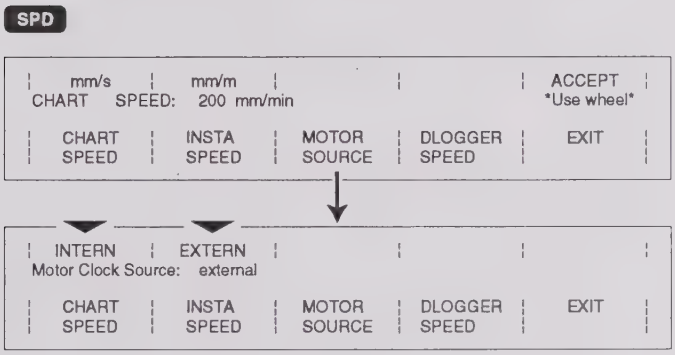
Referencing the DASH 10 to an external motor-clock source

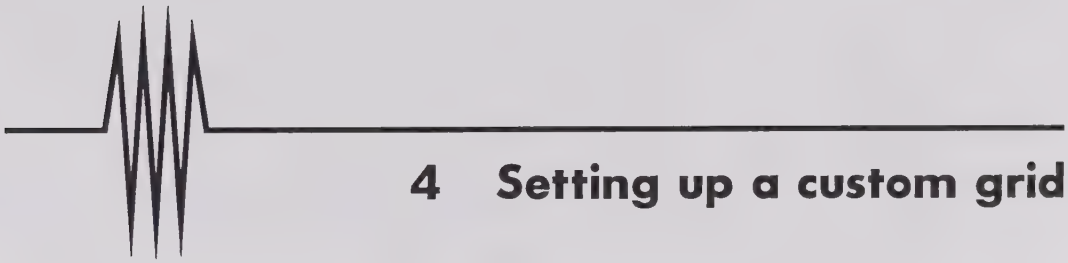
3 **Press the front-panel [SPD] key.**

4 **Press the soft key below "MOTOR SOURCE."**

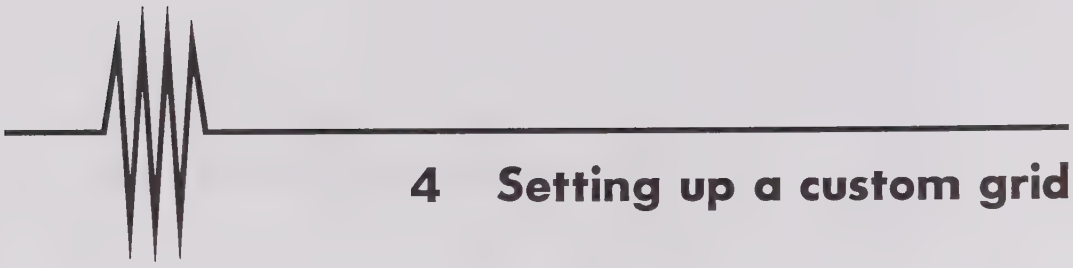
5 **Press the soft key above "EXTERN."**

- **Note that the motor clock source selection shown in the display reads "external."**





4 Setting up a custom grid



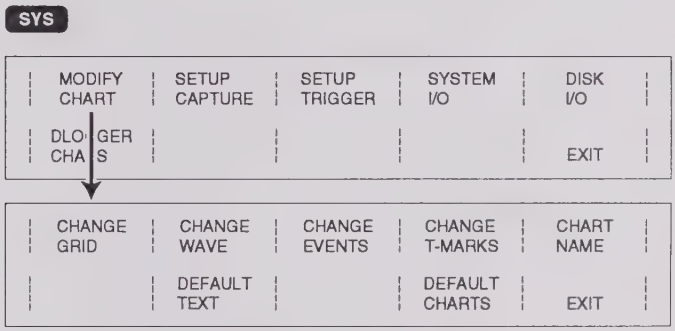
4 Setting up a custom grid

4.1

Accessing the grid setups

To setup a custom recording grid, each of the setups found under the "MODIFY CHART" parameter needs to be defined.

The "MODIFY CHART" setups are accessed by pressing the front-panel [SYS] key and then pressing the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."



4.2

The "MODIFY CHART" setups

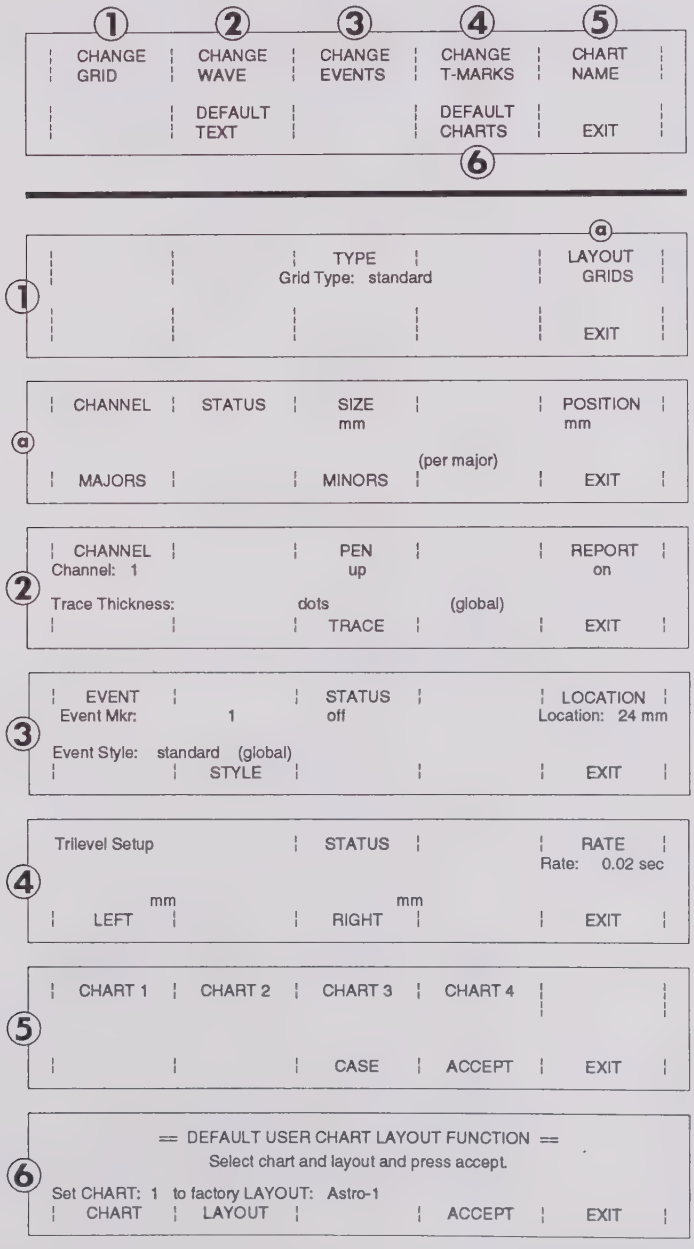
The complete menu flow of the "MODIFY CHART" parameter is shown on the next page.

The "MODIFY CHART" parameter provides the following chart format setups:

- CHANGE GRID
  - synchronizes the time-axis grid lines to trilevel timing marks or prints the time-axis grid lines at the recorder's standard 5mm intervals.
  - turns printing of the grid on and off.
  - turns printing of major and minor grid divisions on and off.

4.2

The "MODIFY CHART" setups



4.2

The "MODIFY CHART" setups

- selects the spacing in millimeters that you want between the grid's major and minor divisions.

- positions the grid on the chart.

■ CHANGE WAVE

- turns printing of the waveform on and off.

- enables or suppresses printing of signal conditioner reporting in the annotation buffer associated with the selected channel.

- thickens the recorded trace for enhanced visibility and reproducibility.

■ CHANGE EVENTS

- selects an event marker.

- turns printing of the event marker on or off.

- selects an event marker style that will apply to all of the recorder's event markers when they are printed.

- selects the location on the chart where the event marker will be printed.

■ CHANGE T-MARKS

- turns printing of timing marks on and off.

- selects whether the timing marks will be printed on the chart's left edge, right edge, or both edges.

- selects the internal time reference that will serve as the base time that determines the duration represented between each timing mark tick.

4.2

The "MODIFY CHART" setups

- CHART NAME
  - allows the creation of an alphanumeric name for each of four user-definable recording modes to be stored in recorder memory.
- DEFAULT TEXT
  - causes all interchannel annotation buffers to print a default channel identification such as "CHANNEL 1."
- DEFAULT CHARTS
  - provides a selection of four default grid layouts to be used with one of four chart setups.

4.2.1

CHANGE GRID: specifying a grid's layout and location on the chart

The LAYOUT GRIDS selection of the CHANGE GRID parameter permits you to design exactly the grid you want by allowing you to specify:

- the number of major divisions your grid will contain.
- the number of minor divisions your grid will contain.
- the size of the grid in millimeters.
- the location of the right edge of the grid on the chart.

Use the following procedure to layout the grid that you want.

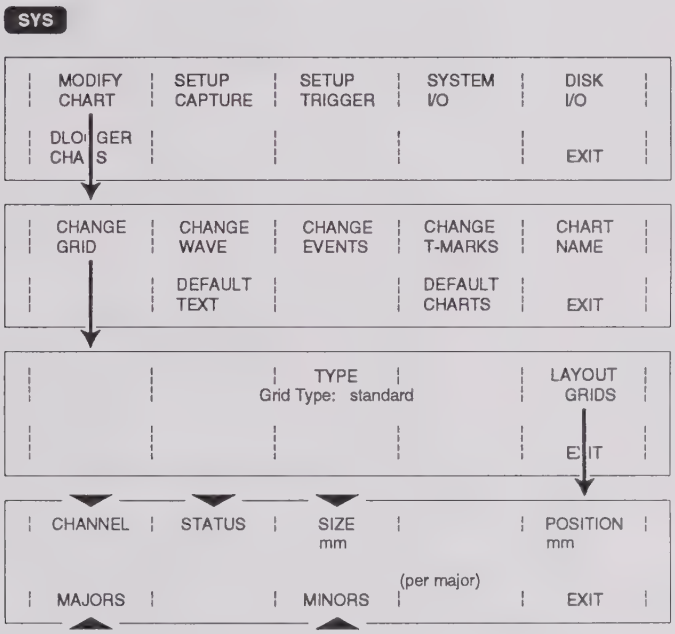
1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

3 **Press the soft key above "CHANGE GRID."**

CHANGE GRID:
specifying a grid's layout and location on the chart

4 **Press the soft key above "LAYOUT GRIDS."**



5 **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**

6 **Use the encoder wheel to select a channel for the grid.**

7 **Press the soft key below "MAJORS."**

8 **Use the encoder wheel to select the number of major divisions that you want the chart to contain.**

- **A chart can contain from 1 to 250 major divisions.**

CHANGE GRID:
specifying a grid's layout and location on the chart

9 Press the soft key above "SIZE."

10 Use the encoder wheel to select the size of the grid in millimeters.

11 Press the soft key below "MINORS."

12 Use the encoder wheel to select the number of minor divisions you want each major chart division to contain.

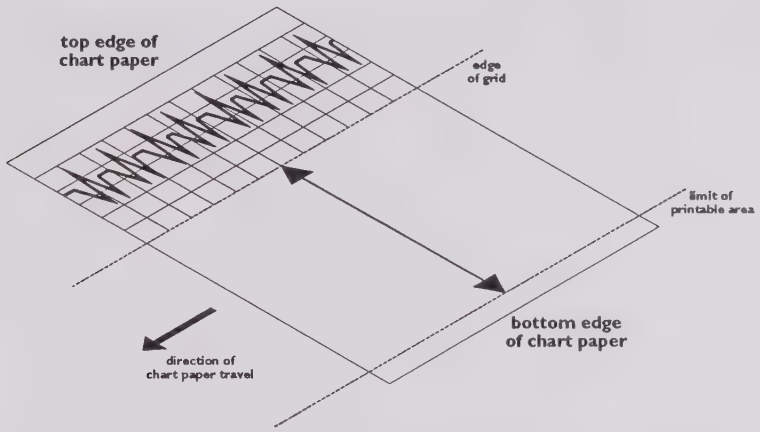
- The number of minor divisions can be from 5 to 250.

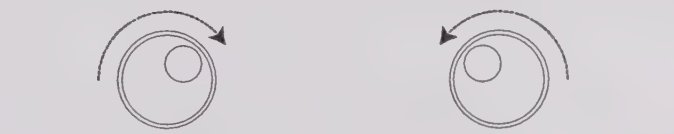
13 Press the soft key above "POSITION."

14 Use the encoder wheel to select a chart location for the right edge of your grid.

- The number of chart locations is from 1 to 250.
- Chart locations are measured across the chart from 1 mm near the bottom of the chart to 250 mm near the top of the chart.
- The right edge of your grid will move dynamically to each chart location as you turn the encoder wheel.

CHANGE GRID:
specifying a grid's layout and location on the chart





\+ rotate right.

positive values
shift waveform
toward top of chart.

\- rotate left.

negative values
shift waveform
toward bottom of chart.

CHANGE GRID:
synchronizing the grid to trilevel timing marks

The CHANGE GRID parameter allows you to select from two DASH 10 grid types: standard and t-based.

- "standard" grids are printed in standard 5mm increments and are not synchronized to the recorder's trilevel timing marks.
- "t-based" grids are time-based grids printed with divisions that are synchronized to the recorder's trilevel timing marks.

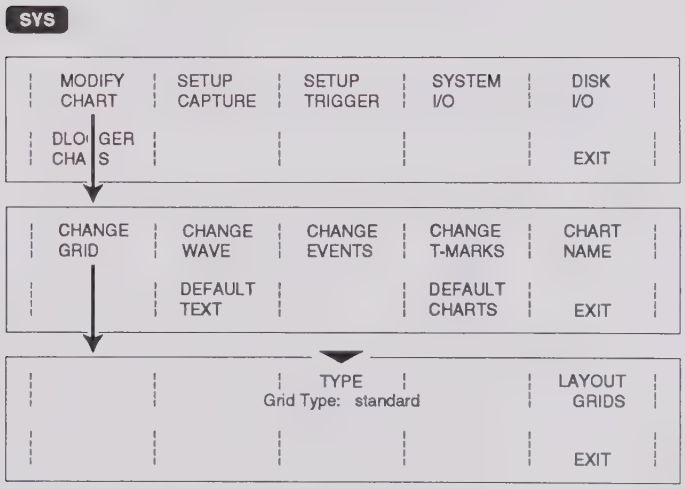
Use the procedure below to select the grid type that you want: unsynchronized (standard) or synchronized (t-based).

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

3 **Press the soft key above "CHANGE GRID."**

4 **Press the soft keys above "TYPE" to select either the standard grid type or a t-based grid type.**



CHANGE WAVE:
suppressing or enabling the printing of waveforms

The waveforms printed by the DASH 10 can be individually selected and kept from printing to achieve an effect like the "pen up" condition of traditional pen-based recorders.

Use the procedure below to set individual channels to "PEN UP" to suppress printing of the selected waveform.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

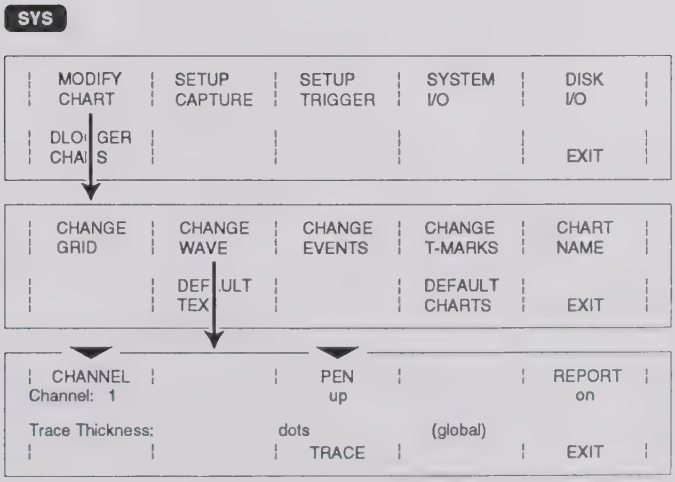
3 **Press the soft key above "CHANGE WAVE."**

4 **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the channel you want to suppress or enable.**

6 **Press the soft key above "PEN."**

- **When the menu reads "PEN up," the waveform will not be printed.**
- **When the menu reads "PEN down," the waveform will print.**



CHANGE WAVE:
enabling or suppressing signal conditioner reporting

The DASH 10 can print the gain and zero position settings associated with each channel in the channel's annotation buffer. This information is referred to as signal conditioner reporting. Generally, this information is printed in the last forty character spaces of the annotation buffer. Use the procedure below to turn signal conditioner reporting on or off.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

3 **Press the soft key above "CHANGE WAVE."**

4 **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**

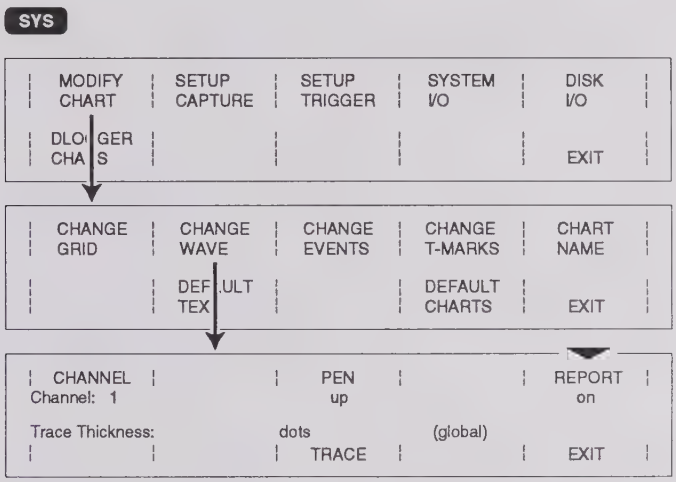
5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the channel of interest.**

6 **Press the soft key above "REPORT."**

- **When the menu reads "REPORT off," signal conditioner reporting will not be printed.**
- **When the menu reads "REPORT on," signal conditioner reporting will be printed.**
- **See the illustration at the top of the next page.**

4.2.2.1

CHANGE WAVE:
enabling or suppressing signal conditioner reporting



4.2.2.2

CHANGE WAVE:
thickening the appearance of the recorded waveform

The "TRACE" adjustment allows you to control the thickness of the line segments that make up the waveform recorded on the chart. With the "TRACE" adjustment, you can increase or decrease the thickness of the recorded waveform.

A basic use for this feature is to thicken the appearance of the recorded waveform to give it greater visibility on the chart and to improve the quality of copies made from the chart.

Use the procedure below to thicken the appearance of the waveform recorded on the chart paper.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

CHANGE WAVE:
thickening the appearance of the recorded waveform

3 Press the soft key above "CHANGE WAVE."

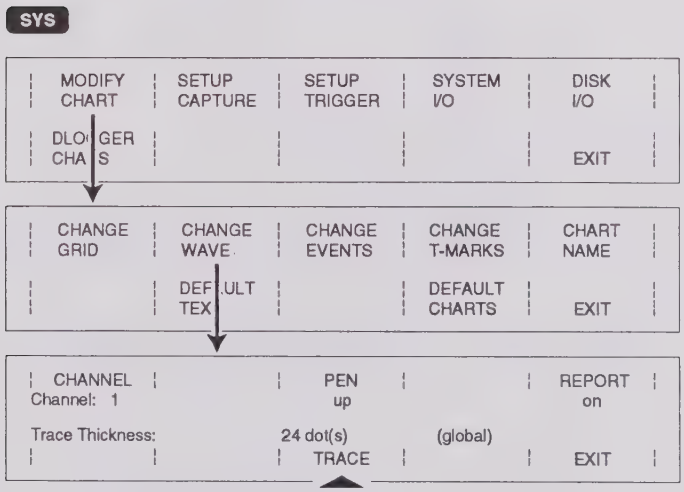
4 Press the soft key above "CHANGE."

5 Use the encoder wheel to select the channel of interest.

6 Press the soft key below "TRACE."

7 Use the encoder wheel to select the amount of enhanced thickness you want added to the recorded waveform.

- Trace thickness can be enhanced by the addition of from 1 to 24 dots.



CHANGE EVENTS:
enabling event markers; selecting their chart locations

In addition to its standard system event marker and two timer event markers, the DASH 10 can be equipped with a maximum of thirty external event markers. The CHANGE EVENTS parameter permits you to choose each event marker and:

- turn printing of the event marker on and off.
- position the event marker on the chart.
- select a global event marker style.

The procedure below describes how to enable an event marker and place the event marker at the chart location that you want. The procedure for selecting a global event-marker style is given in paragraph 4.2.3.1.

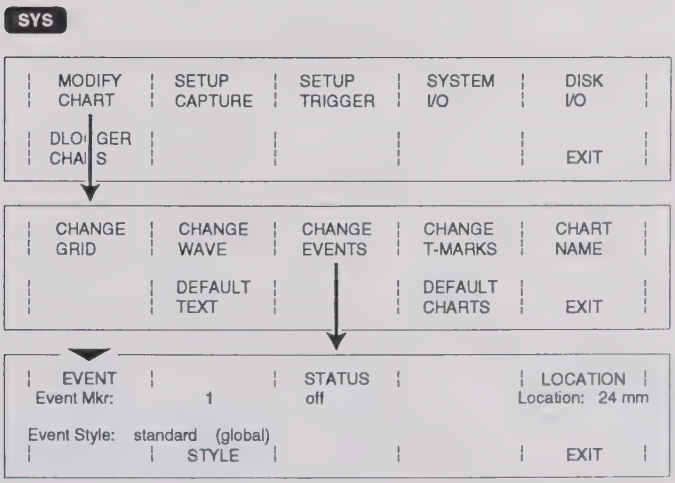
1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

3 **Press the soft key above "CHANGE EVENTS."**

4 **Press the soft key above "EVENT."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the event marker you want.**



4.2.3

CHANGE EVENTS:
enabling event markers; selecting their chart locations

6 **Press the soft key above "STATUS" and turn the event marker on to have it printed on the chart.**

7 **Press the soft key above "LOCATION."**

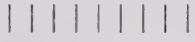
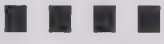
8 **Use the encoder wheel to specify the location in millimeters on the chart at which you want the event marker to print.**

- **The event marker can be placed at locations from 0 millimeters (near the bottom of the chart) to 253 millimeters (near the top of the chart).**

4.2.3.1

CHANGE EVENTS:
selecting a global event marker style

Event markers can be printed in any of four styles:

- standard
- tick mark 
- block/line
- block/off 

CHANGE EVENTS:
selecting a global event marker style

Use the following procedure to select the event marker style that you want. The style you select will apply to all of the event markers.

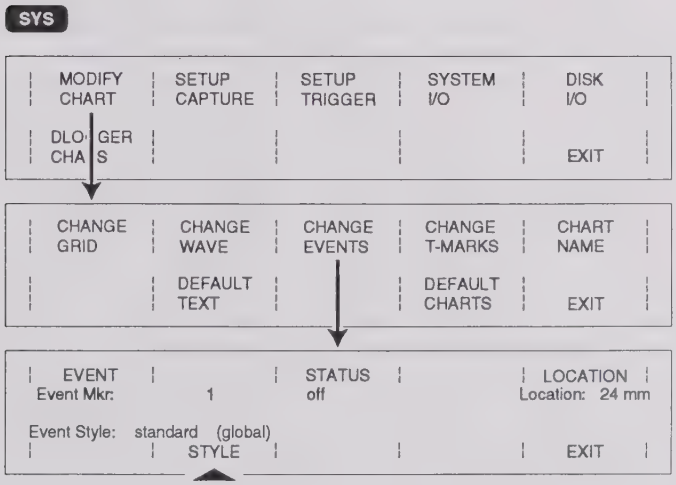
1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

3 **Press the soft key above "CHANGE EVENTS."**

4 **Press the soft key below "STYLE."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the event marker style that you want.**



CHANGE EVENTS:
editing/creating a name for a stored recording format

Use the following procedure to create or name a recording format that you are saving to diskette or to one of the recorder's soft keys.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

3 **Press the soft key above "CHART NAME."**

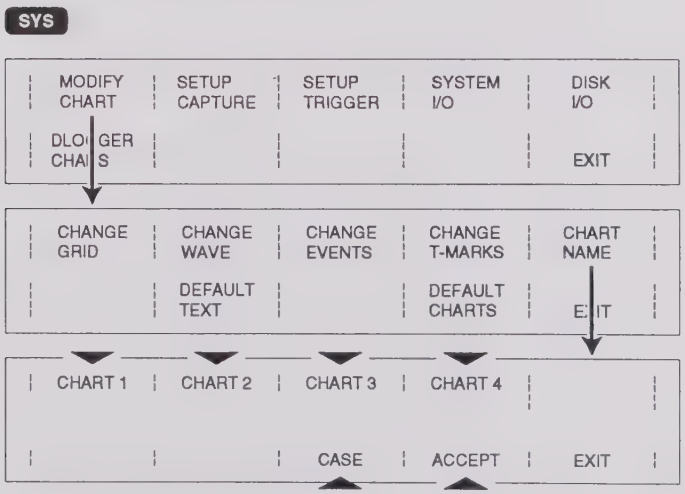
4 **Press the soft key above the chart name you want to edit.**

- **This selects the name for editing.**

5 **Press the soft key below "CASE" to select upper- or lower-case lettering for the name you will create.**

6 **Use the alphanumeric keypad to type the name you want.**

7 **Press the soft key below "ACCEPT."**



DEFAULT TEXT:
printing default text in annotation buffers

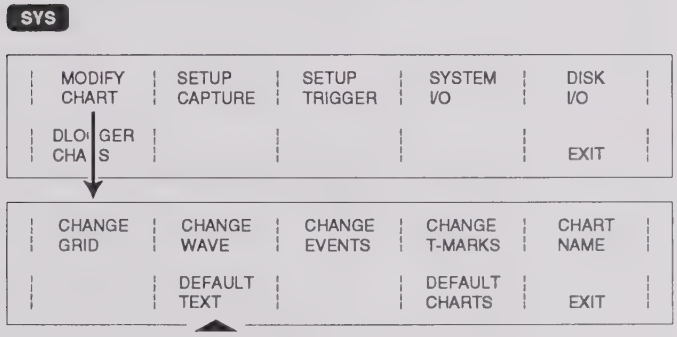
The DEFAULT TEXT selection resets all interchannel annotation buffers so that they each print a simple line of channel identification text such as "CHANNEL 1."

Use the procedure below to default all interchannel annotation buffers to the basic channel identification text.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

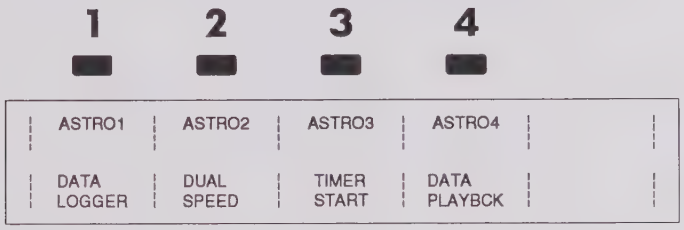
2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

3 **Press the soft key below "DEFAULT TEXT."**



DEFAULT CHARTS: selecting a default chart layout

The DASH 10 has four front-panel programmable CHART keys.



The DEFAULT CHARTS selection resets any selected front-panel CHART soft key to any of four preset chart layouts. For a ten-channel configuration, these layouts are:

- ASTRO1—provides a single channel that is 200mm wide.
- ASTRO2—provides two channels each of which are 100mm wide.
- ASTRO3—provides five channels each of which is 40mm wide.
- ASTRO4—provides four channels each of which is 20mm wide.

Examples of each of the default chart layouts are provided on the pages that follow. Use the procedure below to set any of the programmable chart keys to any of the four default chart layout selections.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY CHART."**

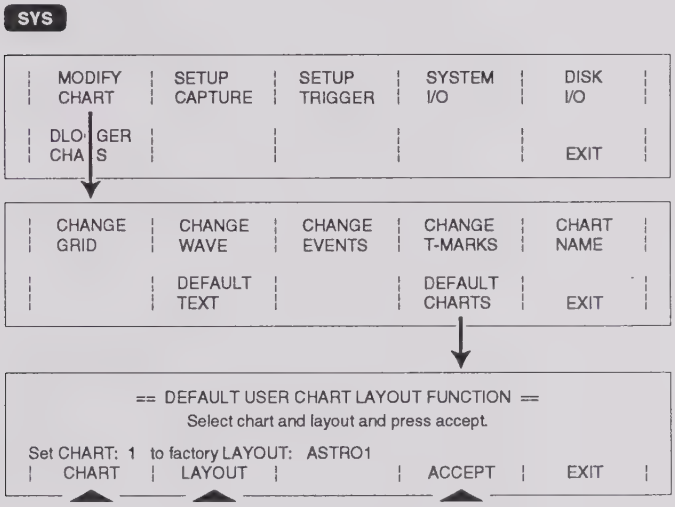
3 **Press the soft key below "DEFAULT CHARTS."**

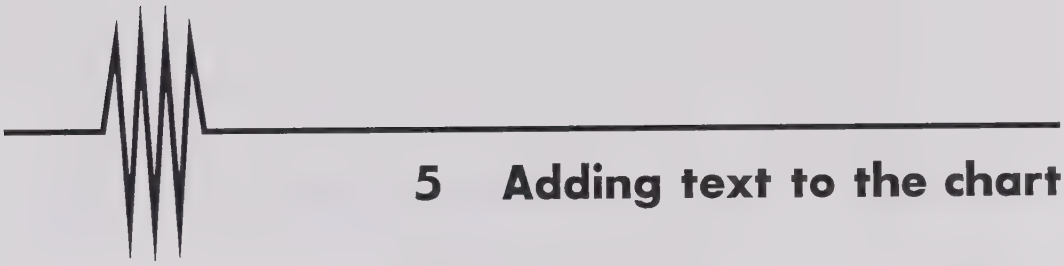
4 **Press the soft key below "CHART" to select the chart soft key that you want to program with a default layout.**

DEFAULT CHARTS:
selecting a default chart layout

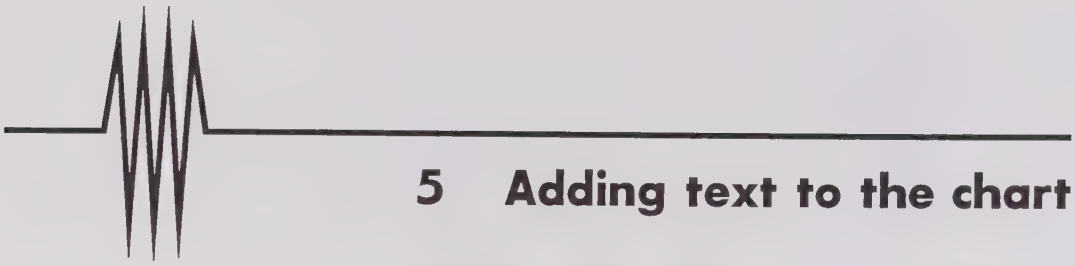
5 **Press the soft key below "LAYOUT" to select the default chart layout that you want to program into the soft key.**

6 **Press the soft key beneath "ACCEPT."**





5 Adding text to the chart



5 Adding text to the chart

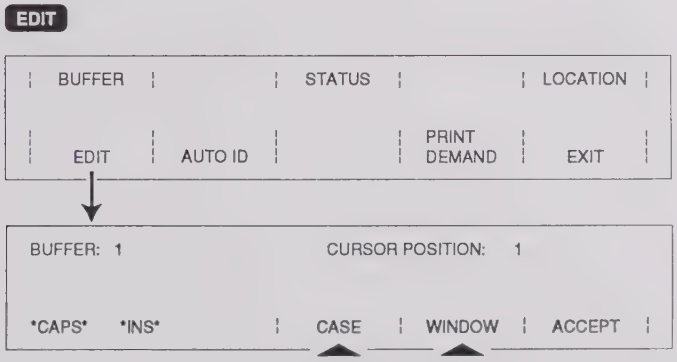
5.1

Adding text to the chart

When you need to add alphanumeric text to the your charts, the DASH 10 provides a variety of annotation tools. The DASH 10 is equipped with:

- a maximum of thirty 128-character annotation buffers each of which can be moved to any of 95 positions across the chart.
- one 128-character on-demand annotation buffer that can be printed when you want in any of 95 locations across the chart.
- one system log buffer containing the time, date, and chart speed fixed near the top of the chart.
- capacity to print channel identification numbers either on-demand or automatically and continuously.

The front-panel [EDIT] key is used to add text to your chart and to edit text on your chart. The [EDIT] key menu flow is shown below.



The following procedures are discussed in this section:

- turning the printing of text buffers on and off.
- editing the alphanumeric content of the text buffers.
- positioning text buffers on the chart.
- printing and positioning the on-demand text buffer.
- printing automatic, continuous channel identification numbers.

5.1.1

Enabling or suppressing printing of text buffers

The printing status of any of the annotation buffers can be set to either on or off. When set to "on" the selected buffer will print the text that you have typed at the chart location that you have selected. When set to "off" the selected buffer will not be printed.

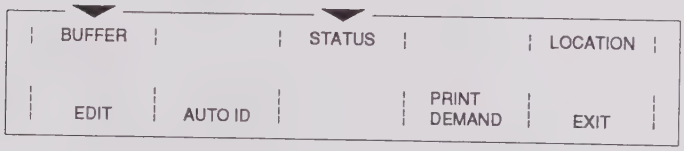
1 **Press the front-panel [EDIT] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "BUFFER."**

3 **Use the encoder wheel to select the text buffer that you want to print or suppress.**

4 **Press the soft key above "STATUS."**

- **Turn the status to "on" to enable printing of the selected buffer.**
- **Turn the status to "off" to prevent the selected buffer from printing.**



5.1.2

Editing text buffers

Text buffers are synchronized with one another and, when turned on, are printed repeatedly and continuously at a standard distance on the chart. Each buffer can hold up to 128 alphanumeric characters. You can position the text buffers to print with specific channels or you can position them completely independently of the channels.

5.1.2

Editing text buffers

You can even group any or all of the text buffers together on the chart to create an extended block of annotation comments.

Use the procedures that follow to edit any of the thirty interchannel text buffers, the on-demand text buffer, or the recorder's system log.

1 **Press the front-panel [EDIT] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "BUFFER."**

3 **Use the encoder wheel to select the text buffer that you want to edit.**

4 **Press the soft key below "EDIT."**

5 **If you want your typing to be in upper case letters, press the soft key below "CASE" until the word *CAPS* appears in the display.**

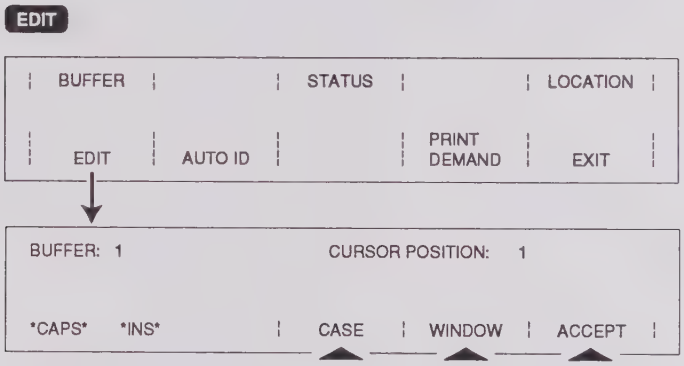
6 **Use the alphanumeric keypad to position and type the text you want to appear in the buffer. There is enough room for a 128-character message.**

- **Use the arrow keys of the keypad to move through the text buffer.**
- **Note that a number indicating the location of the cursor within the buffer is shown in the display.**
- **Use the alphanumeric keys of the keypad to type the letters, numbers, and symbols that you want.**
- **Use the [SPACE] key to add a blank space before a character.**
- **Use the [DEL] key to delete a selected character.**
- **Use the [INS] (insert) key to insert text before a selected character without overwriting any existing text.**

5.1.2

Editing text buffers

6 **Press the soft key below "ACCEPT" to confirm the buffer contents that you just typed.**



5.1.3

Positioning a text buffer on the chart

1 **Press the front-panel [EDIT] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "BUFFER."**

3 **Use the encoder wheel to select the text buffer that you want to position.**

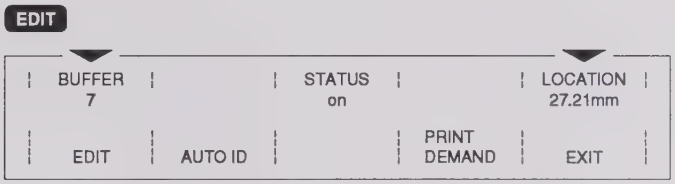
4 **Press the soft key above "LOCATION."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the chart location at which you want the text buffer printed.**

- **There are 95 locations across the chart.**
- **See the illustration at the top of the next page.**

5.1.3

Positioning a text buffer on the chart



5.1.4

Printing the on-demand text buffer

The on-demand text buffer is immediately printed when the front-panel [EDIT] key is pressed and then the soft key beneath "PRINT DEMAND" is pressed.

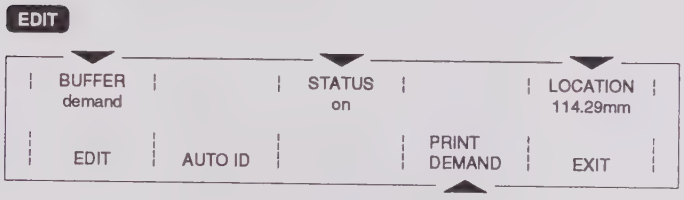
1. **Press the front-panel [EDIT] key.**
2. **Press the soft key above "BUFFER."**
3. **Use the encoder wheel to select the on-demand text buffer.**
4. **Ensure that the print status of the buffer is set to "on."**
5. **Ensure that the buffer contains the text that you want.**
6. **Press the soft key above "LOCATION."**
7. **Use the encoder wheel to select the chart location at which you want the on-demand buffer printed.**

5.1.4

Printing the on-demand text buffer

8 **Press the soft key below "PRINT DEMAND."**

- **The on-demand text buffer will be printed immediately at the chart location you selected.**



5.2

Printing channel ID numbers

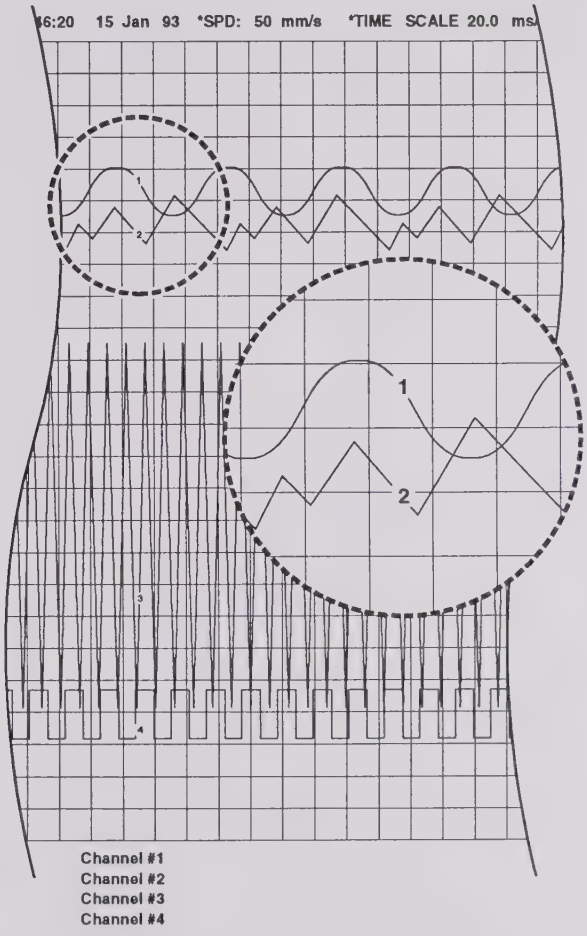
The DASH 10 can print channel identification numbers onto waveforms. As the name implies, channel ID numbers clearly indicate the number of the waveform channel. Channel identification numbers are either overprinted directly on the waveforms or are printed very close to the waveforms.

Channel identification numbers provide a simple way of quickly locating each waveform channel on the chart. This is especially useful when waveforms overlap during recording.

- See the illustration on the next page.

5.2

Printing channel ID numbers



5.2

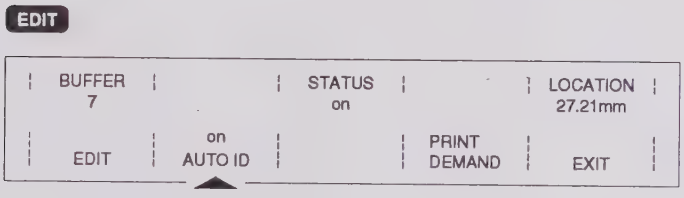
Printing channel ID numbers

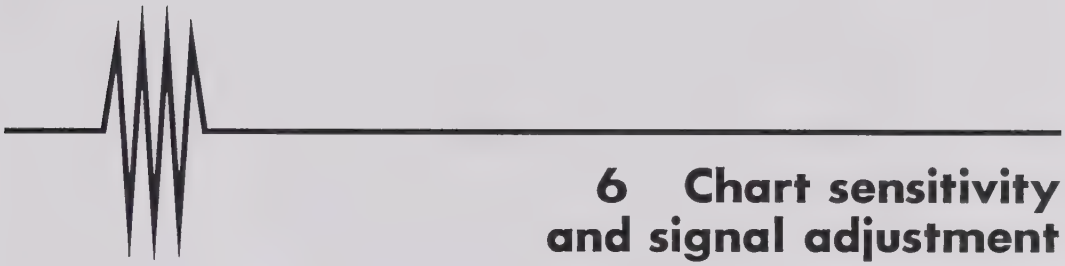
Channel identification numbers are automatically printed once on each waveform each time the front-panel [ID] key is pressed.

You can also make channel ID numbers print automatically and continuously by setting the status of the recorder's AUTO ID function to "on." Follow the procedure below to enable automatic printing of channel ID numbers.

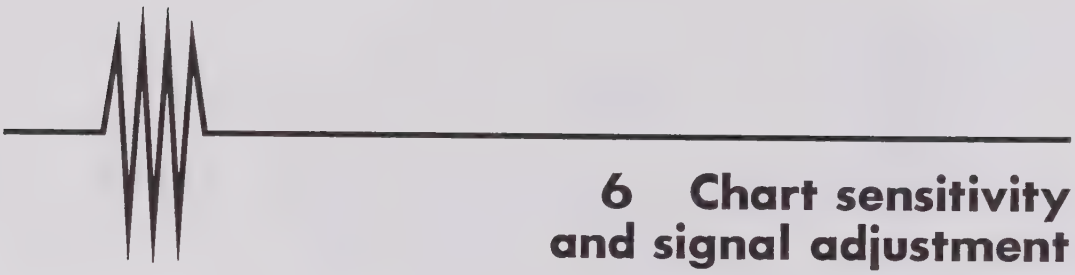
1 **Press the front-panel [EDIT] key.**

2 **Press the soft key beneath "AUTO ID" until the setting reads "on."**





6 Chart sensitivity and signal adjustment



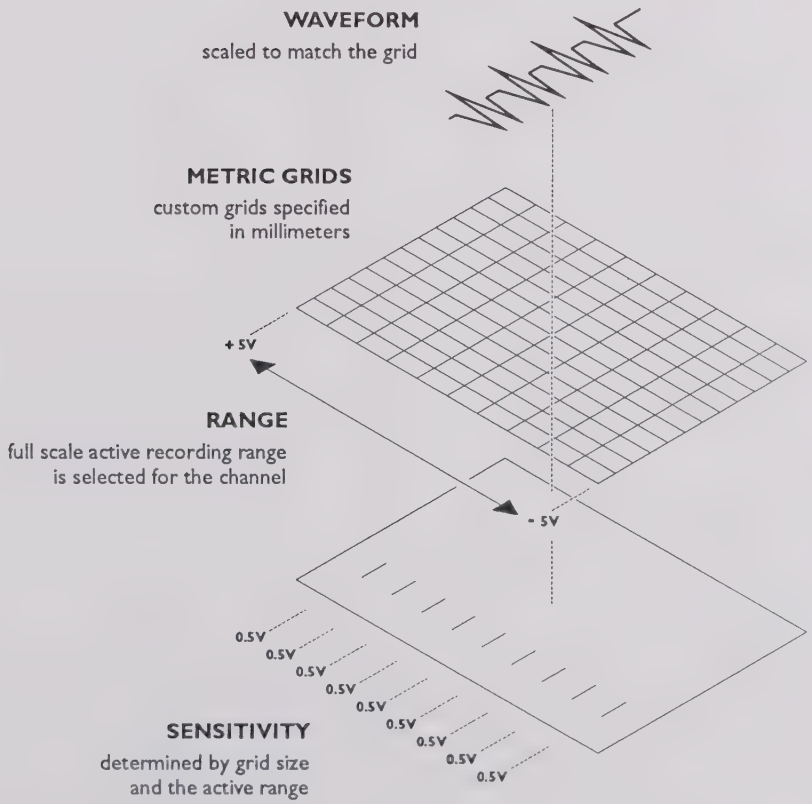
6 Chart sensitivity and signal adjustment

6.1

Chart sensitivity in the DASH 10

In the DASH 10 recorder:

- grids are metric and can be custom designed with varied arrangements of major and minor divisions.
- an active recording range is selected using zero and gain menus.
- sensitivity is determined by the number of major chart divisions, the spacing between divisions, and the active range.
- sensitivity is expressed in V/cm.
- the recorded waveform is scaled to match the grid.



6.2

DASH 10 zero and gain controls

For each of the DASH 10's thirty recording channels, the [Z/G] key (zero and gain) key is used to:

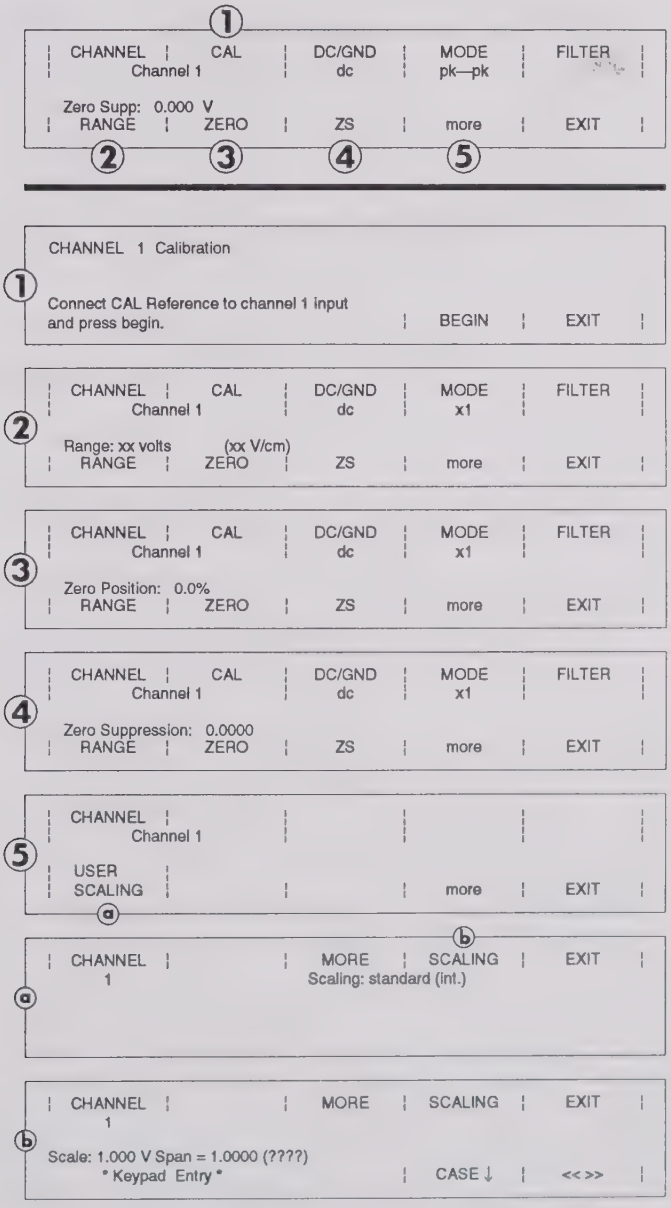
- select a voltage range for the chart.
- select a chart location for the zero baseline of the waveform input signal.
- suppress up to 500 VDC of the waveform input to enable the use of higher gains without exceeding the recorder's range.
- ground the signal.
- choose between RMS and peak-to-peak recording modes.
- enable or disable signal filtering.
- scale waveform data so that voltage data is expressed in engineering units of your choice.
- calibrate each channel to an internal precision reference.

The parameters of the [Z/G] key include:

- CAL initiates a channel calibration procedure that compares the channel to the DASH 10's built-in precision voltage reference.
- DC/GND grounds the selected waveform input signal.
- MODE selects between peak-to-peak and RMS recording modes for the specified recording channel.
- FILTER enables or disables the recorder's 10 Hz low-pass filter.
- RANGE selects the channel's active voltage range from grid edge to grid edge.
- ZERO selects a chart location for the zero baseline of the waveform input.
- ZS selects the amount of zero suppression in VDC that will be applied to a channel's waveform input signal.

6.2

DASH 10 zero and gain controls



6.2

DASH 10 zero and gain controls

- SCALING selects a scaling value used to convert voltage values into user-defined engineering units.

6.2.1

Setting a selected channel's voltage range

Use the following procedure to set the selected channel's voltage range.

1. **Press the front-panel [Z/G] key.**
2. **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**
3. **Use the encoder wheel to select the channel for which you want to set the range.**
4. **Press the soft key below "RANGE."**
5. **Use the encoder wheel to set the voltage range in volts or millivolts for the selected channel.**
   - **Ranges are incremented as shown on the table on the next page.**
6. **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the [Z/G] menu.**

6.2.1

Setting a selected channel's voltage range

range				increment		
50	to	200	mV	.....	1	mV
200	to	500	mV	.....	2	mV
500	to	1000	mV	.....	5	mV
1000	to	2000	mV	.....	10	mV
2000	to	5000	mV	.....	20	mV
5	to	10	V	.....	.05	V
10	to	25	V	.....	.1	V
25	to	100	V	.....	.5	V
100	to	250	V	.....	1	V
250	to	500	V	.....	5	V

6.2.2

Selecting either the peak-to-peak or RMS recording mode

The DASH 10 can record data using either the peak-to-peak recording method or the root-mean-square method. Use the procedure below to select the mode you want to use.

1 **Press the front-panel [Z/G] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**

3 **Use the encoder wheel to select the channel of interest.**

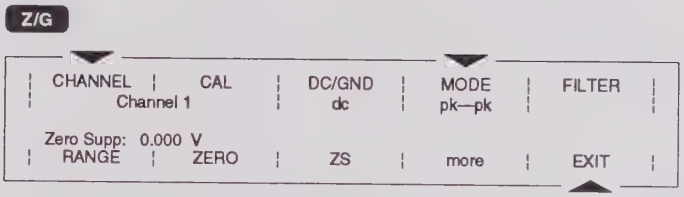
4 **Press the soft key above "MODE" until the recording mode that you want is selected.**

5 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the [Z/G] menu.**

- **See the illustration on the next page.**

6.2.2

Selecting either the peak-to-peak or RMS recording mode



6.2.3

Grounding individual waveform channels

Use the following procedure to ground selected waveform channels.

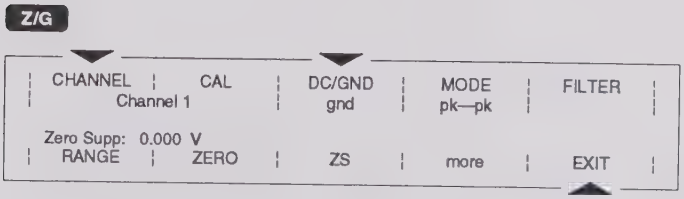
1 **Press the front-panel [Z/G] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**

3 **Use the encoder wheel to select the channel of interest.**

4 **Press the soft key above "DC/GND" until ground (gnd) is selected in the menu.**

5 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the [Z/G] menu.**



6.2.4

Positioning a waveform's zero baseline

NOTE

The waveform's zero baseline can be positioned using the ZERO parameter discussed below or using the recorder's zero suppression capability. Applying zero suppression to a waveform signal is discussed in paragraph 6.3.5.

Depending on your specific purpose, it can be useful to use the ZERO control to move the baseline in fine steps and to use zero suppression for applications that involve a large DC bias.

When positioning the waveform in the channel, the center of grid is used as the reference location. See the illustration on the next page.

Use the procedure below to select a chart location for the zero baseline of the waveform with reference to the center of the grid.

1 **Press the front-panel [Z/G] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**

3 **Use the encoder wheel to select the channel of interest.**

- **If you find it useful, ground the signal by pressing the soft key above "DC/GND."**
- **This will provide a flat zero-baseline that is easily positioned on the chart.**

3 **Press the soft key below "ZERO."**

- **Note the "Zero Position:" parameter that appears in the menu.**

6.2.4

Positioning a waveform's zero baseline

4 **Use the encoder wheel to specify a percentage.**

- **The percentage that you specify is the percentage of the selected voltage range that will be applied to the baseline.**
- **Positive values shift the baseline to the left. Negative values shift the baseline to the right.**

6.2.5

Applying zero suppression to waveform signals

Some waveform input signals may contain an unwanted direct-current (DC) component. The signal's DC component may make it difficult to bring the waveform data of interest onto the chart.

For ranges greater than or equal to 5V, zero suppression can be used to remove from -500V to +500V of a waveform's DC component. For ranges less than 5V, zero suppression can be used to remove from -5V to +5V of a waveform's DC component. This can help to bring the data of interest onto the chart for recording and analysis.

Use the procedure below to select the amount of zero suppression that will be applied to the waveform input signal.

1 **Press the front-panel [Z/G] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**

3 **Use the encoder wheel to select the channel of interest.**

4 **Press the soft key below "ZS."**

- **Note that the "Zero Supp:" parameter appears in the menu.**

6.2.5

Applying zero suppression to waveform signals

5 **Use the encoder to select the amount of zero suppression that you want to apply to the waveform input.**

6 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the [Z/G] menu.**

6.2.6

Using the recorder's low-pass signal filter

Use the procedure below to select a filter that will be applied to the waveform input signal.

1 **Press the front-panel [Z/G] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**

3 **Use the encoder wheel to select the channel of interest.**

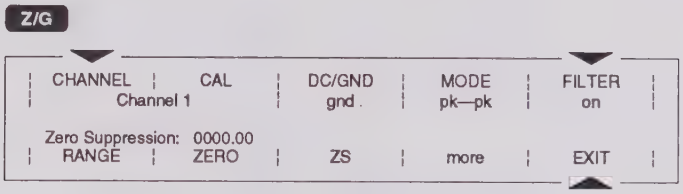
4 **Press the soft key above "FILTER" until the recorder's 10 Hz low pass filter is turned "on."**

5 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the [Z/G] menu.**

- **See the illustration on the next page.**

6.2.6

Using the recorder's low-pass signal filter



6.2.7

Converting voltage data to engineering units for numeric reporting

When you are recording changes in temperature, pressure, or any other quantity that is not specifically voltage, it can be very convenient to have the DASH 10 print your data as numeric engineering units rather than waveforms on a grid.

When recording with the DASH 10, all signal information enters the recorder as electrical voltage. The recorder's "USER SCALING" feature is used to convert these voltages into numeric data that directly corresponds to the units of pressure, temperature, etc. that you are interested in monitoring.

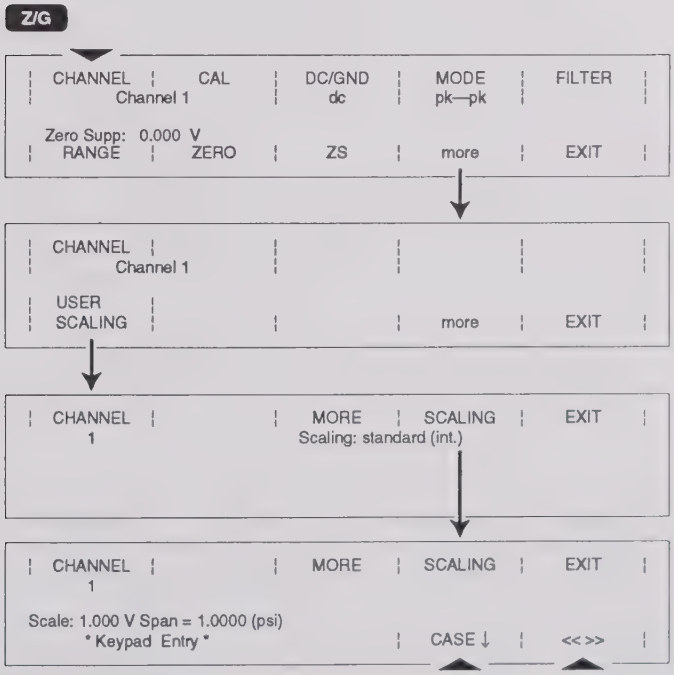
Numeric scaling begins with selecting the voltage range of the channel in millivolts or volts. The "USER SCALING" parameter is used to redefine the voltage range of the chart as the engineering units you desire. The DASH 10 will then convert all of the signal voltage data into the engineering units you have specified.

When USER SCALING is used, all pertinent DASH 10 menus will be displayed in the engineering units that you define.

Converting voltage data to engineering units for numeric reporting

Use the procedure below to convert the electrical value of the waveform input data into engineering units that you specify.

1. **Press the front-panel [Z/G] key.**
2. **Press the soft key above "CHANNEL."**
3. **Use the encoder wheel to select the channel of interest.**
4. **Press the soft key below "more."**
5. **Press the soft key below "USER SCALING."**
6. **Press the soft key above "SCALING" until the "Scale:" parameter is displayed.**



Converting voltage data to engineering units for numeric reporting

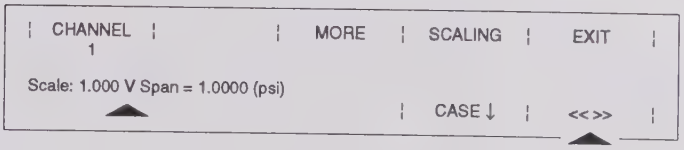
7 Note that the scaling menu is used to define two values:

- **V span** the voltage increment that will be defined as equaling one engineering-unit increment.
- **PSI** the engineering-unit increment that will be defined as equaling one voltage increment.
  - By default this parameter reads PSI but you will change this label to the engineering unit with which you will be working.

8 Press the soft key below "<< >>" and select the voltage span (V Span) parameter.

9 With the "V span" parameter selected:

- use the numeric part of the alphanumeric keypad to define the amount of voltage that will equal one engineering unit.
- For example, in the illustration on the previous page, 1.000 volts has been defined as equalling 1.0000 PSI (pounds / square inch).



Converting voltage data to engineering units for numeric reporting

10 Press the soft key below "<< >>" and select the numerical expression of engineering-unit parameter.

11 With the numerical expression of the engineering-unit selected:

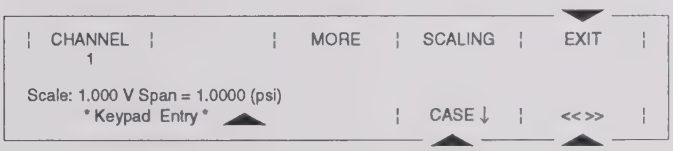
- use the numeric part of the alphanumeric keypad to define the numerical increment that will equal one engineering unit.

12 Press the soft key below "<< >>" and select the alphabetic label of the engineering-unit parameter.

13 With the engineering-unit label selected:

- use the alphabetic part of the alphanumeric keypad to spell a four-character name for the engineering unit.
- Note that typing can be in either upper- or lower-case letters (CASE).

14 Press the soft key above "EXIT" to leave the menu.

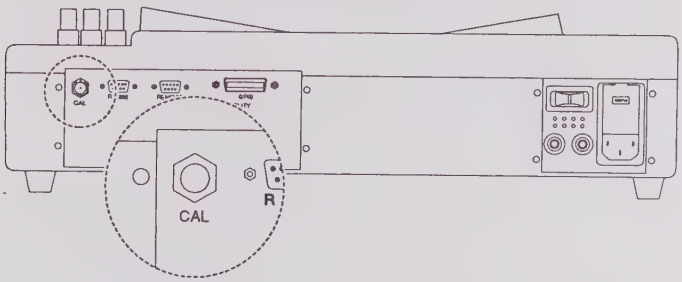


6.2.8

Calibrating individual channels with the DASH 10's built-in precision voltage references

For the purpose of system calibration, the DASH 10 is equipped with two extremely precise internal voltage references: 2.5V and 10V. Use the procedure given below to calibrate each channel to the recorder's precision voltage references.

1 **Locate the CAL phone plug connector on the rear panel.**



2 **Run a connector cable from the rear-panel CAL micro phone-plug connector to the front-panel signal inputs of any of the recorder's channels.**

- **The cable must use the BNC female to micro plug (supplied with the recorder) and a dual banana-jack connector.**

3 **Press the front-panel [Z/G] key.**

4 **Press the soft key above "CAL."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the number of the channel that you want to calibrate.**

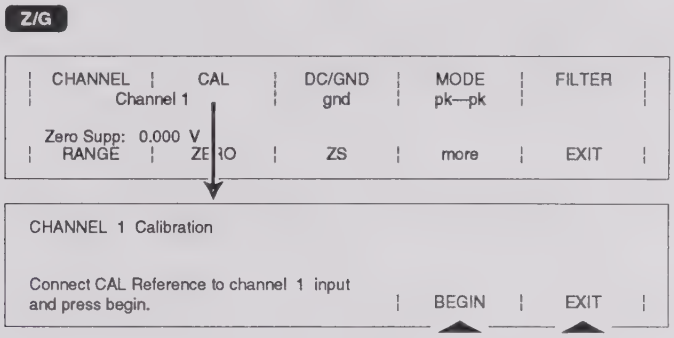
6 **Press the soft key below "BEGIN."**

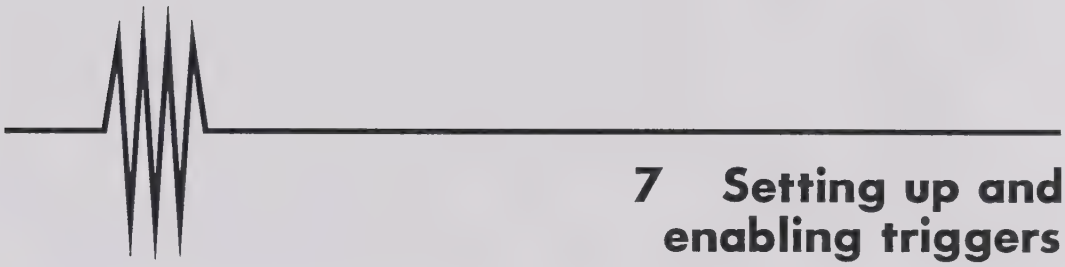
7 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the calibration menu.**

- **See the illustration on the next page.**

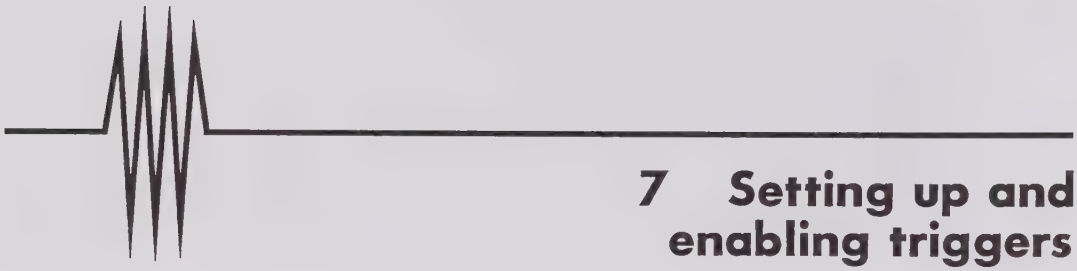
6.2.8

Calibrating individual channels with the DASH 10's built-in precision voltage references





7 Setting up and enabling triggers



7 Setting up and enabling triggers

7.1

DASH 10 triggering capabilities

The DASH 10 has one net trigger. The trigger can be generated by any of four sources:

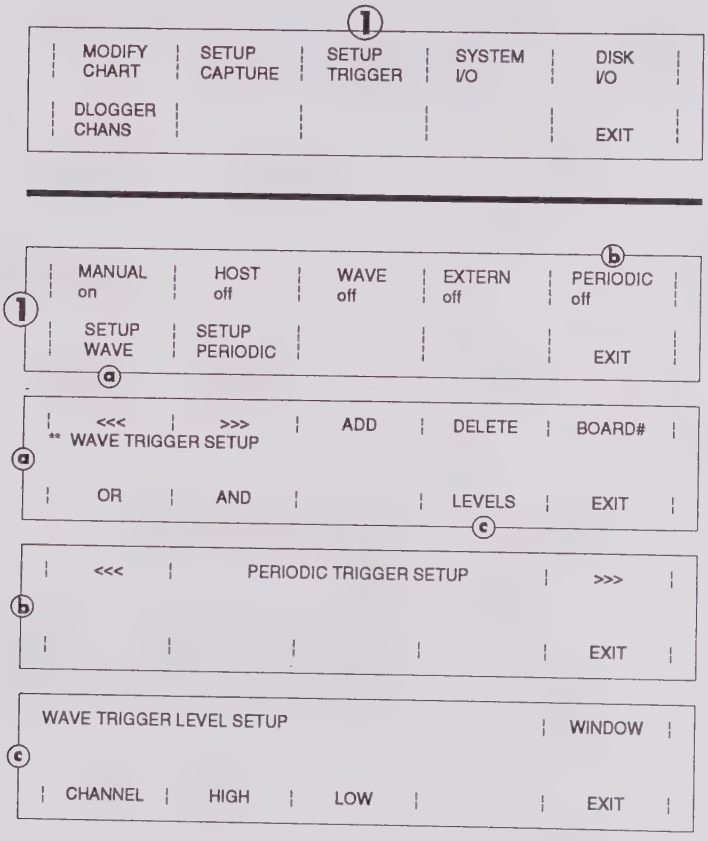
- MANUAL — triggers generated when the front-panel [TRIG] key is pressed.
- HOST — triggers generated on command from a host computer.
- WAVE — waveform-generated triggers occurring when a signal exceeds or falls below user-defined trigger limits.
- EXTERNAL — externally generated triggers communicated through the rear-panel UTILITY D-shell.
- PERIODIC — triggers continuously generated at specific time intervals.

Triggers can be put together in AND and OR groups to create a large number of trigger combinations.

Triggers are defined using the menus of the "SETUP TRIGGER" parameter found in the system [SYS] key setups. The complete menu flow for all "SETUP TRIGGER" parameters is shown on the next page.

7.1

DASH 10 triggering capabilities



7.1

DASH 10 triggering capabilities

As the menu flow shows, the "SETUP TRIGGER" parameter is used to:

- turn trigger sources on or off.
- define OR trigger combinations and combined AND / OR trigger combinations.
- define voltage levels over which and below which the input signal will cause a trigger condition.

The paragraphs that follow present the detailed procedures for defining each of these trigger setups.

7.1.1

Turning on MANUAL, HOST, and EXTERNAL trigger sources

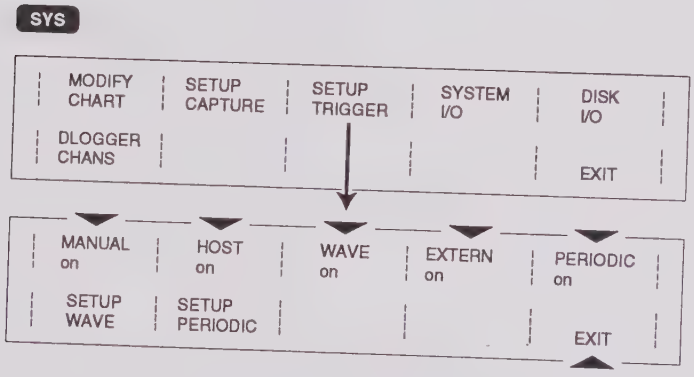
Trigger sources must be turned on in order for triggers to be generated. The simple procedure that follows explains how to turn on the five available trigger sources. Combining waveform trigger sources is discussed in paragraph 7.1.2, "Combining waveform trigger sources into trigger groups."

Use the procedure below to selectively turn on or turn off the recorder's trigger sources.

1. **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**
2. **Press the soft key above "SETUP TRIGGER."**
3. **Turn any of the five trigger source on or off by pressing the soft keys above:**
   - **MANUAL**
   - **HOST**
   - **WAVE**
   - **EXTERN**
   - **HOST**

Turning on MANUAL, HOST, and EXTERNAL trigger sources

4 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "SETUP TRIGGER" parameter.**

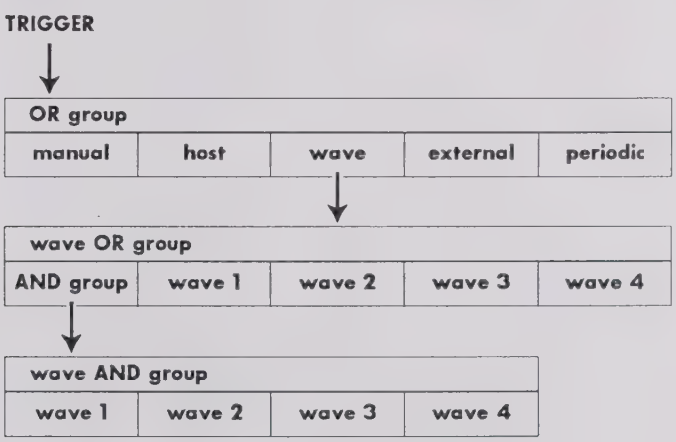


7.1.2

Combining waveform trigger sources into trigger groups

Trigger sources can be grouped to create a large number of triggering combinations. Waveforms are grouped as trigger sources by using the selections of the "SETUP WAVE" parameter to create both AND and OR triggering combinations.

- An OR trigger group allows you to combine one or more trigger sources so that a valid trigger in any one source generates a trigger.
- An AND trigger group allows you to combine waveform trigger sources so that a trigger is generated when valid trigger conditions are detected at the same time in all waveforms of the AND group.
- An AND trigger group is always part of a WAVE OR trigger group.



7.1.2

Combining waveform trigger sources into trigger groups

Use the procedure below to combine individual waveform trigger sources into AND / OR trigger groups.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "SETUP TRIGGER."**

3 **Press the soft key below the "SETUP WAVE" parameter.**

4 **Press the soft key above "BOARD" to select the signal input board that has the waveform trigger sources that you want to add to the trigger expression.**

5 **Press the soft key below the "OR" parameter.**

6 **Press the soft key above "<<<" or ">>>" to select a waveform trigger source that you want either to add to or delete from the current OR trigger channel grouping.**

7 **Press the soft key above "ADD" to add individual waveform trigger sources to the OR trigger combination you are creating.**

- **OR "combinations" can consist of a single channel.**

8 **Press the soft key above "DELETE" to remove individual waveform trigger sources from the OR trigger combination you are creating.**

NOTE

Be aware that the symbol "+" that appears in the OR menu stands for the word "or."

Combining waveform trigger sources into trigger groups

9 Press the soft key above "BOARD" to select the signal input board that has the waveform trigger sources that you want to add to the trigger expression.

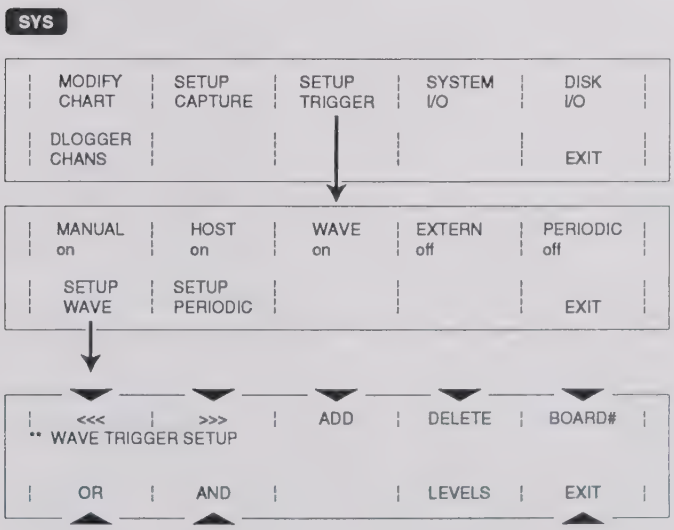
10 Press the soft key below the "AND" parameter.

11 Press the soft key above "<<<" or ">>>" to select a waveform trigger source that you want either to add to or delete from the current AND trigger channel grouping.

12 Press the soft key above "ADD" to add individual waveform trigger sources to the AND trigger combination you are creating.

13 Press the soft key above "DELETE" to remove individual waveform trigger sources from the AND trigger combination you are creating.

14 Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "SETUP WAVE" parameter.



7.1.3

Setting trigger reference values

Trigger levels are reference values over which or below which triggers will be generated as a result of the activity of waveform trigger sources.

- Trigger levels are selected as 0.5% increments of the channel's A/D range.
- Trigger levels are specified in units applicable to the type of channel. For example, voltage for voltage channels, temperature for thermocouple channels, etc.

For each trigger channel, use the procedure on the following page to set trigger reference values.

1. **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**
2. **Press the soft key above "SETUP TRIGGER."**
3. **Press the soft key below the "SETUP WAVE" parameter.**
4. **Press the soft key above "BOARD" to select the signal input board that has the waveform trigger sources that you want to set the trigger levels of.**
5. **Press the soft key below "CHANNEL."**
   - **Select the channel for which you will be setting high and low reference values.**
6. **Press the soft key below "HIGH."**
7. **With the high-level reference parameter selected, use the encoder wheel to select a percentage value.**
   - **Waveform activity above the reference percentage of the A/D range will cause a trigger to be generated.**

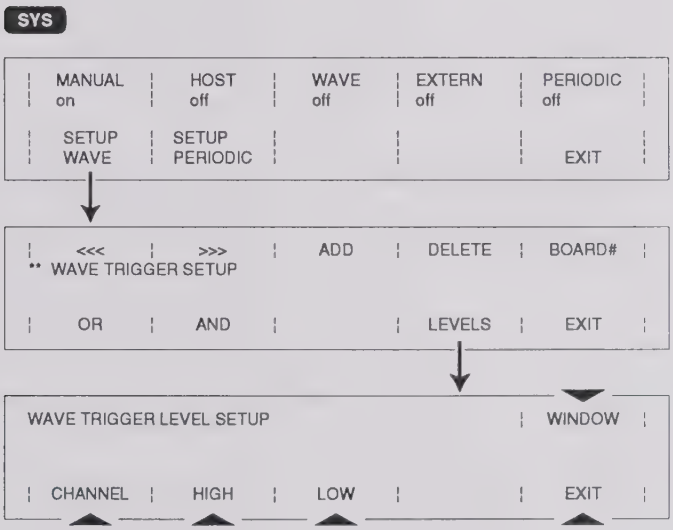
Setting trigger reference values

8 **Press the soft key below "LOW."**

9 **With the low-level reference parameter selected, use the encoder wheel to select a percentage value.**

- **Waveform activity above the reference percentage of the A/D range will cause a trigger to be generated.**

10 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "SETUP WAVE" parameter.**



7.1.4

Setting up a periodic trigger

The "SETUP PERIODIC" parameter can be used to setup triggers that are generated periodically and automatically.

Use the procedure on the following page to setup automatic periodic triggers.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "SETUP TRIGGER."**

3 **Press the soft key above "PERIODIC" until the selection reads "on."**

4 **Press the soft key below the "SETUP PERIODIC" parameter.**

5 **Press the soft key above "<<<" or ">>>" to individually select the hours, minutes, and seconds parameters of the periodic trigger you are defining.**

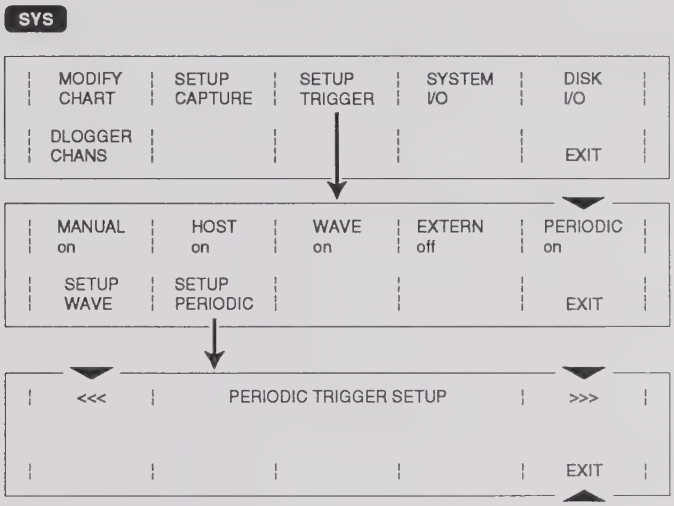
6 **As each component of the time parameter is selected, use the encoder wheel to set the time in hours, minutes, and seconds.**

7 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "SETUP PERIODIC" parameter.**

■ **See the illustration at the top of the next page.**

7.1.4

Setting up a periodic trigger



8 Data capture

8 Data capture

8.1

About capturing data with the DASH 10

In order to capture data, the DASH 10 must be equipped with the Data Capture option (DC-XX).

Each DC-XX option provides one of the DASH 10's waveform input signal boards with six megabytes of volatile memory for the storage of data capture records. This means that a DASH 10 with three analog waveform boards can be equipped with a maximum of eighteen megabytes of data capture record storage.

NOTE

When capturing data it is important to keep in mind that data-capture memory is volatile. As explained later in this section, it is essential to store data-capture records to nonvolatile media such as floppy disks if you want to retain the data. If captured data is not stored to nonvolatile media, the data will be lost if power to the recorder is interrupted or if the recorder is powered down.

Data capture in the DASH 10 offers the following:

- four data capture methods:
  - single acquisitions without automatic record playback.

    Single acquisitions are individually added to the inventory of records in system memory.
  - single acquisitions with automatic record playback.

    Real-time recording is aborted during playback and the record is retained in the inventory of records in DRAM.
  - multi-stacking of acquisitions with optional auto-triggering and auto-rearming.

    Automatic system arming and data acquisition with automatic "stacking" of the resulting records to system memory.

8.1

About capturing data with the DASH 10

- multi-stacking of acquisitions with playback.

  Automatic system arming, data acquisition, and record playback with automatic deletion and replacement of existing records by subsequent data captures.

- two data-capture record sizes: 6 megabytes or 768k.
- maximum of eight data-capture records per board.
- fifteen sample rates:
  - 5 Hz, 10 Hz, 25 Hz, 50 Hz, 100 Hz, 250 Hz, 500 Hz, 1 kHz, 2.5 kHz, 5 kHz, 10 kHz, 25 kHz, 50 kHz, 125 kHz, 250 kHz.
- sample rates result in the following data-capture playback timebases:
  - 4 s/mm, 2 s/mm, 800 ms/mm, 400 ms/mm, 200 ms/mm, 80 ms/mm, 40 ms/mm, 20 ms/mm, 8 ms/mm, 4 ms/mm, 2 ms/mm, 800 µs/mm, 400 µs/mm, 160 µs/mm, 80 µs/mm.

The essence of data capture is the acquisition and storage of real-time waveform data as the result of either a command or the occurrence of an initiating trigger. In the data-capture setups described on the pages that follow, it is assumed that you have setup the trigger conditions that you want. See section 7, "Setting up and enabling triggers."

Data capture in the DASH 10 always requires:

- the Data Capture (DC-xx) option.
- defining and turning on triggers.
- arming the system to respond to triggers.

8.2

Data-capture setups

A number of parameters must be defined when data-captures are setup. In a DASH 10 equipped with the Data Capture option (DC-xx), the menus used to setup data capture are found under the "SETUP CAPTURE" parameter.

"SETUP CAPTURE" is one of the [SYS] key setups and is used to define the parameters listed below. The settings of these parameters apply to the specific data-capture board selected.

- SAMPLE RATE
  - specifies any of fifteen available sample rates resulting in any of fifteen available timebases for data-capture playback.
- TRIGGER POSITION
  - defines for all channels the relationship between the data-capture window and the trigger.
- RECORD SIZE
  - selects a record size for the next data capture that applies to all channels.
- CAPTURE CONTROL
  - selects one of four data capture methods:

    single acquisitions without automatic record playback.

    single acquisitions with automatic record playback.

    multi-stacked acquisitions with optional auto-triggering and auto-rearming.

    multi-stacked acquisitions with playback.

8.2

Data-capture setups

NOTE

The data-capture setup parameters for each data-capture board are individually specified. The selections applied to one board do not apply to any other board.

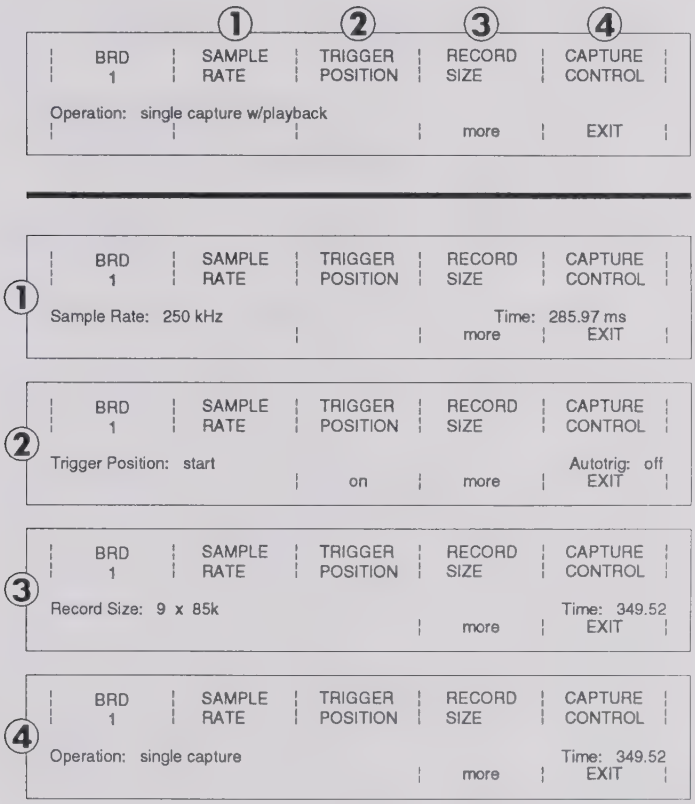
If data-capture boards have been linked, via the LINK parameter, some but not all data-capture selections apply mutually to the linked boards. See section ???, Linking data-capture boards.

In addition to these data-capture setups, the "SETUP CAPTURE" parameter provides an additional parameters that allow data-capture records to be deleted, saved to diskette, or uploaded from diskette. These menus are discussed in section 10, "Diskette-based input/output."

The data-capture menus of the "SETUP CAPTURE" parameter are shown on the next page.

8.2

Data-capture setups


1 2 3 4
BRD 1 | SAMPLE RATE | TRIGGER POSITION | RECORD SIZE | CAPTURE CONTROL
Operation: single capture w/playback
more | EXIT
1
BRD 1 | SAMPLE RATE | TRIGGER POSITION | RECORD SIZE | CAPTURE CONTROL
Sample Rate: 250 kHz
Time: 285.97 ms
more | EXIT
2
BRD 1 | SAMPLE RATE | TRIGGER POSITION | RECORD SIZE | CAPTURE CONTROL
Trigger Position: start
Autotrig: off
on | more | EXIT
3
BRD 1 | SAMPLE RATE | TRIGGER POSITION | RECORD SIZE | CAPTURE CONTROL
Record Size: 9 x 85k
Time: 349.52
more | EXIT
4
BRD 1 | SAMPLE RATE | TRIGGER POSITION | RECORD SIZE | CAPTURE CONTROL
Operation: single capture
Time: 349.52
more | EXIT

8.2.1

Selecting a data-capture sample rate

When capturing and playing back data-capture records, the DASH 10 requires you to select a sample rate specified as a frequency in Hz or kHz.

The DASH 10 can sample data at any of fifteen data-capture sample rates. The fifteen available sample rates directly correspond to the playback timebases shown in the table below.

In most cases, sampling data at a rate approximately 10 times faster than the highest waveform frequency provides excellent playback resolution.

sample rate	equivalent playback timebase
5 Hz	4 s/mm
10 Hz	2 s/mm
25 Hz	800 ms/mm
50 Hz	400 ms/mm
100 Hz	200 ms/mm
250 Hz	80 ms/mm
500 Hz	40 ms/mm
1 kHz	20 ms/mm
2.5 kHz	8 ms/mm
5 kHz	4 ms/mm
10 kHz	2 ms/mm
25 kHz	800 µs/mm
50 kHz	400 µs/mm
125 kHz	160 µs/mm
250 kHz	80 µs/mm

8.2.1

Selecting a data-capture sample rate

Use the procedure below to select a data-capture playback timebase that applies to all channels.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "SETUP CAPTURE."**

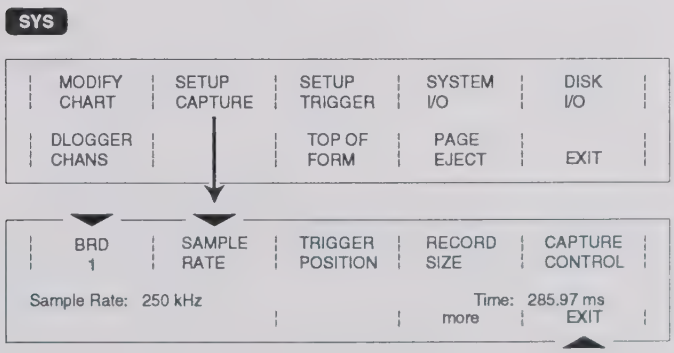
3 **Press the soft key above "BRD" until the data-capture board you want to setup is selected.**

4 **Press the soft key above "SAMPLE RATE."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the sample rate that you want.**

- **Note that, as sample rates are selected, the "Time:" parameter of the display dynamically changes to show how much time the data capture will require.**
- **The time required to complete a data capture is a function of the sample rate selected and the record size selected.**

6 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "SAMPLE RATE" menu.**



8.2.2

Selecting a data-capture record size

When capturing data with the DASH 10, the terms "record size" and "window size" mean the same thing. "Record size" and "window size" indicate, in kilosamples per record per channel, the total amount of data capture memory allocated to the next data-capture record.

The "RECORD SIZE" selection of the "SETUP CAPTURE" parameter is used to select the size of the next data-capture record. The record size that you select applies to all recording channels on the selected data capture board.

Use the procedure below to select a record size.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "SETUP CAPTURE."**

3 **Press the soft key above "BRD" until the data-capture board you want to setup is selected.**

4 **Press the soft key above "RECORD SIZE."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the record size that you want.**

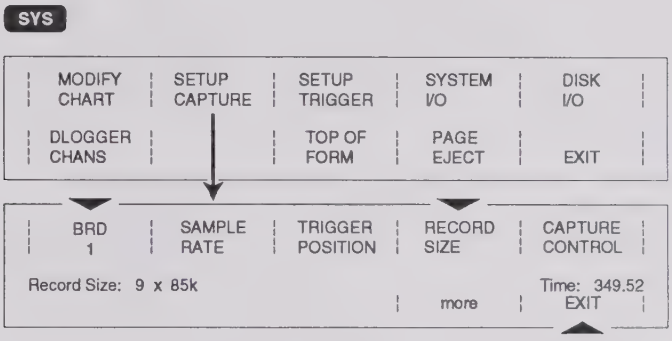
- **Note that, as record sizes are selected, the "Time:" parameter of the display dynamically changes to show how much time the data capture will require.**
- **The time required to complete a data capture is a function of the sample rate selected and the record size selected.**

6 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "RECORD SIZE" menu.**

- **See the illustration at the top of the next page.**

8.2.2

Selecting a data-capture record size



8.2.3

The data-capture window and trigger placement

Data is captured with reference to a trigger. The term "trigger/window relationship" is used to describe the location of the trigger within the data-capture window. As with all data-capture setups, the trigger/window relationship has to be defined before data is captured. After a data-capture record has been created, the trigger/window relationship cannot be changed for that record.

The location of the trigger within the window determines the percentages of pretrigger and post-trigger data that are captured. The DASH 10 menus make it convenient to discuss the trigger/window relationship in terms of four trigger location possibilities. These are:

- start triggers
  - Start triggers place the trigger at the very beginning of the window. The only data captured is after the trigger.
- end triggers
  - End triggers place the trigger at the very end of the window. The only data captured is before the trigger.

The data-capture window and trigger placement

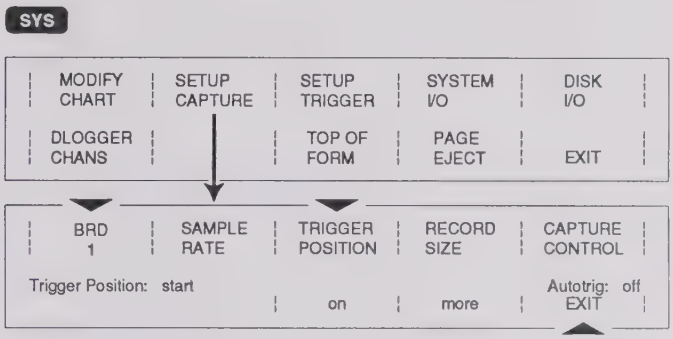
- center triggers
  - Center triggers place the trigger at the very middle of the window. 50% of the data captured is pretrigger and 50% of the data is post-trigger.
- percentage triggers
  - Percentage triggers are placed within the window at 1% increments. Pretrigger data and post-trigger data are captured with reference to where the trigger is placed.

Use the procedure below to place the trigger within the data-capture window.

1. **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**
2. **Press the soft key above "SETUP CAPTURE."**
3. **Press the soft key above "BRD" until the data-capture board you want to setup is selected.**
4. **Press the soft key above "TRIGGER POSITION."**
5. **Use the encoder wheel to select the percentage into the data-capture window that you want to place the trigger.**
6. **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "TRIGGER POSITION" menu.**
   - **See the illustration at the top of the next page.**

8.2.3

The data-capture window and trigger placement



8.2.4

Selecting the single acquisition data-capture methods

As earlier mentioned, DASH 10 recorders equipped with the Data Capture option (DC-xx) provide four data capture methods:

- single acquisitions without automatic record playback.

  Single acquisitions are individually added to the inventory of records in system memory.

- single acquisitions with automatic record playback.

  Real-time recording is aborted during playback and the record is retained in the inventory of records in DRAM.

- multi-stacking of acquisitions with optional auto-triggering and auto-rearming.

  Automatic system arming and data acquisition with automatic "stacking" of the resulting records to system memory.

Setting up the single acquisition data-capture methods

- multi-stacking of acquisitions with playback.

  Automatic system arming, data acquisition, and record playback with automatic deletion and replacement of existing records by subsequent data captures.

The "CAPTURE CONTROL" selection of the "SETUP CAPTURE" parameter is used to select the data-capture method that you want to use.

Use the procedure below to select either the "single capture" data-capture method or the "single capture with playback" data-capture method.

1. **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**
2. **Press the soft key above "SETUP CAPTURE."**
3. **Press the soft key above "CAPTURE CONTROL."**
4. **Press the soft key above "BRD" until the data-capture board you want to setup is selected.**
5. **Press the soft key above "CAPTURE CONTROL."**
6. **Use the encoder wheel until the data-capture method you want appears in the menu.**

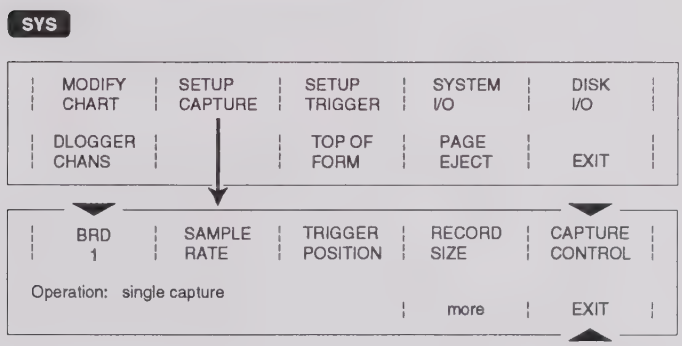
   - **If a data acquisition occurs with "single capture" selected:**

     - **each capture is individually added to the next data capture record.**
     - **the system must be manually re-armed after each capture.**

Setting up the single acquisition data-capture methods

- **If a data acquisition occurs with "single capture w/ playback" selected:**
  - **data is captured.**
  - **a hard-copy of the captured data is printed immediately and automatically.**
  - **real-time recording is aborted during data playback.**
  - **each capture is individually added to the next data capture record.**
  - **the system must be manually re-armed after each capture and playback.**

7 **Press the soft key above "EXIT" to leave the "CAPTURE CONTROL" menu.**



8.2.5

Setting up the multi-capture (stacking) data-capture method

The "multi-capture (stacking)" data-capture method uses automatic triggering and automatic re-arming to allow the DASH 10 to automatically capture data and "stack" the resulting data-capture records to the full capacity of data-capture memory.

Use the procedure below to setup the "multi-capture (stacking)" data-capture method.

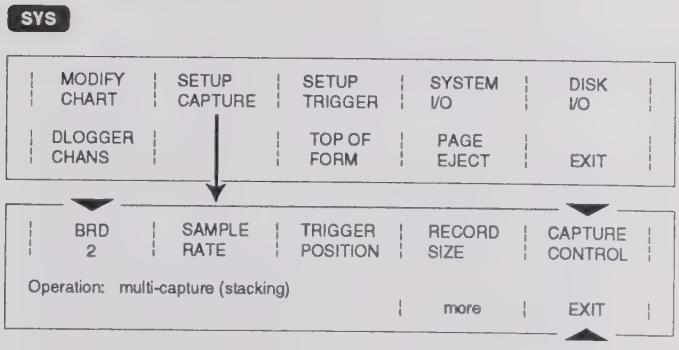
1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "SETUP CAPTURE."**

3 **Press the soft key above "BRD" until the data-capture board you want to setup is selected.**

4 **Press the soft key above "CAPTURE CONTROL."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel until the "multi-capture (stacking)" method appears in the menu.**



Setting up the multi-capture (stacking) data-capture method

6 Press the soft key above "TRIGGER POSITION."

7 If you want to use the optional autotriggering function, press the soft key below "on/off" until the "Autotrig:" parameter shown in the display is set to "on."

8 Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "TRIGGER POSITION" menu.

9 Press the front-panel [ARM] key and arm the system.

- The system is armed when the ARM indicator light next to the [ARM] key is illuminated.
- If the optional autotrigger function is turned on, a trigger is generated immediately and automatically when the system is first armed.
- If the optional autotrigger function is turned on, the system automatically creates a data capture record and re-arms itself.
- The system remains armed.
- If the optional autotrigger function is turned on, as triggers are sensed, the system automatically:
  - creates data capture records.
  - consecutively "stacks" the data capture records.
  - rearms itself at the completion of each acquisition and stacking.

8.2.5

Setting up the multi-capture (stacking) data-capture method

- **Unless the recorder's settings or mode of operation are changed, this automatic sequence of system arming, data acquisition, data-capture record stacking, and re-arming continues to the full capacity of data-capture memory.**

8.2.6

Setting up the continuous capture with playback data-capture method

When setup for the "continuous capture w/playback" data-capture method, the DASH 10 automatically:

- acquires data to the next available record.
- plays back the captured data.
- deletes the captured data.
- upon the next trigger, fills that same deleted record with captured data, plays back the data, and deletes the data.
- continues in this mode of operation until changed to any of the other data-capture methods already discussed.

Use the procedure below to setup the "continuous capture w/playback" data-capture method.

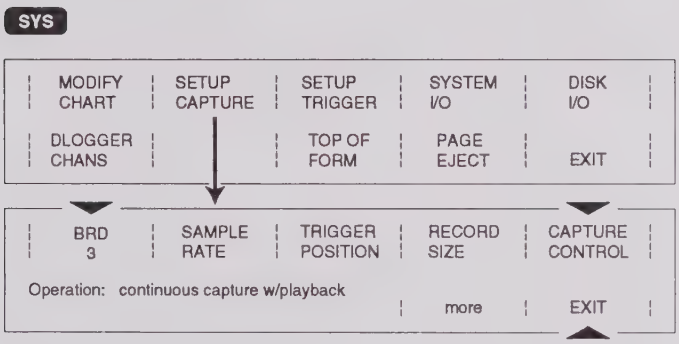
1. **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**
2. **Press the soft key above "SETUP CAPTURE."**
3. **Press the soft key above "BRD" until the data-capture board you want to setup is selected.**

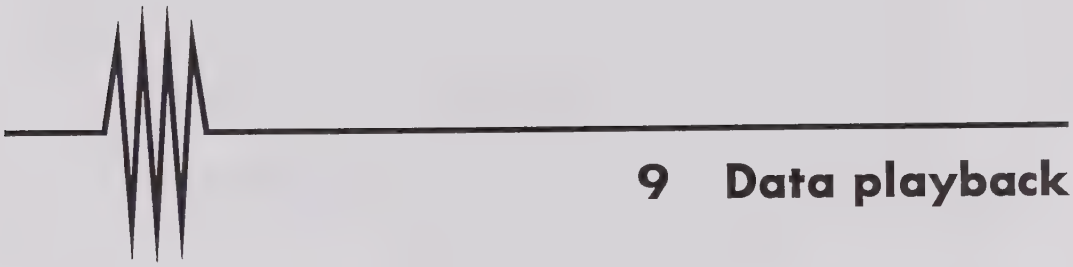
Setting up the continuous capture with playback data-capture method

4 **Press the soft key above "CAPTURE CONTROL."**

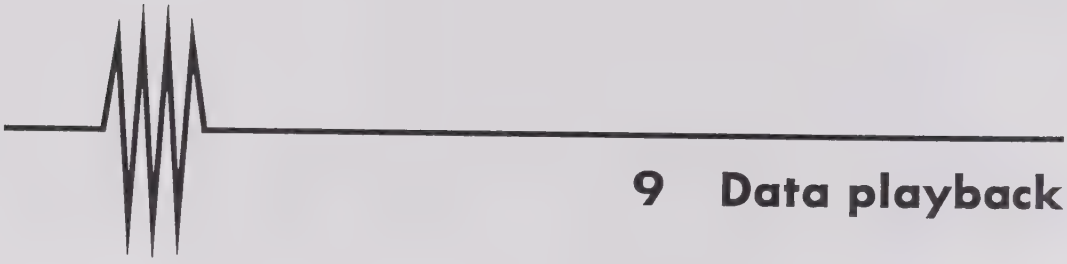
5 **Use the encoder wheel until the "continuous capture w/playback" method appears in the menu.**

6 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "CAPTURE CONTROL" menu.**





9 Data playback



9 Data playback

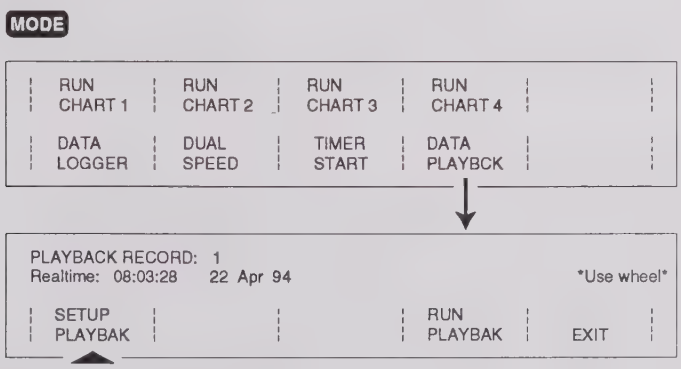
9.1

Playing back data with the DASH 10

After capturing data you will want to replay the data for examination and analysis. The DASH 10 provides playback controls that allow you to:

- select for playback all the captured data in the record.
- select for playback any portion of the captured data of interest down to the level of individual samples.
- playback the captured data as:
  - hardcopy only.
  - hardcopy with simultaneous playback on the recorder's display.
  - playback to the front-panel display only.

When the DASH 10's front-panel [MODE] key is pressed, the data playback setups are found under the "SETUP PLAYBACK" parameter of the "DATA PLAYBACK" mode.



9.1

Playing back data with the DASH 10

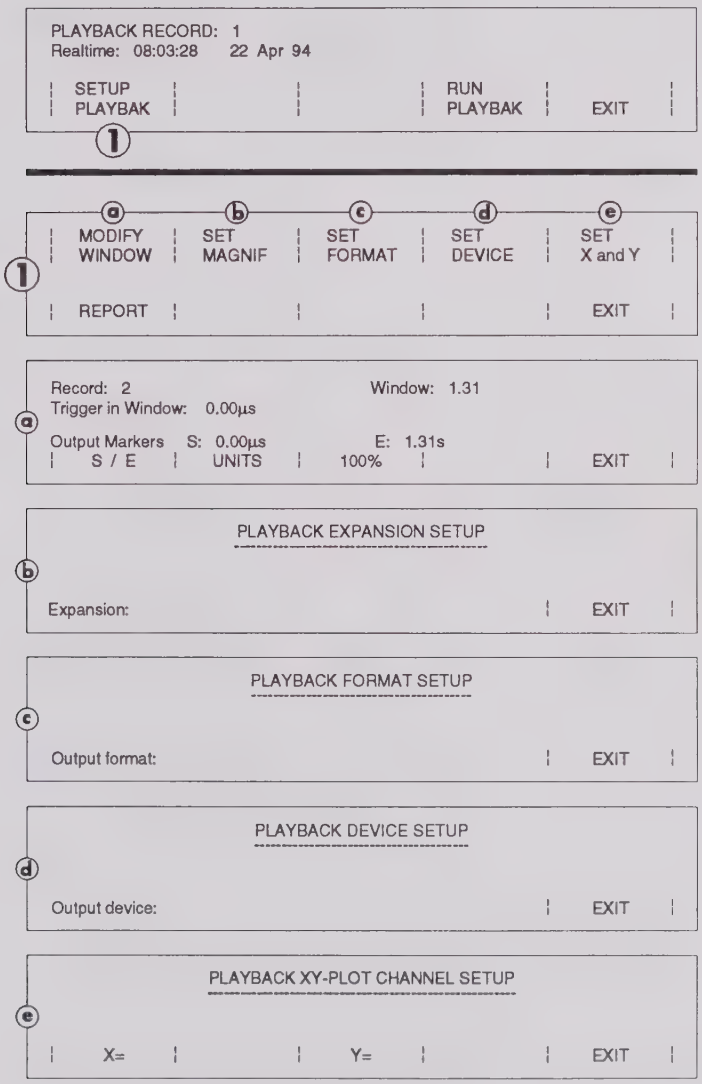
"SETUP PLAYBACK" parameters include:

- MODIFY WINDOW
  - selects all of the captured data or any specific portion of the data for playback.
- SET MAGNIF
  - expands or compresses the playback to allow detailed examination of data or to obtain an overview of the data.
- SET FORMAT
  - selects an output format that determines the "layout" of the captured data on the chart paper or on the front-panel display.
- SET DEVICE
  - selects as the playback destination either:
    - chart paper only.
    - chart paper and the front-panel display.
    - the front-panel display only.
- SET X and Y
  - selects a channel to be plotted as the X-axis and the channel to be plotted as the Y-axis in an XY plot format.
- REPORT
  - generates a hardcopy report listing a variety of data including each channels full scale range, zero suppression status, DC/GND status, mode, and signal filtering status.

The complete menu flow for the "SETUP PLAYBACK" setups is shown in the illustration on the next page.

9.1

Playing back data with the DASH 10



9.1.1

Selecting either the entire record or a specific part of the record for playback

The "MODIFY WINDOW" parameter found under the "DATA PLAYBACK" setup is used to select either the whole data-capture record or any part of the record for playback.

Use the procedure below to select the data you want to replay.

1 **Press the front-panel [MODE] key.**

2 **Press the soft key below "DATA PLAYBACK."**

3 **Press the soft key below "SETUP PLAYBACK."**

4 **Press the soft key above "MODIFY WINDOW."**

- **Note that the top portion of the "MODIFY WINDOW" menu shows the following fields:**

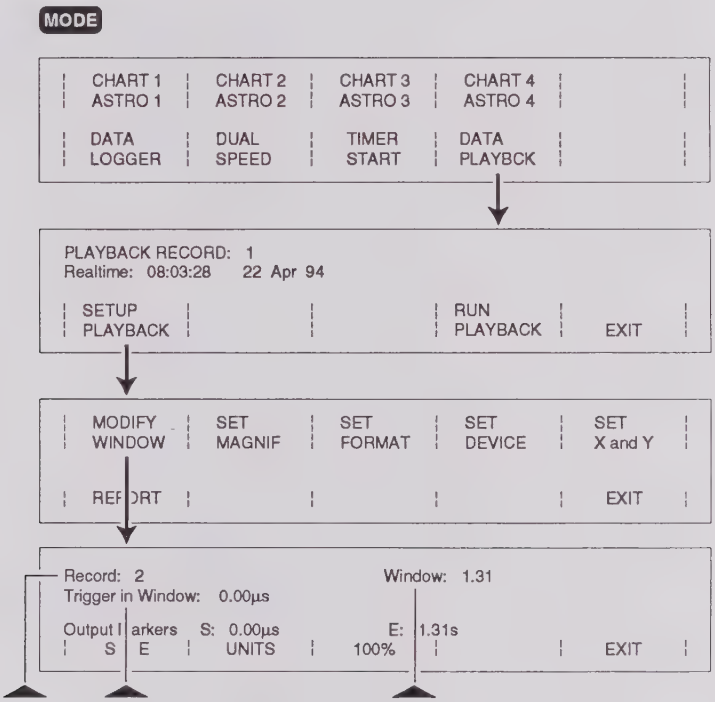
  - **"Record:"**
    the number of the record that has been selected.

  - **"Trigger in Window:"**
    the position of the trigger within the data capture window expressed either as time or data sample number.

  - **"Window:"**
    the size of the data-capture window expressed either as time or data sample number.

9.1.1

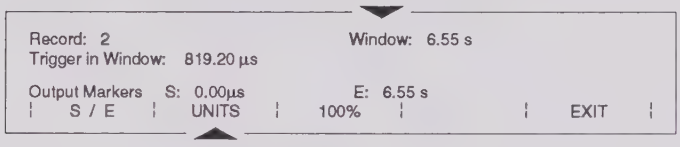
Selecting either the entire record or a specific part of the record for playback



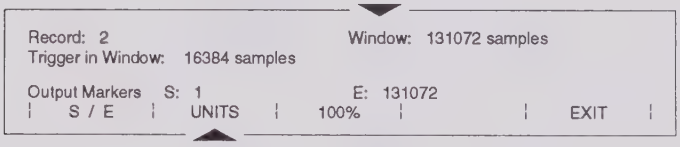
Selecting either the entire record or a specific part of the record for playback

5 **Press the soft key below "UNITS" to select the units in which the data capture window will be described.**

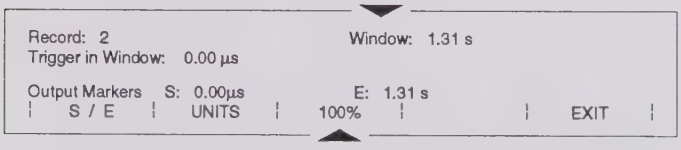
- **The DASH 10 can describe the data capture window in units of time:**



- **or quantity of data samples:**



6 **If you want to quickly select the entire data-capture window for replay, press the soft key below "100%."**

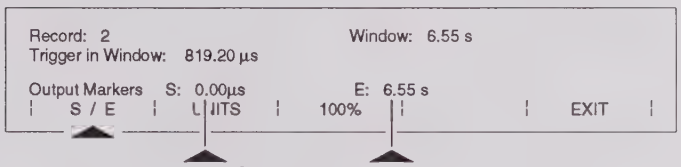


9.1.1

Selecting either the entire record or a specific part of the record for playback

7 **Press the soft key below "S / E."**

- **This selects the "Output markers:" parameter.**
- **This field allows you to select, from any location within the window, the starting point (S) and the end point (E) of the data to be replayed.**



8 **When each parameter has been selected, use the encoder wheel to select the value you want.**

9 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "MODIFY WINDOW" menu.**

9.1.2

Expanding or compressing a data-capture record playback in the time or amplitude axes

Use the "SET MAGNIF" setup of the "SETUP PLAYBACK" parameter to expand or compress the playback of the captured data.

Expansion is used to examine data in detail. Compression is used to obtain an overview of the data.

9.1.2

Expanding or compressing a data-capture record playback in the time or amplitude axes

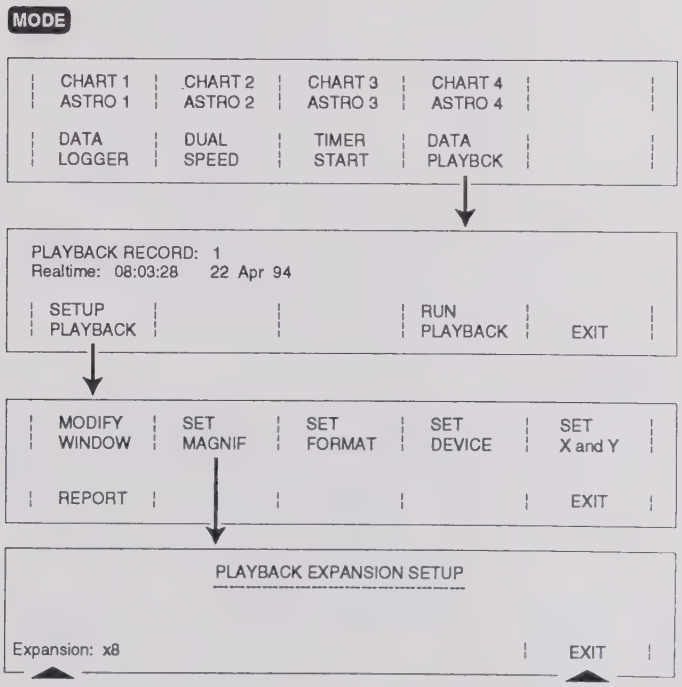
Use the procedure below to set the magnification level select the data you want to replay.

1 **Press the front-panel [MODE] key.**

2 **Press the soft key below "DATA PLAYBACK."**

3 **Press the soft key below "SETUP PLAYBACK."**

4 **Press the soft key above "SET MAGNIF."**



9.1.2

Expanding or compressing a data-capture record playback in the time or amplitude axes

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the expansion factor that you want applied to the playback.**

- **expansion factors: x $^1/_2$, x $^1/_3$, x $^1/_4$ through x $^1/_{25}$ and x1, x2, x3 through x25.**

6 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "SET MAGNIF" setup.**

9.1.3

Selecting a chart format for the playback

When playing back captured data, it is important to understand that the only chart formats that will be available for the playback will be those of the active recorder setup.

- Unless data playback is immediate or the active setup remains unchanged, it is possible for the chart formats of the current active setup to be unrelated to, or inappropriate for, the captured data being played back.

  - For example, if the data-capture record contains four channels but the chart formats of the active setup are for two channels then no sensible relationship would exist between the data being played back and the available chart formats.

9.1.3

Selecting a chart format for the playback

There are three solutions to this situation:

- When the data capture occurs, save the currently active setup with the data-capture record. When you are ready to play back the data-capture record, download the saved recorder setup so that the saved recorder setup becomes the active setup. This will ensure an appropriate correlation between the captured data and the chart format.
- When the data capture occurs, note the formats of the active setup so that you can reconstruct the recorder setup when the data-capture record is played back.
- Configure the appropriate recorder setup "from scratch" so that the available chart formats will be appropriate for playback of the data-capture record.

Use the procedure below to select the chart format on which the captured data will be replayed.

1 **Press the front-panel [MODE] key.**

2 **Press the soft key below "DATA PLAYBACK."**

3 **Press the soft key below "SETUP PLAYBACK."**

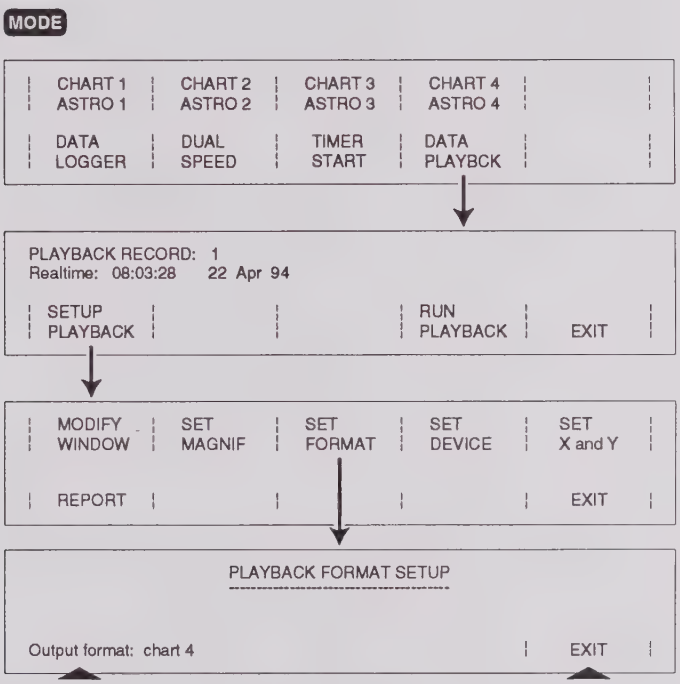
4 **Press the soft key above "SET FORMAT."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the chart format that you want to use for the playback.**

- **You will be able to select either:**
  - **one of the four charts formats of the active recorder setup.**
  - **an XY plot.**
  - **an numeric playout of data logger channels.**
- **See the illustration at the top of the next page.**

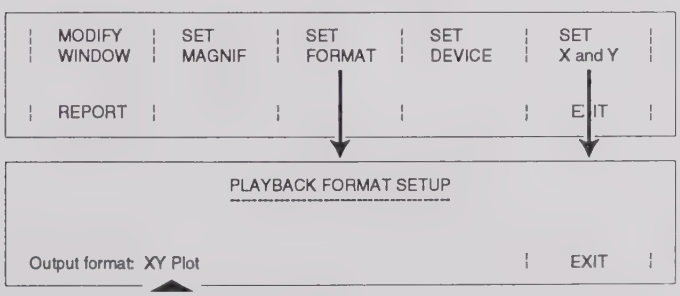
9.1.3

Selecting a chart format for the playback



6 To setup an XY plot:

- **Select XY plot in the "SET FORMAT" parameter.**

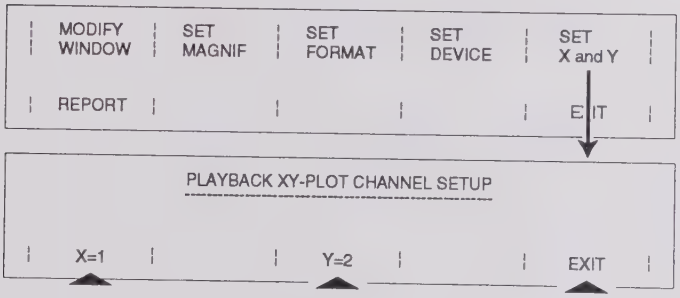


9.1.3

Selecting a chart format for the playback

- **Press the soft key above "SET X and Y."**
- **Press the soft key below the channel X field and the channel Y field until the channels you want to use for the XY plot are displayed.**

7 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "SET X and Y" menu.**



9.1.4

Selecting a destination for the playback

The DASH 10 allows you to playback the data-capture record to any of the following:

- chart paper only.
- chart paper and the front-panel display.
- the front-panel display only.

9.1.4

Selecting a destination for the playback

Use the procedure below to select the destination to which the data-capture record replayed.

1 **Press the front-panel [MODE] key.**

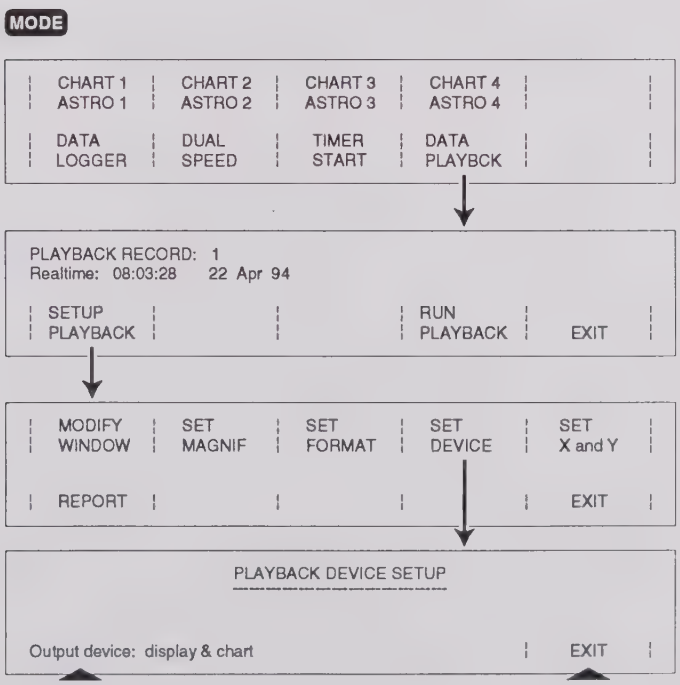
2 **Press the soft key below "DATA PLAYBACK."**

3 **Press the soft key below "SETUP PLAYBACK."**

4 **Press the soft key above "SET DEVICE."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the playback destination that you want.**

6 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "SET DEVICE" menu.**



10 Diskette-based input/output

10 Diskette-based input/output

10.1

Input/output functions when using diskettes

DASH 10 diskette-based input/output functions include:

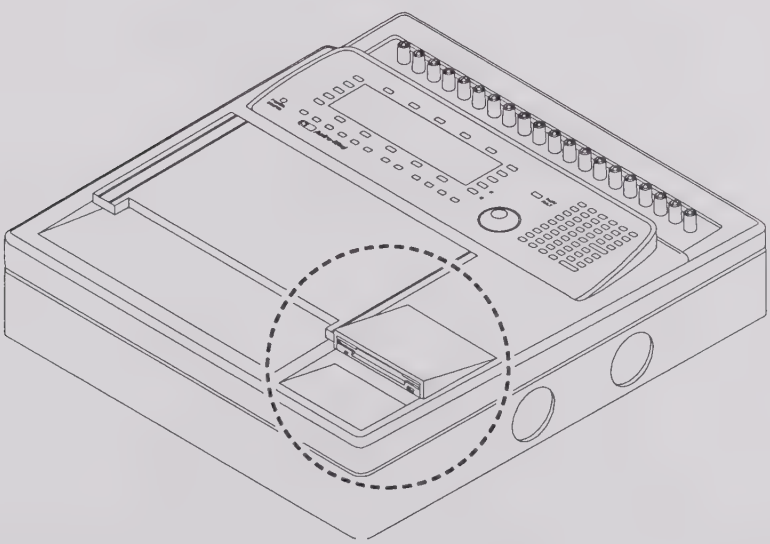
- saving almost all active recorder setups to diskette.
- recalling saved recorder setups from diskette.
- renaming files on diskette.
- deleting files from diskette.
- formatting diskettes.
- printing files from diskette.
- upgrading operating system software.*

* System software upgrades are discussed in section 11, System input/output.

The procedures presented in this section describe how to define each of the DASH 10 system input/output functions.

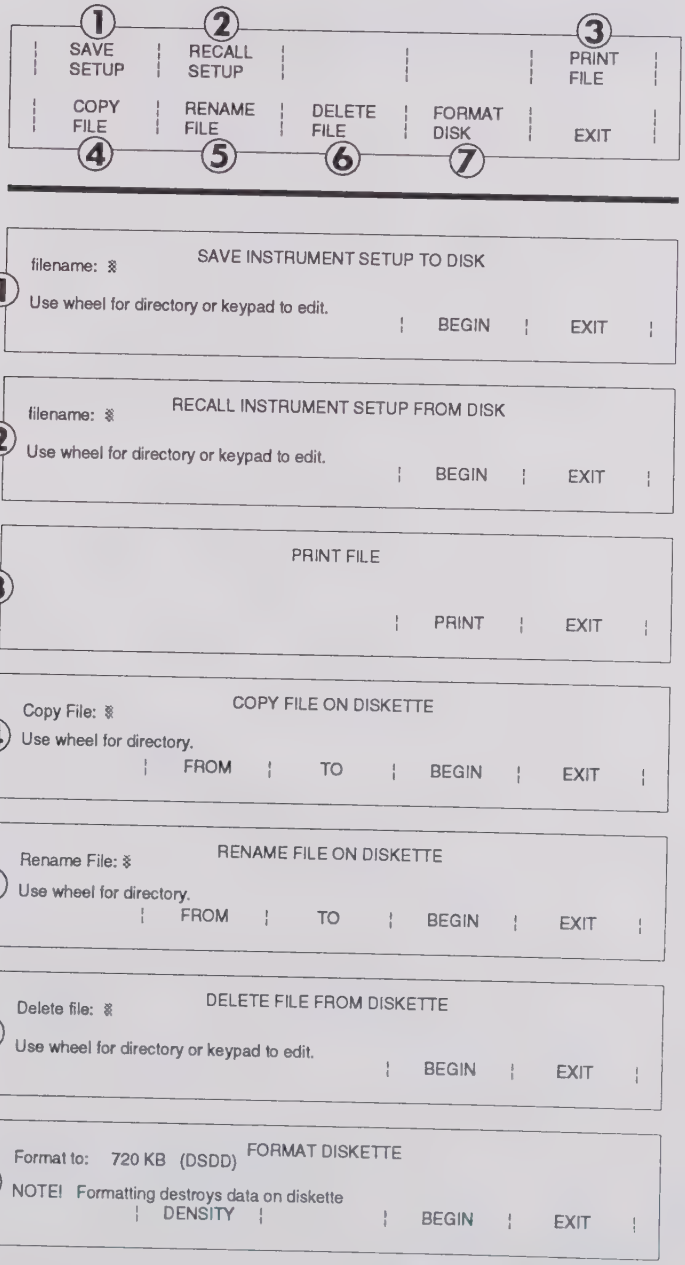
The complete menu flow for the DISK I/O selection is shown on page 10-2.

Diskette-based input/output functions are done using the recorder's front-panel disk drive.



10.1

Input/output functions when using diskettes



10.2

About the settings that make a recorder setup

The DASH 10 has the ability to permanently save to diskette almost all active recording setups. This ability can be exceptionally useful because it completely eliminates the need for time-consuming, repetitive recorder preparation. Equally important, it allows you to create a "library" of recorder setups so that, whenever necessary, you can easily retrieve and reuse formats that have been previously setup.

When an active recorder setup is saved, the parameters that are saved are numerous and include:

- [Z/G] key settings.
- [EDIT] key settings.
- [SPD] key settings.
- MODIFY CHART settings.
- SETUP CAPTURE settings.
- SETUP TRIGGER settings.
- SYSTEM I/O settings (except for CAL REF switch).
- DATALOGGER recording mode settings.
- DUAL SPEED recording mode settings.
- TIMER START recording mode settings.
- DATA PLAYBACK settings.
- host control settings.

Setups are saved as a group in a named file so it is convenient to refer to saving all the recorder setups as saving "the setup."

The DASH 10's "SAVE SETUP" function is used when you want to save the setup selections of a recording session to diskette. The "SAVE SETUP" function is discussed in the paragraph that follows.

10.3

Saving a recorder setup to diskette

1 Put a formatted 3.5 inch diskette into the front-panel disk-drive.

- If necessary, use the FORMAT DISK procedure described in paragraph 10.7 of this section.

2 Press the front-panel [SYS] key.

3 Press the soft key above "DISK I/O."

4 Press the soft key above "SAVE SETUP."

5 Use the DASH 10's alphanumeric keypad to create a file name for the active recorder setup.

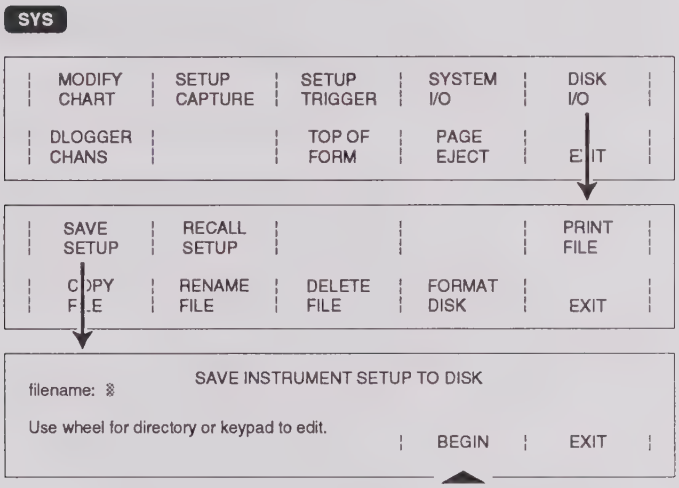
- The length of file name must be twelve characters.
- Eight characters form the file name.
- Three characters are used to designate an extension.
- A dot separates the file name from the extension. For example, file names might look like: MYTEST12.dos, STRESSLB.dos, etc.
- If the diskette you are using already contains setup files, you can select any of the files and save the new recorder setup under the selected setup's name.

6 Press the soft key below "BEGIN."

- The active setup is saved to diskette under the file name you created or under an existing name.
- See the illustration at the top of the next page.

10.3

Saving a recorder setup to diskette



10.4

Recalling a recorder setup from diskette

When a saved recorder setup is recalled from diskette, the active recorder setup is lost and cannot be recovered. If you want to retain the active setup, always save it to diskette before recalling the saved setup.

1. **Put the diskette containing the saved recorder setup into the rear-panel disk-drive.**
2. **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**
3. **Press the soft key above "DISK I/O."**
4. **Press the soft key above "RECALL SETUP."**

10.4

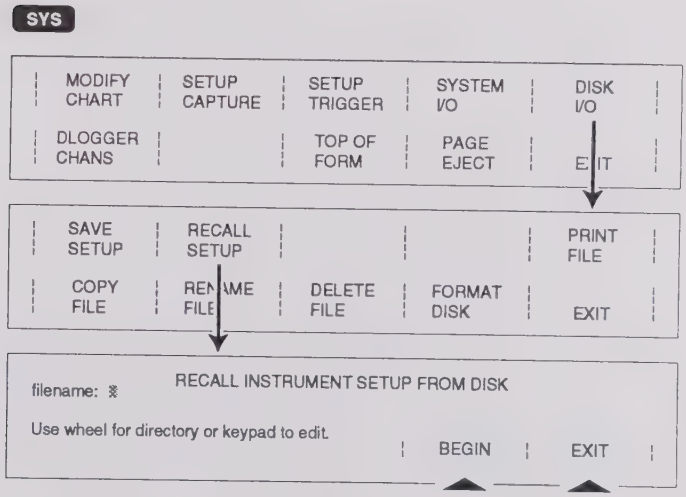
Recalling a recorder setup from diskette

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the name of the saved recorder setup file that you want to upload from the diskette.**

6 **Press the soft key below "BEGIN."**

- **The selected recorder setup is recalled from diskette and becomes the active recorder setup.**

7 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "RECALL SETUP" menu.**



10.5

Renaming files on diskette

Use the procedure on the procedure below to edit the name of any recorder setup file that you have saved to diskette.

1. **Put the diskette containing the saved recorder setup into the front-panel disk-drive.**
2. **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**
3. **Press the soft key above "DISK I/O."**
4. **Press the soft key below "RENAME FILE."**
5. **Use the encoder wheel to select from the diskette the file name that you want to edit.**
6. **Press the soft key below "TO."**
7. **Use the DASH 10's alphanumeric keypad to type a new name for the selected file on diskette.**
   - **The length of the file name must be twelve characters.**
   - **Eight characters form the file name.**
   - **Three characters are used to designate an extension.**
   - **A dot separates the file name from the extension.**

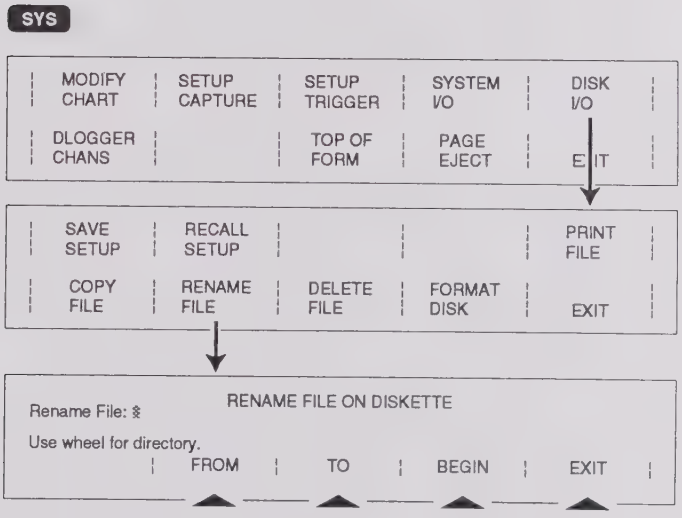
10.5

Renaming files on diskette

8 **Press the soft key below "BEGIN."**

- **The old file name is immediately replaced by the new name you just typed.**

9 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "RENAME FILE" menu.**



10.6

Deleting files from diskette

Use the procedure on the procedure below to delete any recorder setup file that you have saved on a diskette.

1 **Put the diskette containing the saved recorder setup into the front-panel disk-drive.**

2 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

3 **Press the soft key above "DISK I/O."**

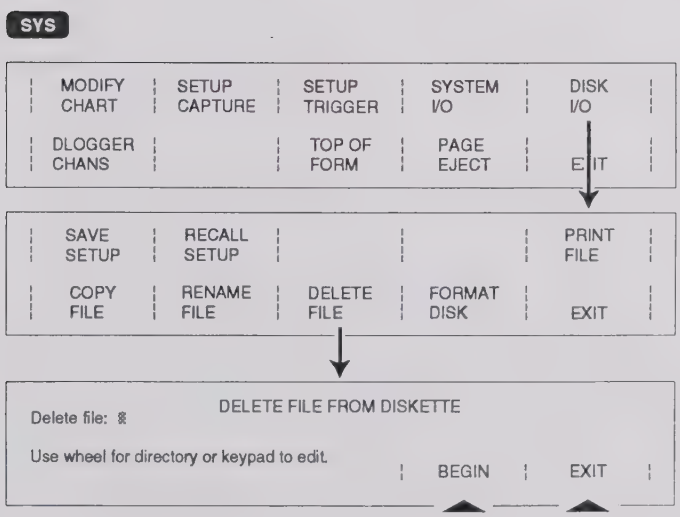
4 **Press the soft key below "DELETE FILE."**

5 **Use the encoder wheel to select from the diskette the name of the file that you want to delete.**

6 **Press the soft key beneath "BEGIN."**

- **The selected file is immediately deleted from the diskette.**

7 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "DELETE FILE" menu.**



10.7

Formatting diskettes

The DASH 10's front-panel disk drive requires the use of 3.5-inch diskettes. The recorder can format diskettes to either of two format densities:

- 720KB double-sided, double-density (DSDD).
- 1.44MB double-sided, high-density (DSHD).

Use the procedure below to use the DASH 10's front-panel disk drive to format 3.5-inch diskettes.

1 **Put a 3.5 inch diskette into the front-panel disk-drive.**

2 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

3 **Press the soft key above "DISK I/O."**

4 **Press the soft key below "FORMAT DISK."**

5 **Press the soft key below "DENSITY."**

- **If you are formatting a double-sided, double-density diskette, select the 720KB (DSDD) setting.**
- **If you are formatting a high density diskette, select the 1.44 MB (DSHD) setting.**

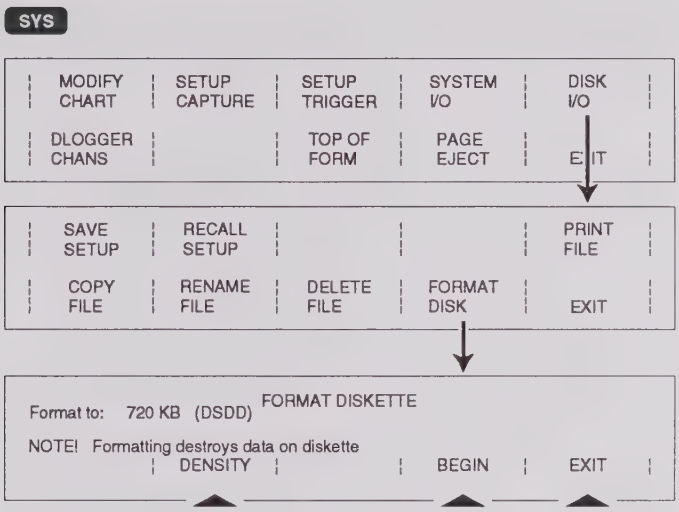
6 **Press the soft key below "BEGIN."**

- **The formatting process will begin and the display dynamically shows the number of tracks formatted.**

See the illustration at the top of the next page.

10.7

Formatting diskettes



7 Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "FORMAT DISK" menu.

10.8

Printing ASCII files from diskette

The DASH 10 can print ASCII files from diskette. Use the procedure below to print ASCII files from 3.5-inch diskettes.

1 Put the 3.5 inch diskette containing the ASCII files you want to print into the front-panel disk-drive.

2 Press the front-panel [SYS] key.

3 Press the soft key above "DISK I/O."

4 Press the soft key below "FORMAT DISK."

10.8

Printing ASCII files from diskette

The DASH 10 can print ASCII files from diskette. Use the procedure below to print ASCII files from 3.5-inch diskettes.

1 **Put the 3.5 inch diskette containing the ASCII files you want to print into the front-panel disk-drive.**

2 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

3 **Press the soft key above "DISK I/O."**

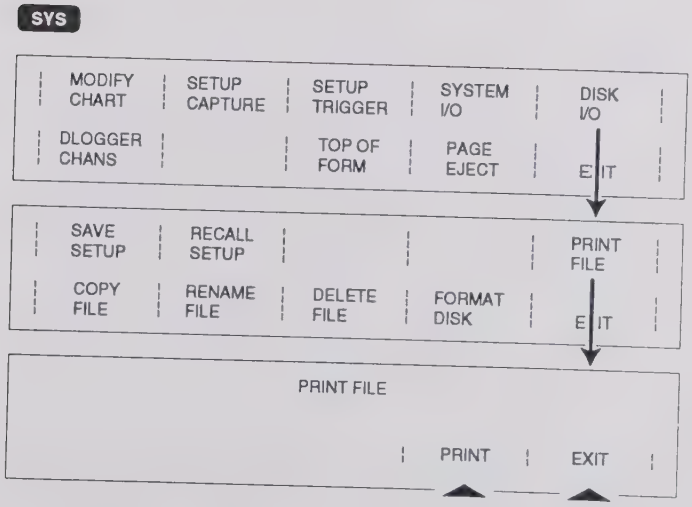
4 **Press the soft key above "PRINT FILE."**

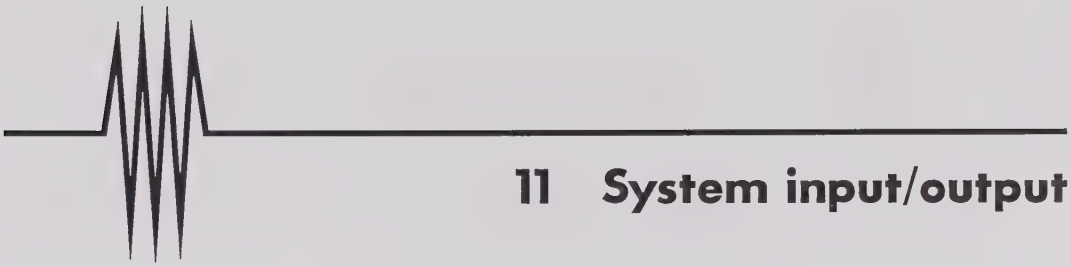
5 **Use the encoder wheel to select the name of the ASCII file you want to print.**

6 **Press the soft key below "PRINT."**

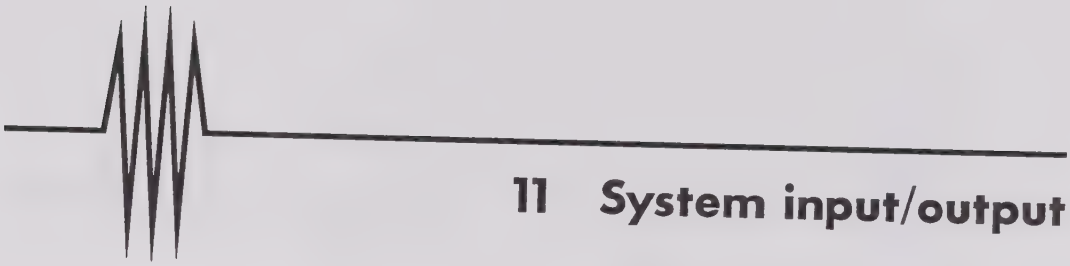
- **The selected ASCII file is immediately printed.**

7 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the "PRINT FILE" menu.**





11 System input/output



11 System input/output

11.1

DASH 10 system input/output

DASH 10 system input / output functions include:

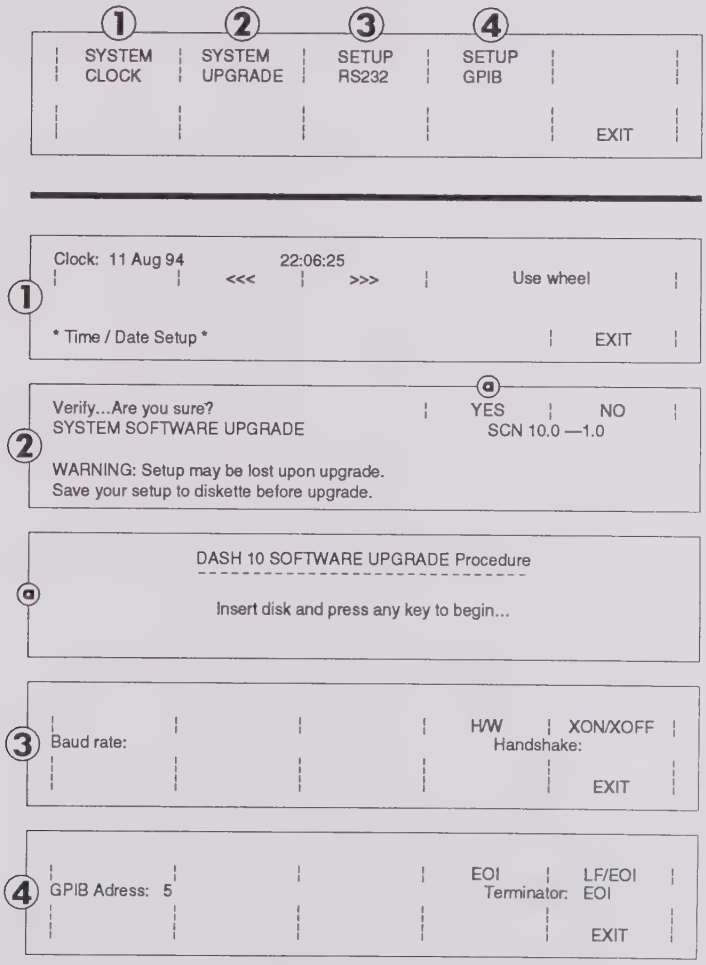
- setting the system clock.
- setting up the RS232 communications interface for host-computer control, if desired.
- setting up the GPIB communications interface for host-computer control, if desired.
- verifying the accuracy of the DASH 10's internal precision voltage reference.
- performing system software upgrades.

These functions are defined using the SYSTEM I/O setups of the [SYS] key. The complete menu flow for the SYSTEM I/O setups is shown on page 11-2.

The procedures presented in this section describe how to use each of the DASH 10 system input/output functions.

11.1

DASH 10 system input/output



11.2

Setting the system clock

1 Press the front-panel [SYS] key.

2 Press the soft key above "SYSTEM I/O."

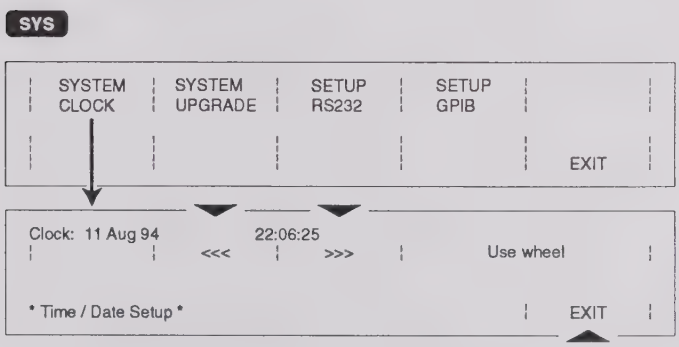
3 Press the soft key above "SYSTEM CLOCK."

4 Press the soft keys above "<<<" or ">>>" and individually select each parameter of the date and time.

- system clock parameters: day, month, year, hour, minute, second.

5 When each parameter is selected, use the encoder wheel to set the parameter to the value you want.

6 Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the SYSTEM CLOCK setup menu.



11.3

Setting up the RS232 interface

The complete process of setting up host control over the DASH 10 requires more than setting up the RS232 communications interface. Please refer to the DASH 10 Host Control Manual for additional instructions regarding establishing host control of the recorder.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "SYSTEM I/O."**

3 **Press the soft key above "SETUP RS232."**

4 **Use the encoder wheel to select the baud rate you want to use.**

- **baud rates: 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200.**
- **baud rate limited to 1200 when XON/XOFF is selected as the handshaking method.**

5 **Press the soft key above "H/W" or "XON/XOFF" and select the communications handshaking method you want to use.**

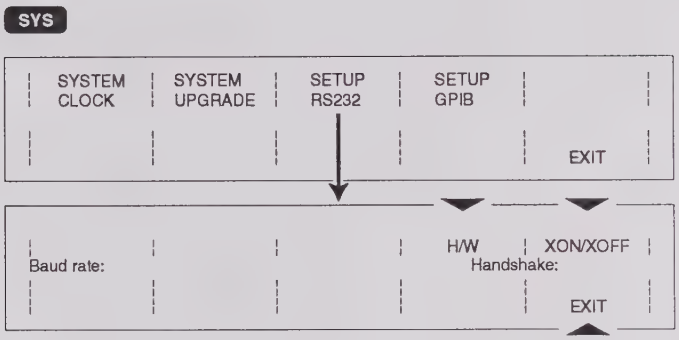
- **handshake methods: hardware or XON/XOFF.**

6 **Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the RS232 setup menu.**

- **See the illustration at the top of the next page.**

11.3

Setting up the RS232 interface



11.4

Setting up the GPIB interface

The complete process of setting up host control over the DASH IV requires more than setting up the GPIB communications interface.
Please refer to the DASH IV Host Control Manual for additional instructions regarding establishing host control of the recorder.

1 **Press the front-panel [SYS] key.**

2 **Press the soft key above "SYSTEM I/O."**

3 **Press the soft key above "SETUP GPIB."**

4 **Press the soft keys above "NEXT" and "PREV" and select the GPIB address you want to use.**

- **GPIB addresses: 0 through 31.**

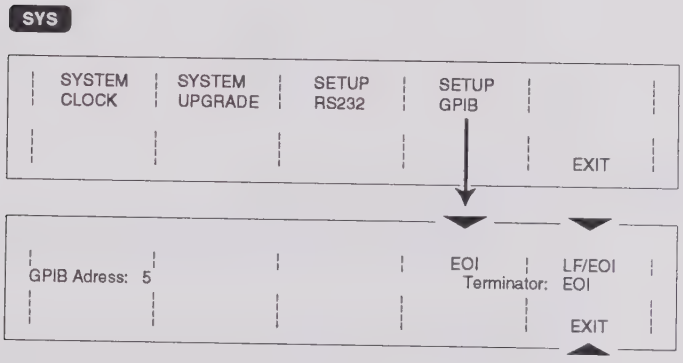
11.4

Setting up the GPIB interface

5 Press the soft key above "EOI" or "LF/EOI" and select the GPIB communications termination method you want to use.

- GPIB terminators: EOI or LF/EOI.

6 Press the soft key below "EXIT" to leave the GPIB setup menu.



11.5

Performing a system software upgrade

1 If you want to save the active recorder setup to diskette, use the procedures described in section X (Saving recorder setups to diskette) of this operations manual.

- If you do not save the active recorder setup, it will be lost during the upgrade procedure and will not be recoverable.

2 Press the soft key front-panel [SYS] key.

3 Press the soft key above "SYSTEM I/O."

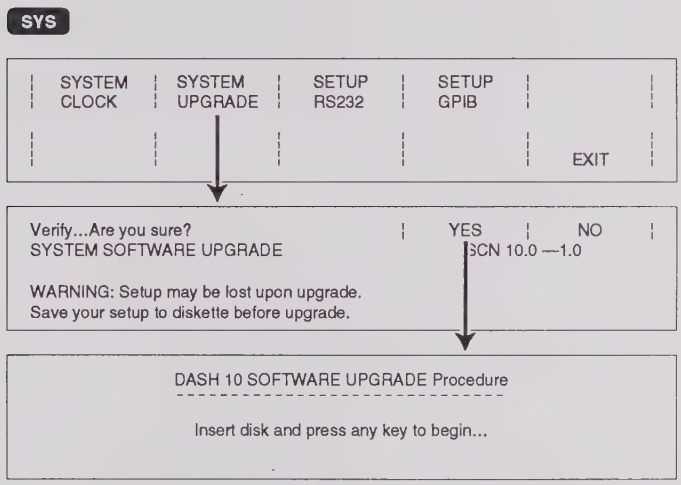
11.5

Performing a system software upgrade

4 **Press the soft key above "SYSTEM UPGRADE."**

- **At this point, a menu prompts you to confirm your intention of performing the software upgrade.**

5 **Press the soft key above "YES" to proceed with the upgrade procedure.**



6 **Insert the diskette containing the software upgrade into the recorder's rear-panel disk drive.**

7 **Press any front-panel key to start the system software upload.**

- **A display is automatically generated informing you that the erasure phase of the system software upgrade is in progress.**

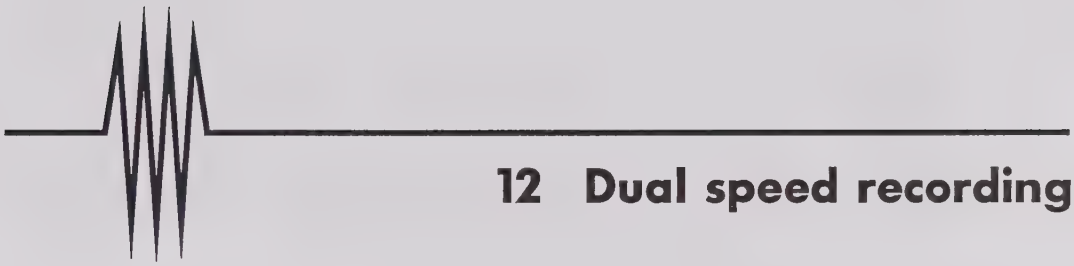
  The message is dynamic and shows the percentage of the erasure phase that has been completed.

- The erasure message is followed automatically by a message informing you that the programming phase of the system software upgrade is in progress.

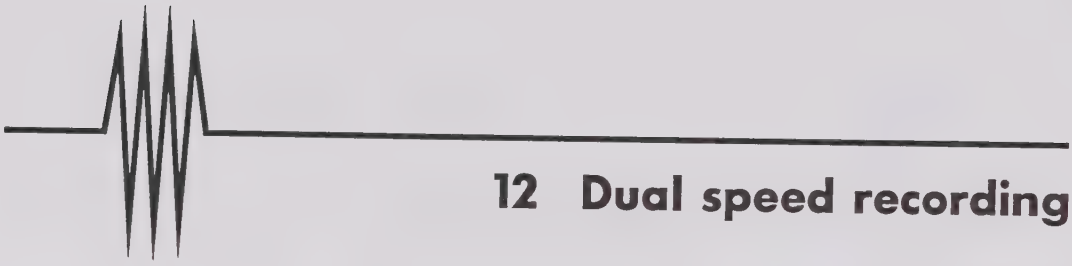
  The message is dynamic and shows the percentage of the programming phase that has been completed.

- A final message is generated automatically informing you that the upgrade procedure is complete.

8 Press any front-panel key to begin operating the recorder with the upgraded system software.



12 Dual speed recording



12 Dual speed recording

12.1

Timed and triggered dual speed recording

Dual speed operation allows the DASH 10 to toggle between two recording speeds either as the result of a trigger or the passage of a duration of time.

- Timed dual-speed recording toggles the recorder between two different chart speeds continuously and automatically after operating at each speed for a specified duration of time.

- Triggered dual-speed recording toggles the recorder between two different chart speeds continuously and automatically each time a trigger is sensed.

Time and triggered dual-speed operation are separately discussed below.

12.2

Setting up timed dual-speed recording

Timed dual-speed operation causes the DASH 10 to toggle automatically and continuously between two recording speeds after specific time durations.

When you setup a timed dual-speed recording session, you must define the following parameters:

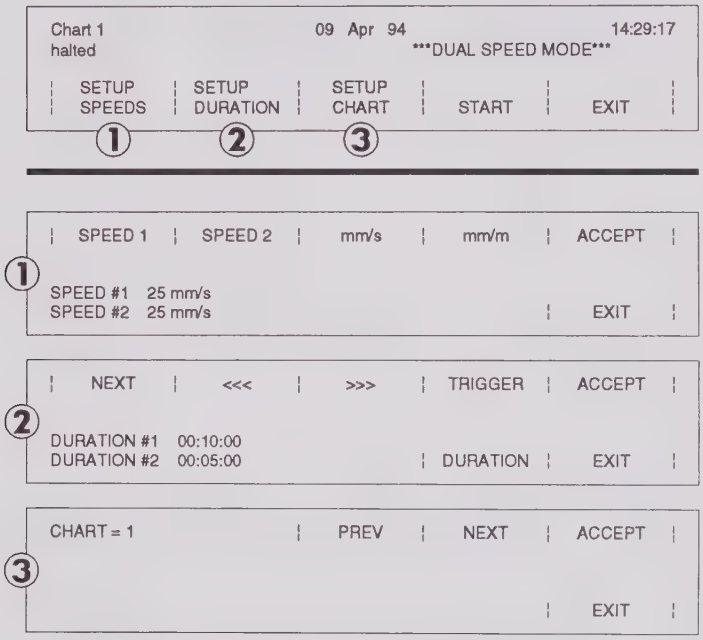
- speed 1
- speed 2
- duration 1
- duration 2
- chart format

The complete menu flow for all DUAL SPEED mode setups is shown in the illustration on the next page.

Use the procedure on the pages that follow to prepare the recorder for timed dual-speed operation.

12.2

Setting up timed dual-speed recording



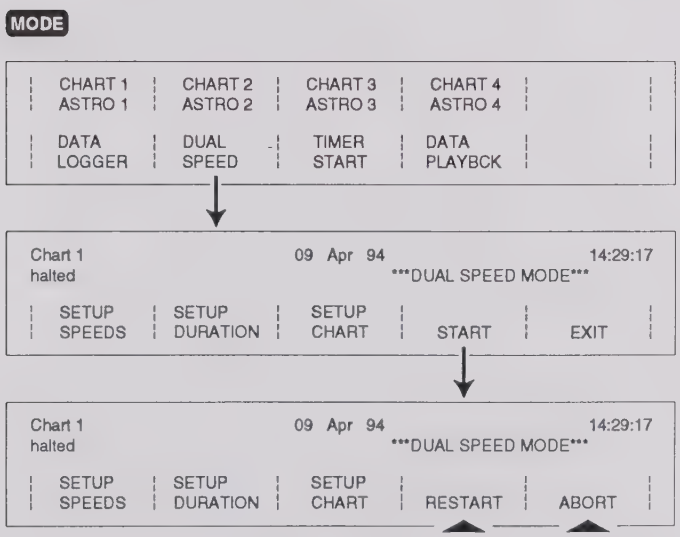
12.2

Setting up timed dual-speed recording

1 Press the front-panel [MODE] key.

2 Press the soft key below "DUAL SPEED."

- If the last dual-speed session was a timed session (not a triggered session), then you have the option of using the setup parameters as defined in that last session.
- Press the soft key "START" to begin timed dual-speed recording immediately using the setups of the last timed dual-speed recording session.
- If you halt dual-speed operation, press the soft key below "RESTART" to resume dual-speed recording.
- If you want to abandon operation in the DUAL SPEED mode, press the soft key below "ABORT."



12.2

Setting up timed dual-speed recording

3 To define new values for a timed dual-speed mode, press the soft key below "SETUP SPEEDS."

4 Press the soft key above "SPEED1" to select speed 1.

5 Use the encoder wheel to select the chart speed for speed 1.

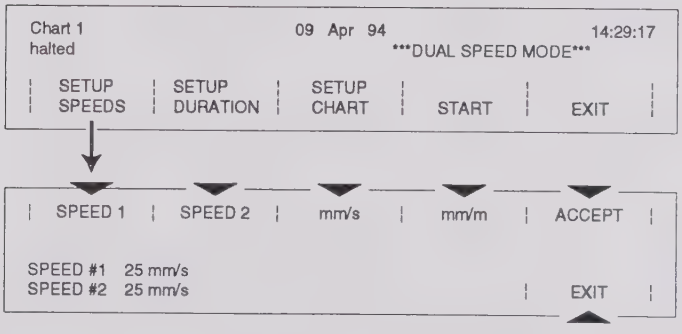
6 Press the soft key above "mm/s" or "mm/m" and select the speed range for the speed 1 parameter.

7 Press the soft key above "SPEED2" to select speed 2.

8 Use the encoder wheel to select the chart speed for speed 2.

9 Press the soft key above "mm/s" or "mm/m" and select the speed range for the speed 2 parameter.

10 Press the soft key above "ACCEPT."



12.2

Setting up timed dual-speed recording

11 **Press the soft key below "SETUP DURATION."**

12 **Press the soft key above "NEXT" until the duration 1 parameter is selected.**

- **The parameter blinks when selected.**

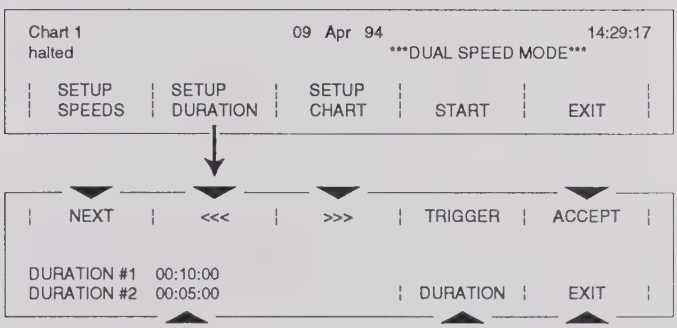
13 **Press the soft key above "<<<" or ">>>" and select hours, minutes, and seconds settings for the duration 1 parameter.**

14 **When each of the time parameters is selected, use the encoder wheel to set the duration in hours, minutes, and seconds.**

15 **Press the soft key above "NEXT" until the duration 2 parameter is selected.**

16 **Repeat steps 12 through 14 for duration 2.**

17 **Press the soft key above "ACCEPT."**



12.2

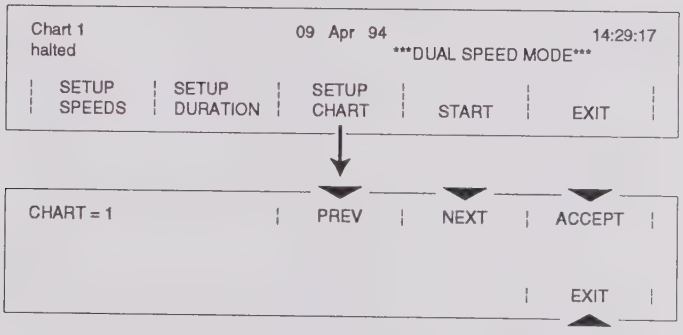
Setting up timed dual-speed recording

18 **Press the soft key below "SETUP CHART."**

19 **Press the soft key above "NEXT" or "PREV" and select the chart format that you want to use.**

- **The "Chart =" parameter changes dynamically as the soft keys are pressed.**

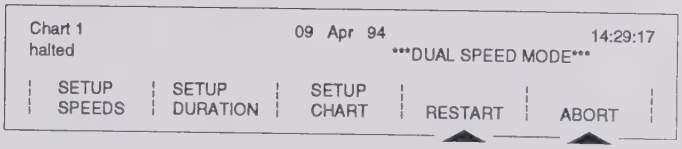
20 **Press the soft key above "ACCEPT."**



21 **Press the soft key below "START" to enter the timed dual-speed recording mode you just setup.**

22 **If you use the [RUN/HALT] key to halt timed dual-speed recording, press the soft key below "RESTART" to resume recording.**

23 **Press the soft key below "ABORT" if you want to cancel timed dual-speed recording and exit the mode.**



12.3

Setting up triggered dual-speed recording

Triggered dual-speed operation causes the DASH 10 to toggle automatically and continuously between two recording speeds each time the DASH 10 detects a trigger from any of the four valid trigger sources.

A trigger must be defined using the "SETUP TRIGGER" parameter found under the [SYS] key setups before the DASH 10 is used in the triggered dual-speed recording mode. See section 7, Setting up and enabling triggers.

When you setup a triggered dual-speed recording session, you must define the following parameters:

- speed 1
- speed 2
- duration 1 to trigger
- duration 2 to trigger
- chart format

Use the procedure below to prepare the recorder for triggered dual-speed operation.

1 **Press the front-panel [MODE] key.**

2 **Press the soft key below "DUAL SPEED."**

- **If the last dual-speed session was a triggered session (not a timed session), then you have the option of using the setup parameters as defined in that last session.**

- **Press the soft key below "START" to begin triggered dual-speed recording immediately using the setups of the last triggered dual-speed recording session.**

- **See the illustration on page 12-3.**

3 **To define new values for a triggered dual-speed mode, press the soft key below "SETUP SPEEDS."**

12.3

Setting up triggered dual-speed recording

4 **Press the soft key above "SPEED1."**

- **The parameter blinks when selected.**

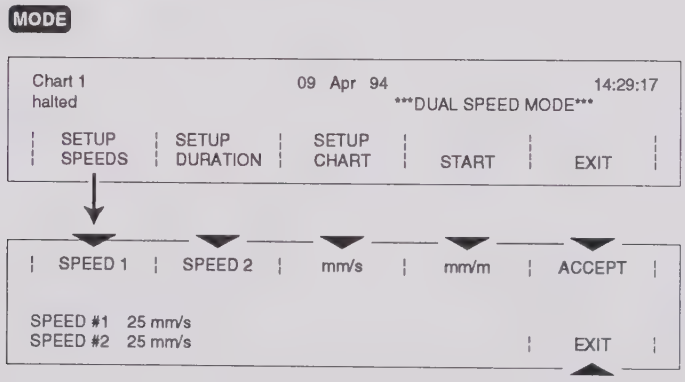
5 **Press the soft key above "mm/s" or "mm/m" and select the speed range for the speed 1 parameter.**

6 **Use the encoder wheel to select the chart speed for speed 1.**

7 **Press the soft key above "SPEED2."**

8 **Repeat steps 5 and 6 for speed 2.**

9 **Press the soft key above "ACCEPT."**



12.3

Setting up triggered dual-speed recording

10 **Press the soft key below "SETUP DURATION."**

11 **Press the soft key above "NEXT" until the duration 1 parameter is selected.**

- **The parameter blinks when selected.**

12 **Press the soft key above "TRIGGER."**

Note that the duration parameter in the menu dynamically changes to "Trigger."

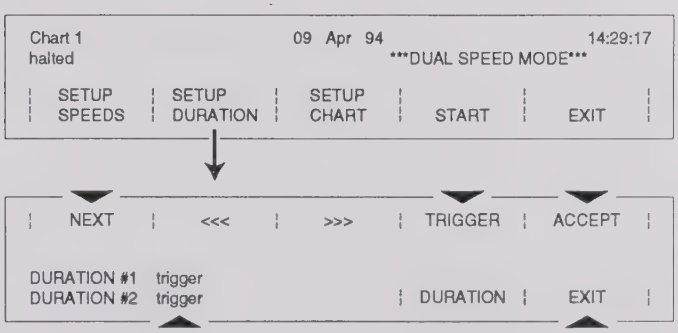
13 **Press the soft key above "NEXT" until the duration 2 parameter is selected.**

The parameter blinks when selected.

14 **Press the soft key above "TRIGGER."**

Note that the duration parameter in the menu dynamically changes to "Trigger."

15 **Press the soft key above "ACCEPT."**



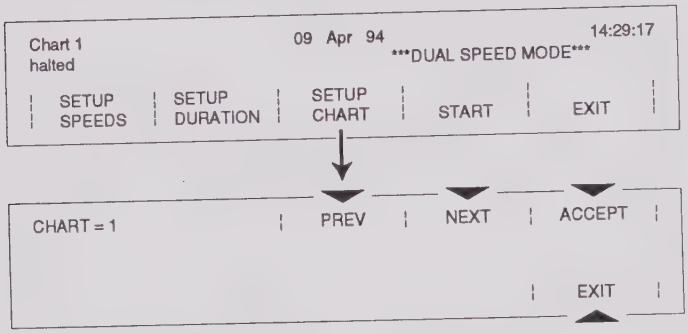
12.3

Setting up triggered dual-speed recording

16 Press the soft key below "SETUP CHART."

17 Press the soft key above "NEXT" or "PREV" and select the chart format that you want to use.

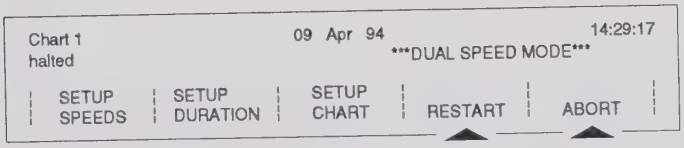
- The "Chart =" parameter changes dynamically as the soft keys are pressed.

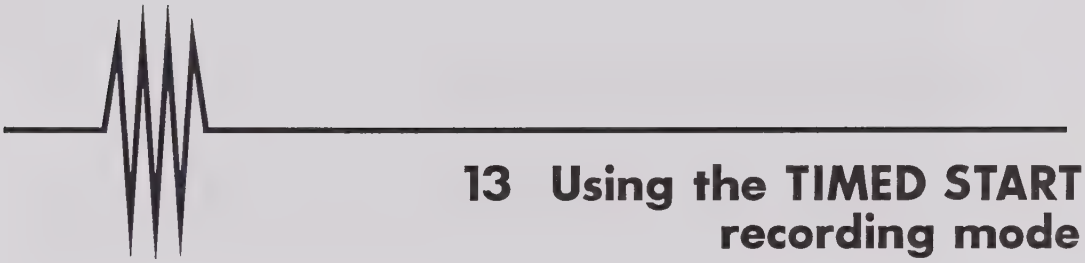


19 Press the soft key below "START" to enter the triggered dual-speed recording mode you just setup.

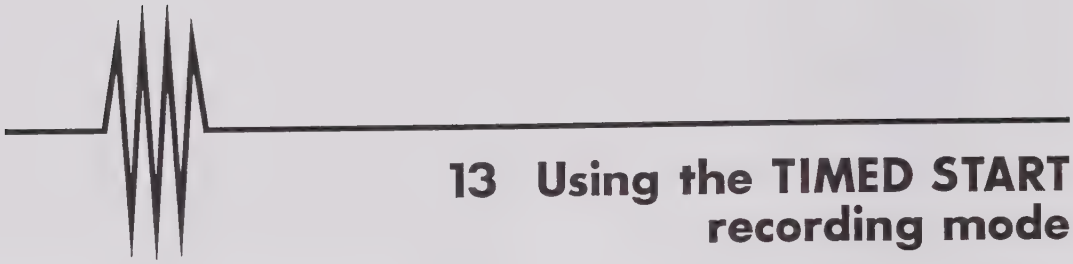
20 If you use the [RUN/HALT] key to pause triggered dual-speed recording, press the soft key below "RESTART" to resume recording.

21 Press the soft key below "ABORT" if you want to cancel triggered dual-speed recording and exit the mode.





13 Using the TIMED START recording mode



13 Using the TIMED START recording mode

13.1

Setting up the TIMED START recording mode

The TIMED START setup is used to program the DASH 10 to start recording at a specific time and date and to end recording at a specific time and date. When you setup a timed recording session, you must define the following parameters:

- start time: day, month, year, hour, minute, second.
- stop time: day, month, year, hour, minute, second.
- chart format.

Use the procedure below to setup a timed-recording session.

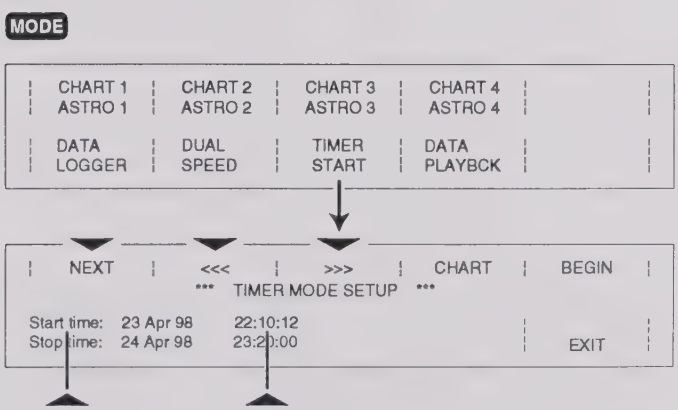
1 **Press the front-panel [MODE] key.**

2 **Press the soft key below "TIMER START."**

3 **Press the soft key above "NEXT" until the START TIME field is selected.**

4 **Press the soft key above "<<<" and ">>>" to individually select the day, month, year, hour, minute, and seconds parameters.**

- **When each element is selected, use the encoder wheel to specify the settings that you want.**



13.1

Setting up the TIMED START recording mode

5 To set the STOP TIME field for a timed recording session, press the soft key above "NEXT" until the stop time parameter is selected.

6 Press the soft key above "<<<" and ">>>" to individually select the day, month, year, hour, minute, and seconds parameters.

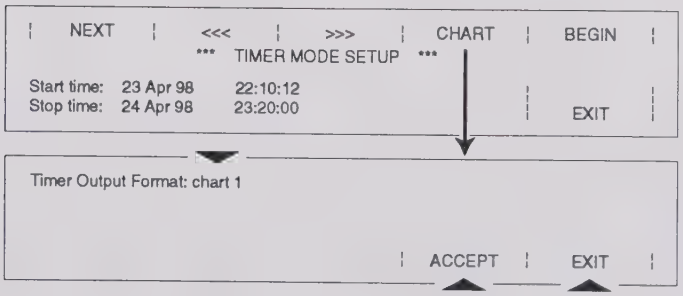
- When each element is selected, use the encoder wheel to specify the settings that you want.

7 Press the soft key above "CHART."

8 Use the encoder wheel to select the chart format that you want used during the timed recording.

- The "Chart=" field in the menu changes dynamically.

9 Press the soft key below "EXIT" after you have selected a chart format.

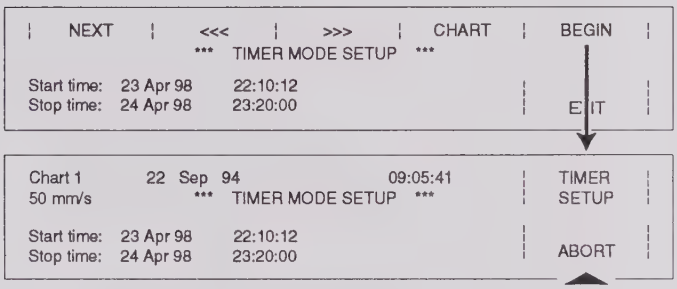


13.1

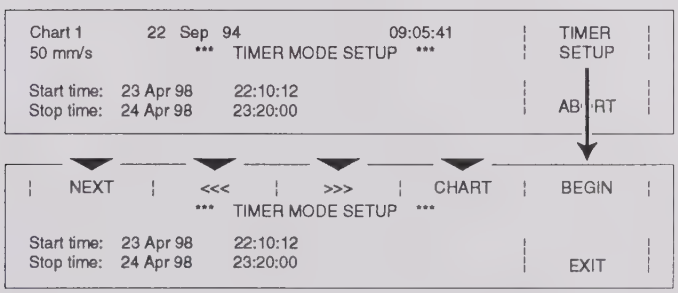
Setting up the TIMED START recording mode

10 Press the soft key above "BEGIN" to start the TIMER MODE.

11 Press the soft key below "ABORT" if you want to cancel the timed recording session and exit the timed mode.



12 Press the soft key above "TIMER SETUP" to return to the TIMER MODE setup menu to change any of the timed recording setups.



13.2

Starting immediate recording in the TIMED START mode

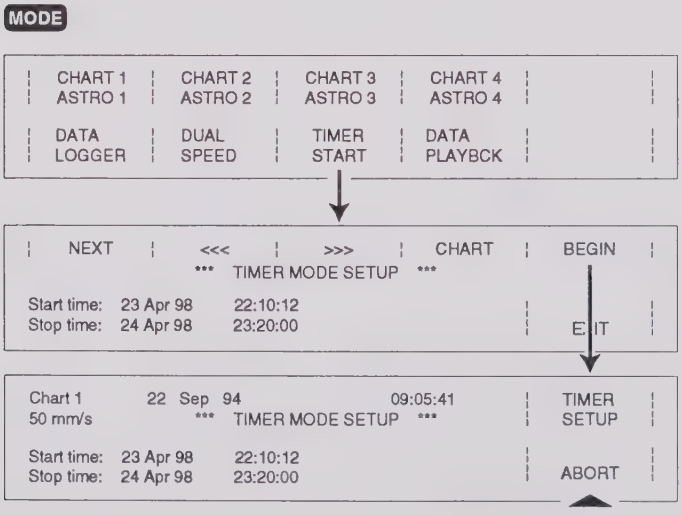
Use the procedure below to enter the recorder into timed operation using the same settings as the immediately previous timed-recording session.

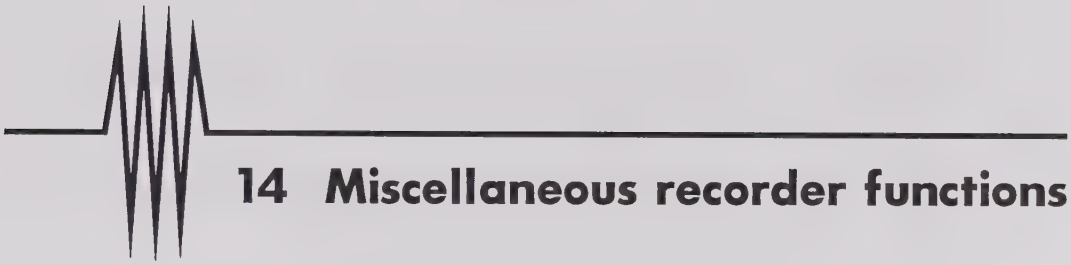
1 **Press the front-panel [MODE] key.**

2 **Press the soft key below "TIMER START."**

3 **Press the soft key above "BEGIN" to use the setup parameters of the last timed recording session and begin timed operation immediately.**

4 **Press the soft key below "ABORT" if you want to cancel the timed recording session and exit the timed mode.**





14 Miscellaneous recorder functions

14 Miscellaneous recorder functions

14-1

Miscellaneous recorder functions

This section discusses the use of the following miscellaneous DASH 10 front-panel keys:

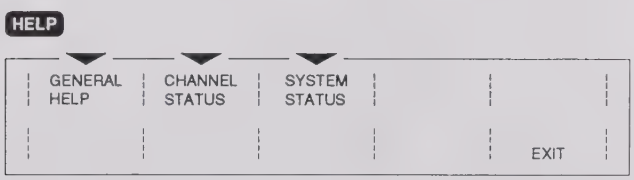
- [HELP] key.
- [EVNT] key.
- [RUN/HALT] key.
- [FEED] key.

14-2

Using the [HELP] key

When the front-panel [HELP] key is pressed, the menu that results provides the following selections:

- GENERAL HELP
- CHANNEL STATUS
- SYSTEM STATUS



- When the soft key above "GENERAL HELP" is pressed, the DASH 10 automatically prints a report called "An Overview of the Astro-Med DASH 10 Recorder." The overview provides concise discussions of the following aspects of operating the recorder and understanding its features:

  - quick method of operating the recorder.
  - using soft keys.
  - using the encoder wheel.

Using the [HELP] key

When the soft key above "GENERAL HELP" is pressed, the DASH 10 automatically prints a report called "An Overview of the Astro-Med DASH 10 Recorder." An example of a GENERAL HELP printout is given on the next page. The overview provides concise discussions of the following aspects of operating the recorder and understanding its features:

- quick method of operating the recorder.
- using soft keys.
- using the encoder wheel.
- controlling chart speed.
- understanding the real-time menu.
- using the [FREEZE DISPLAY] soft key.
- using the [DISPLAY TEXT] soft key.
- using the trilevel timing marks.
- using grids.
- using the built-in waveform monitor.
- using the floppy disk drive.
- selecting a chart format.
- using annotation.

14-2

Using the [HELP] key

An Overview of the Astro-Med DASH 10 Recorder

This recorder offers a wide range of recording capabilities with easy to use front panel control. The bright vacuum fluorescent displays provide clear menus which quickly guide the user through system operation with little or no prior training.

TO OPERATE THE RECORDER QUICKLY: Simply turn on the recorder and push the [RUN/HALT] key. This will cause the system to record realtime waveforms using a traditional recorder grid format.

SOFT KEYS: There are ten keys mounted directly around the displays. The function of these soft keys changes with the menu. When they are active a label will appear just below the key indicating its function.

ENCODER WHEEL: Some menus make use of the wheel (a large knob on the front panel) to change settings quickly.

CHART SPEED: A group of keys in the lower center of the panel controls chart speed. Dedicated keys provide a means for quickly setting common chart speeds. Non-standard speeds chan be set easily by pressing the [SPD] key and entering the desired speed using the knob. The three insta-speed keys [A], [B], and [C] can be programmed for any available speed using the same [SPD] menu.

REALTIME MENU: When the DASH 10 has been instructed to record realtime waveforms and/or events, it displays the Realtime Menu. The top line indicates the chart number, the time and date, the speed and the state of the recorder (usually RUNNING or HALTED).

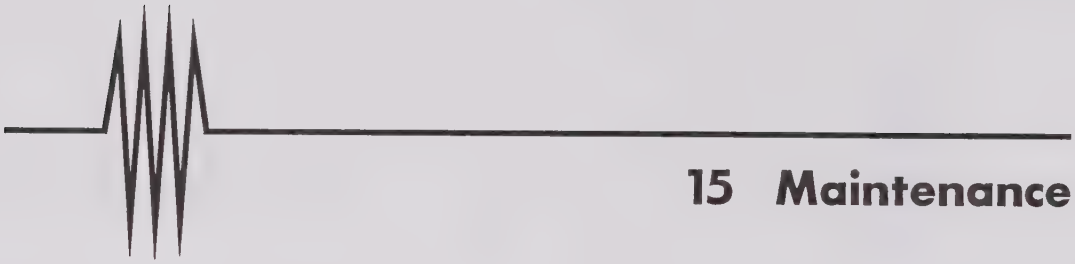
The [FREEZE DISPLAY] soft key will halt the waveform monitor without affecting the chart. When the display is frozen the key label changes to [RUN DISPLAY]. If pressed, the monitor begins operating again.

The [DISPLAY TEXT] softkey will clear the bottom two lines of text and allow the waveform data to use that remaining display area.

TIMER: The DASH 10 can record a tri-level time mark. The shortest mark is synchronized to an internal time reference. The medium mark occurs once for every ten short marks and the long mark occurs once for every 100 short marks. The short marks can be programmed to occur over a variety of rates from 0.1 seconds to 60 seconds. Tri-level mark s can be located on the left side of the chart, the right side of the chart, or on both sides.

GRIDS: Each waveform being recorded is associated with a grid. Grids can be custom made by choosing major or minor divisions. Grid divisions in the time axis are spaced on even millimeter boundaries. The user can elect to synchronize

15 Maintenance



15 Maintenance

15.1

Maintenance procedures

Maintenance of the DASH 10 is discussed in the following order:

- changing the recorder's fuses / operating voltage.
- cleaning the printhead.
- replacing or adjusting the printhead.
- replacing a battery pack.
- calibrating voltage plug-in modules.
- replacement parts.

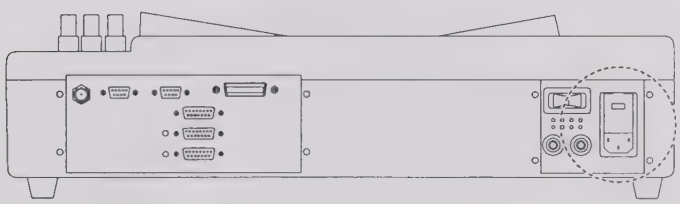
15.2

Changing the fuses / line-voltage setting

The line voltage of your DASH 10 has been factory set to your specifications and should not need adjustment. If you want to change the line voltage at which the recorder will operate, use the procedure below.

1 **Turn off the recorder, unplug it, and remove its power cord.**

2 **On the recorder's rear panel, locate the power input receptacle / voltage selection box.**

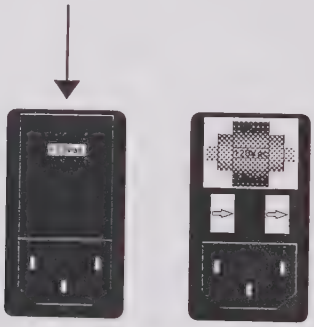


15.2

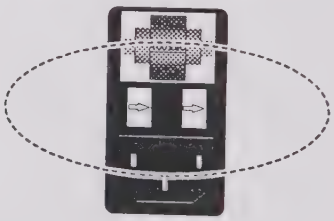
Changing the fuses / line-voltage setting

2 With a small flat-head screwdriver:

- open the fuse block/voltage selection box.
- this exposes the fuses and the voltage selection cylinder.



3 Locate the fuses just below the voltage selection cylinder.



4 To change the recorder's fuses:

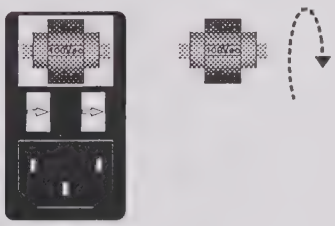
- remove the two fuse-holding fixtures from the block.
- replace both fuses with fuses appropriate to the voltage that will be powering the recorder:
  - two 1A 250V fuses for operation at 220 VAC.
  - two 2A 250V fuses for operation at 120VAC.

15.2

Changing the fuses / line-voltage setting

5 To change the recorder's line-voltage setting:

- remove the cylindrical voltage indicator from the voltage selection box.
- orient the indicator to match the operating voltage that you are selecting: 100VAC, 120VAC, 220VAC, or 240VAC.
- reinsert the voltage indicator.
- close the voltage selection box.



15.3

Cleaning the printhead

For best performance, the print elements of the DASH 10's printhead must be kept free of any debris or residue buildup. Cleaning the printhead refers to cleaning the hairline row of print elements that can be seen running across the bottom of the printhead.

15.3

Cleaning the printhead

Printheads must be cleaned on a regular basis according to the following schedule:

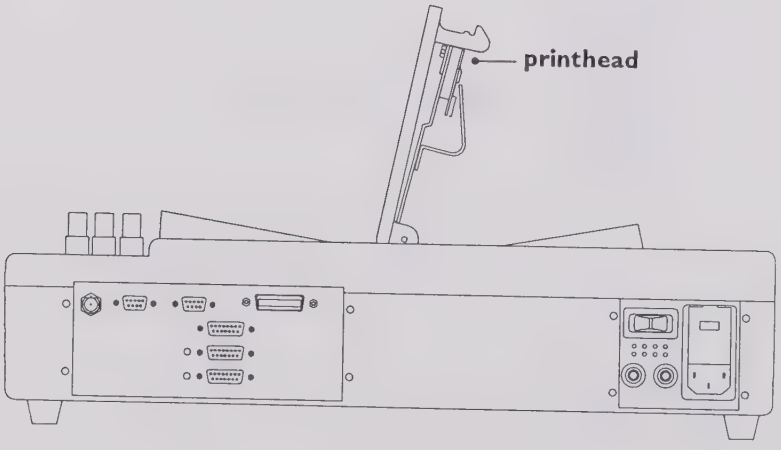
- If your application primarily trends to speeds slower than 5 mm/second, clean the printhead every time you load the recorder with a new roll of chart paper.
- If your application primarily trends to speeds higher than 5 mm/second, clean the printhead every ten rolls of chart paper.

Use the procedure below to clean the DASH 10's printhead.

1 **Turn off the DASH 10.**

2 **Press the paper-chamber door release to open the paper chamber door.**

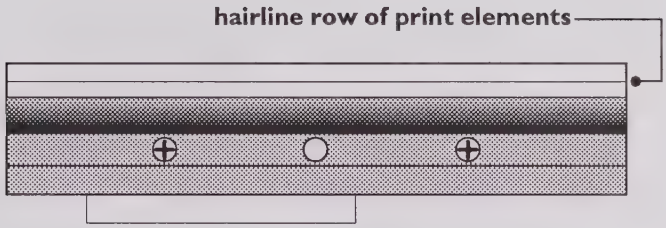
- **Note that the printhead is attached to the printhead plate mounted to the underside of the paper-chamber door.**



15.3

Cleaning the printhead

3 **Locate the hairline row of print elements on the printhead.**



4 **Wet a clean, lint-free cloth or cotton swab with isopropyl alcohol.**

5 **Run the cloth or swab beneath the printhead repeatedly as necessary to remove any residue that may be present.**

- **This complete's the printhead cleaning process.**

15.4

Replacing or adjusting the printhead

The DASH 10's printhead is attached to the printhead plate on the underside of the paper chamber door. The printhead is extremely reliable and would only require adjustment or replacement in rare instances.

Use the procedure below to replace or adjust the DASH 10's printhead.

1 **Turn off and unplug the DASH 10.**

2 **Press the paper-chamber door release to open the paper chamber door.**

3 **Locate the printhead plate and the printhead on the underside of the paper-chamber door.**

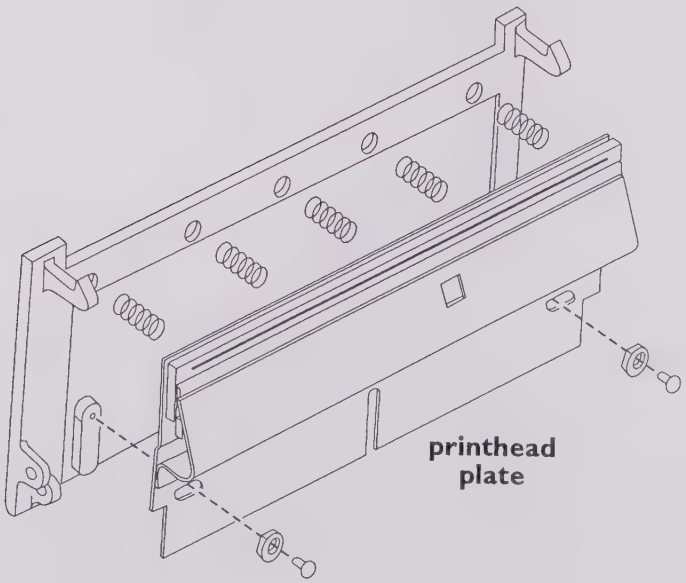
15.4

Replacing or adjusting the printhead

3 Locate the printhead plate and the printhead on the underside of the paper-chamber door (see page 17-40.

4 Remove the two Phillips-head screws and the eccentric nuts that secure the printhead plate with the attached printhead to the door.

- When the printhead plate is taken off, five printhead pressure springs are freed.
- Ensure that the screws, nuts, and springs are retained and set aside for later reuse in the reassembly process.
- To simplify the reassembly, keep the removed hardware within easy reach.



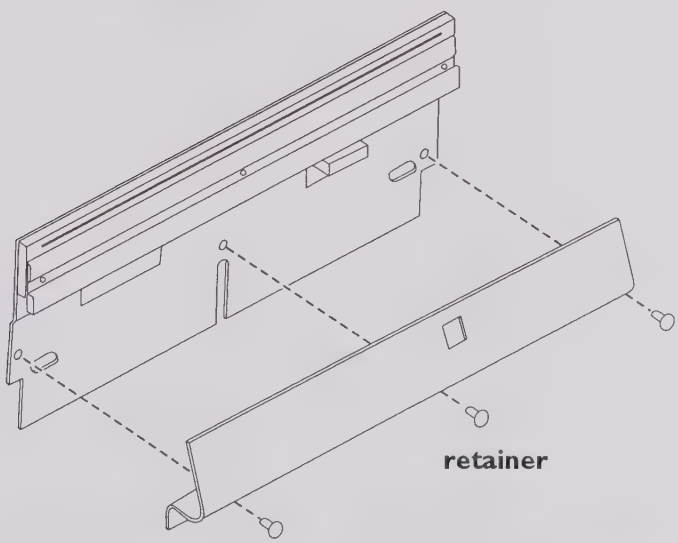
15.4

Replacing or adjusting the printhead

5 Completely detach the printhead plate by unplugging the ribbon cable that attaches to the printhead.

6 Remove the three Phillips-head screws and the associated washers that attach the printhead retainer to the printhead plate.

- Set the printhead retainer and its screws aside.

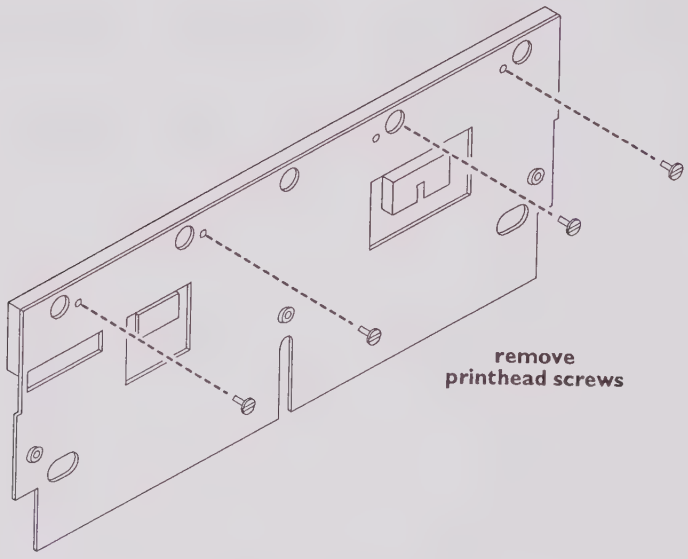


7 On the rear of the printhead plate, remove the four slot-headed screws and the associated washers that secure the printhead to the plate.

- See the illustration at the top of the next page.

15.4

Replacing or adjusting the printhead



8 Set the removed printhead aside.

9 Attach the replacement printhead to the printhead plate using the screws and washers removed in step 7.

10 Reattach the printhead retainer using the screws and washers removed in step 6.

11 Reattach the printhead ribbon cable to its receptacle on the printhead.

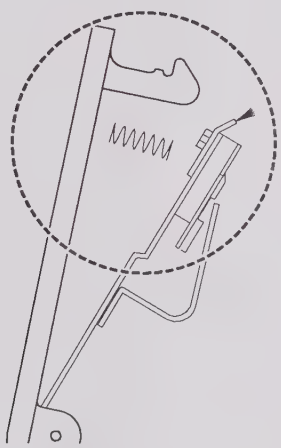
12 Position the printhead plate on the underside of the paper-chamber door.

15.4

Replacing or adjusting the printhead

13 Insert each of the three printhead springs between the rear of the printhead and the paper-chamber door.

- Recesses are provided for the springs on the rear of the printhead plate and the underside of the paper chamber door.
- A pair of needle-nosed pliers helps to simplify inserting the springs.



14 Hold the printhead plate in place against the underside of the paper chamber door keeping the springs under pressure.

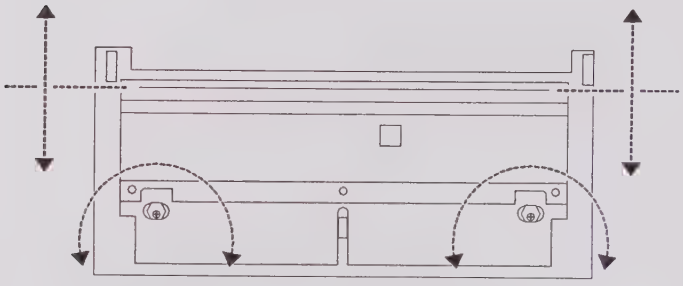
15 Insert and slightly tighten the two Phillips-head screws that secure the printhead plate to the paper-chamber door.

15.4

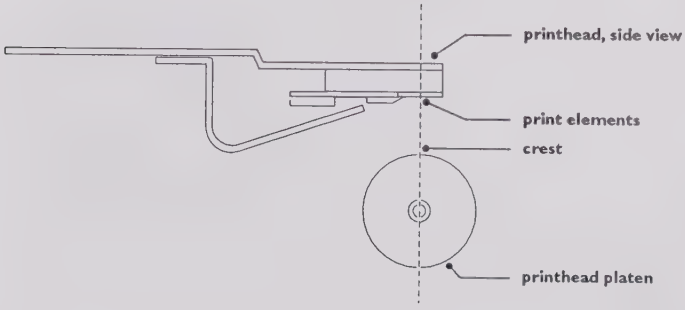
Replacing or adjusting the printhead

16 Horizontally align the thermal print elements of the new printhead with the crest of the printhead platen.

- Tighten or loosen the two Phillips-head screws and eccentric nuts that secure the printhead plate to the underside of the paper-chamber door.
- As the screws are adjusted, the movement of the eccentric nuts affects the alignment of the thermal printing elements.



- As shown below, "aligning the printhead" means horizontally adjusting the hairline row of print elements along the crest of the printhead platen.



15.5

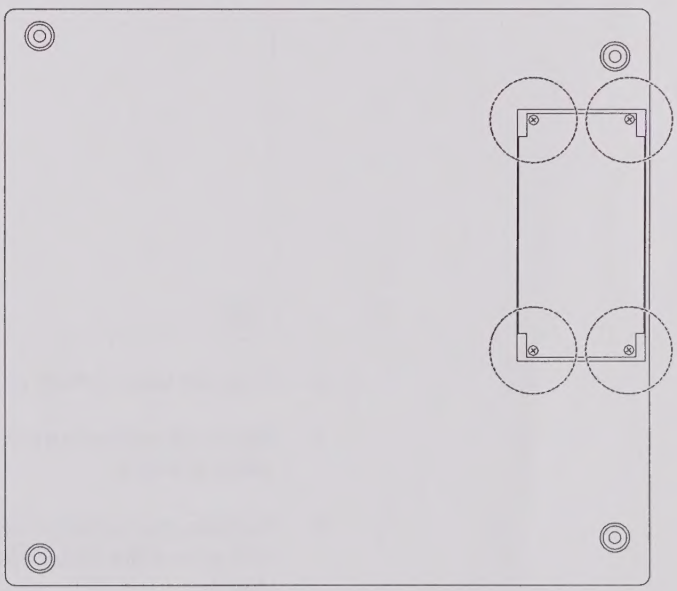
Replacing a battery pack

1 Turn off and unplug the DASH 10.

2 Turn the recorder bottom up.

3 Remove the four Phillips-head screws that secure the battery retaining plate.

- Set the screws and the retaining plate aside.



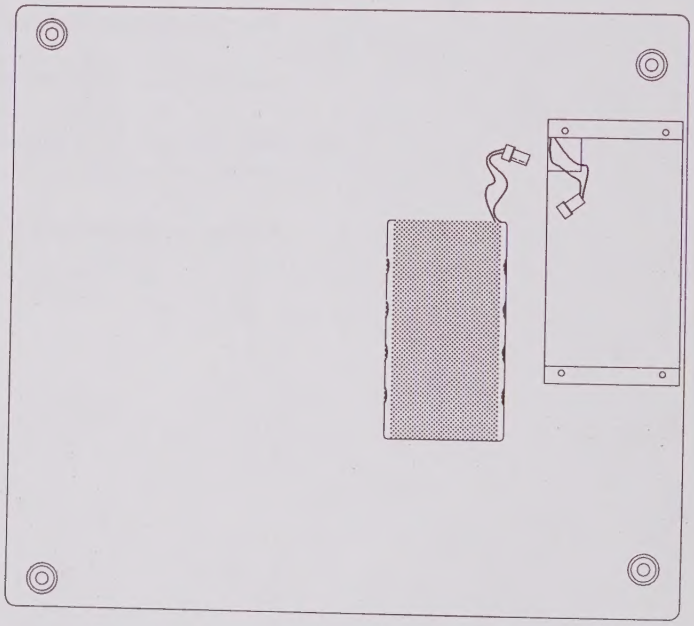
4 Remove the battery from the open compartment.

5 Unplug the connector that runs from the battery and attaches the battery to an internal harness.

- Set the old battery aside.
- See the illustration on the next page.

15.5

Replacing a battery pack



6 Plug the new battery pack into the battery connector.

7 Place the connected battery pack into the battery compartment.

8 Position the battery cover plate over the battery pack and secure the plate with the four screws removed in step 3.

■ This completes the battery replacement procedure.